# REPEAT SEQUENCES OF THE CA125 GENE AND THEIR USE FOR DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC INTERVENTIONS

# CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/284,175 filed April 17, 2001 and U.S. Provisional Application Serial No. 60/299,380 filed June 19, 2001, which are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

## **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates generally to the cloning, identification, and expression of multiple repeat sequences of the CA125 gene *in vitro* and, more specifically, to the use of recombinant CA125 with epitope binding sites for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes.

CA125 is an antigenic determinant located on the surface of ovarian carcinoma cells with essentially no expression in normal adult ovarian tissue. Elevated in the sera of patients with ovarian adenocarcinoma, CA125 has played a critical role for more than 15 years in the management of these patients relative to their response to therapy and also as an indicator of recurrent disease.

It is well established that CA125 is not uniquely expressed in ovarian carcinoma, but is also found in both normal secretory tissues and other carcinomas (i.e., pancreas, liver, colon) [Hardardottir H et al., Distribution of CA125 in embryonic tissue and adult derivatives of the fetal periderm, Am J Obstet. Gynecol. 163;6(1):1925-1931 (1990); Zurawski VR et al., Tissue distribution and characteristics of the CA125 antigen, Cancer Rev. 11-12:102-108 (1988); and O'Brien TJ et al., CA125 antigen in human amniotic fluid and fetal membranes, Am J Obstet Gynecol. 155:50-55, (1986); Nap M et al., Immunohistochemical characterization of 22 monoclonal antibodies against the CA125 antigen: 2nd report from the ISOBM TD-1 workshop, Tumor Biology 17:325-332 (1996)]. Notwithstanding, CA125 correlates directly with the disease status of affected patients (i.e., progression, regression, and no change), and has become the "gold standard" for monitoring patients with ovarian carcinoma [Bast RC et al., A radioimmunoassay using a monoclonal antibody to monitor the course of epithelial ovarian cancer, N Engl J Med. 309:883-887 (1983); and Bon GC et al., Serum tumor marker

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immunoassays in gynecologic oncology: Establishment of reference values, *Am J Obstet*. *Gynecol*. 174:107-114 (1996)]. CA125 is especially useful in post-menopausal patients where endometrial tissue has become atrophic and, as a result, is not a major source of normal circulating CA125.

During the mid 1980's, the inventor of the present invention and others developed M11, a monoclonal antibody to CA125. M11 binds to a dominant epitope on the repeat structure of the CA125 molecule [O'Brien TJ et al., New monoclonal antibodies identify the glycoprotein carrying the CA125 epitope, Am J Obstet Gynecol 165:1857-64 (1991)]. More recently, the inventor and others developed a purification and stabilization scheme for CA125, which allows for the accumulation of highly purified high molecular weight CA125 [O'Brien TJ et al., More than 15 years of CA125: What is known about the antigen, its structure and its function, Int J Biological Markers 13(4):188-195 (1998)].

Considerable progress has been made over the years to further characterize the CA125 molecule, its structure and its function. The CA125 molecule is a high molecular weight glycoprotein with a predominance of O-linked sugar side chains. The native molecule exists as a very large complex (~2-5 million daltons). The complex appears to be composed of an epitope containing CA125 molecule and binding proteins which carry no CA125 epitopes. The CA125 molecule is heterogenous in both size and charge, most likely due to continuous deglycosylation of the side chains during its life-span in bodily fluids. The core CA125 subunit is in excess of 200,000 daltons, and retains the capacity to bind both OC125 and M11 class antibodies. While the glycoprotein has been described biochemically and metabolically by the inventor of the present invention and others, no one has yet cloned the CA125 gene, which would provide the basis for understanding its structure and its physiologic role in both normal and malignant tissues.

Despite the advances in detection and quantitation of serum tumor markers like CA125, the majority of ovarian cancer patients are still diagnosed at an advanced stage of the disease-Stage III or IV. Further, the management of patients' responses to treatment and the detection of disease recurrence remain major problems. There, thus, remains a need to significantly improve and standardize current CA125 assay systems. Further, the development of an early indicator of risk of ovarian cancer will provide a useful tool for early diagnosis and improved prognosis.

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#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The CA125 gene has been cloned and multiple repeat sequences as well as the carboxy terminus have been identified. CA125 requires a transcript of more than 35,000 bases and occupies approximately 150,000 bp on chromosome 19q 13.2. The CA125 molecule comprises three major domains: an extracellular amino terminal domain (Domain 1); a large multiple repeat domain (Domain 2); and a carboxy terminal domain (Domain 3) which includes a transmembrane anchor with a short cytoplasmic domain. The amino terminal domain is assembled by combining five genomic exons, four very short amino terminal sequences and one extraordinarily large exon. This domain is dominated by its capacity for O-glycosylation and its resultant richness in serine and threonine residues.

The extracellular repeat domain, which characterizes the CA125 molecule, also represents a major portion of the CA125 molecular structure. It is downstream from the amino terminal domain and presents itself in a much different manner to its extracellular matrix neighbors. These repeats are characterized by many features including a highly-conserved nature and a uniformity in exon structure. But most consistently, a cysteine enclosed sequence may form a cysteine loop. Domain 2 comprises 156 amino acid repeat units of the CA125 molecule. The repeat domain constitutes the largest proportion of the CA125 molecule. The repeat units also include the epitopes now well-described and classified for both the major class of CA125 antibodies of the OC125 group and the M11 group. More than 60 repeat units have been identified, sequenced, and contiguously placed in the CA125 domain structure. The repeat sequences demonstrated 70-85% homology to each other. The existence of the repeat sequences was confirmed by expression of the recombinant protein in *E. coli* where both OC125/M11 class antibodies were found to bind to sites on the CA125 repeat.

The CA125 molecule is anchored at its carboxy terminal through a transmembrane domain and a short cytoplasmic tail. The carboxy terminal also contains a proteolytic cleavage site approximately 50 amino acids upstream from the transmembrane domain, which allows for proteolytic cleavage and release of the CA125 molecule.

The identification and sequencing of multiple repeat domains of the CA125 antigen provides potentially new clinical and therapeutic applications for detecting, monitoring and treating patients with ovarian cancer and other carcinomas where CA125 is expressed. For

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example, the ability to express repeat domains of CA125 with the appropriate epitopes would provide a much needed standard reagent for research and clinical applications. Current assays for CA125 utilize as standards either CA125 produced from cultured cell lines or from patient ascites fluid. Neither source is defined with regard to the quality or purity of the CA125 molecule. The present invention overcomes the disadvantages of current assays by providing multiple repeat domains of CA125 with epitope binding sites. At least one or more of any of the more than 60 repeats shown in Table 16 can be used as a "gold standard" for testing the presence of CA125. Furthermore, new and more specific assays may be developed utilizing recombinant products for antibody production.

Perhaps even more significantly, the multiple repeat domains of CA125 or other domains could also be used for the development of a potential vaccine for patients with ovarian cancer. In order to induce cellular and humoral immunity in humans to CA125, murine antibodies specific for CA125 were utilized in anticipation of patient production of anti-ideotypic antibodies, thus indirectly allowing the induction of an immune response to the CA125 molecule. With the availability of recombinant CA125, especially domains which encompass epitope binding sites for known murine antibodies, it will be feasible to more directly stimulate patients' immune systems to CA125 and, as a result, extend the life of ovarian carcinoma patients.

The recombinant CA125 of the present invention may also be used to develop therapeutic targets. Molecules like CA125, which are expressed on the surface of tumor cells, provide potential targets for immune stimulation, drug delivery, biological modifier delivery or any agent which can be specifically delivered to ultimately kill the tumor cells. Humanized or human antibodies to CA125 epitopes could be used to deliver all drug or toxic agents including radioactive agents to mediate direct killing of tumor cells. Natural ligands having a natural binding affinity for domains on the CA125 molecule could also be utilized to deliver therapeutic agents to tumor cells.

CA125 expression may further provide a survival or metastatic advantage to ovarian tumor cells. Antisense oligonucleotides derived from the CA125 repeat sequences could be used to down-regulate the expression of CA125. Further, antisense therapy could be used in association with a tumor cell delivery system of the type described above.

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Recombinant domains of the CA125 molecule also have the potential to identify small molecules, which bind to individual domains of the CA125 molecule. These small molecules could also be used as delivery agents or as biological modifiers.

In one aspect of the present invention, a CA125 molecule is disclosed comprising: (a) an extracellular amino terminal domain, comprising 5 genomic exons, wherein exon 1 comprises amino acids #1-33 of SEQ ID NO: 299, exon 2 comprises amino acids #34-1593 of SEQ ID NO: 299, exon 3 comprises amino acids #1594-1605 of SEQ ID NO: 299, exon 4 comprises amino acids #1606-1617 of SEQ ID NO: 299, and exon 5 comprises amino acids #1618-1637 of SEQ ID NO: 299; (b) a multiple repeat domain, wherein each repeat unit comprises 5 genomic exons, wherein exon 1 comprises amino acids #1-42 in any of SEQ ID NOS: 164 through 194; exon 2 comprises amino acids #43-65 in any of SEQ ID NOS: 195 through 221; exon 3 comprises amino acids #66-123 in any of SEQ ID NOS: 222 through 249; exon 4 comprises amino acids #124-135 in any of SEQ ID NOS: 250 through 277; and exon 5 comprises amino acids #136-156 in any of SEQ ID NOS: 278 through 298; and (c) a carboxy terminal domain comprising a transmembrane anchor with a short cytoplasmic domain, and further comprising 9 genomic exons, wherein exon 1 comprises amino acids #1-11 of SEQ ID NO: 300; exon 2 comprises amino acids #12-33 of SEQ ID NO: 300; exon 3 comprises amino acids #34-82 of SEQ ID NO: 300; exon 4 comprises amino acids #83-133 of SEQ ID NO: 300; exon 5 comprises amino acids #134-156 of SEQ ID NO: 300; exon 6 comprises amino acids #157-212 of SEQ ID NO: 300; exon 7 comprises amino acids #213-225 of SEQ ID NO: 300; exon 8 comprises amino acids #226-253 of SEQ ID NO: 300; and exon 9 comprises amino acids #254-284 of SEO ID NO: 300.

In another aspect of the present invention, the N-glycosylation sites of the amino terminal domain marked (x) in Figure 8B are encoded at positions #81, #271, #320, #624, #795, #834, #938, and #1,165 in SEQ ID NO: 299.

In another aspect of the present invention, the serine and threonine O-glycosylation pattern for the amino terminal domain is marked (o) in SEQ ID NO: 299 in Figure 8B.

In another aspect of the present invention, exon 2 in the repeat domain comprises at least 31 different copies; exon 2 comprises at least 27 different copies; exon 3 comprises at least 28 different copies; exon 4 comprises at least 28 different copies, and exon 5 comprises at least 21 different copies.

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In another aspect of the present invention, the repeat domain comprises 156 amino acid repeat units which comprise epitope binding sites. The epitope binding sites are located in the C-enclosure at amino acids #59-79 (marked C-C) in SEQ ID NO: 150 in Figure 5.

In another aspect, the 156 amino acid repeat unit comprises O-glycosylation sites at positions #128, #129, #132, #133, #134, #135, #139, #145, #146, #148, #150, #151, and #156 in SEQ ID NO: 150 in Figure 5C. The 156 amino acid repeat unit further comprises N-glycosylation sites at positions #33 and #49 in SEQ ID NO: 150 in Figure 5C. The repeat unit also includes at least one conserved methionine (designated M) at position #24 in SEQ ID NO: 150 in Figure 5C.

In yet another aspect, the transmembrane domain of the carboxy terminal domain is located at positions #230-252 (underlined) in SEQ ID NO: 300 of Figure 9B. The cytoplasmic domain of the carboxy terminal domain comprises a highly basic sequence adjacent to the transmembrane at positions #256-260 in SEQ ID NO: 300 of Figure 9B, serine and threonine phosporylation sites at positions #254, #255, and #276 in SEQ ID NO: 300 in Figure 9B, and tyrosine phosphorylation sites at positions #264, #273, and #274 in SEQ ID NO: 300 of Figure 9B.

In another aspect of the present invention, an isolated nucleic acid of the CA125 gene is disclosed, which comprises a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 49, 67, 81, 83-145, 147, 150, and 152; (b) a nucleotide sequence having at least 70% sequence identity to any one of the sequences in (a); (c) a degenerate variant of any one of (a) to (b); and (d) a fragment of any one of (a) to (c).

In another aspect of the present invention, an isolated nucleic acid of the CA125 gene, comprising a sequence that encodes a polypeptide with the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) the amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 11-47, 50-80, 82, 146, 148, 149, 151, and 153-158; (b) an amino acid sequence having at least 50% sequence identity to any one of the sequences in (a); (c) a conservative variant of any one of (a) to (b); and (d) a fragment of any one of (a) to (c).

In yet another aspect, a vector comprising the nucleic acid of the CA125 gene is disclosed. The vector may be a cloning vector, a shuttle vector, or an expression vector. A cultured cell comprising the vector is also disclosed.

In yet another aspect, a method of expressing CA125 antigen in a cell is disclosed, comprising the steps of: (a) providing at least one nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (i) the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 49, 67, 81, 83-145,

147, 150, and 152; (ii) a nucleotide sequence having at least 70% sequence identity to any one of the sequences in (i); (iii) a degenerate variant of any one of (i) to (ii); and (iv) a fragment of any one of (i) to (iii); (b) providing cells comprising an mRNA encoding the CA125 antigen; and (c) introducing the nucleic acid into the cells, wherein the CA125 antigen is expressed in the cells.

In yet another aspect, a purified polypeptide of the CA125 gene, comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) the amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 11-48, 50, 68-80, 82, 146, 148, 149, 150, 151, and 153-158; (b) an amino acid sequence having at least 50% sequence identity to any one of the sequences in (a); (c) a conservative variant of any one of (a) to (b); and (d) a fragment of any one of (a) to (c).

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In another aspect, a purified antibody that selectively binds to an epitope in the receptor-binding domain of CA125 protein, wherein the epitope is within the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) the amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 11-48, 50, 68-80, 146, 151, and 153-158; (b) an amino acid sequence having at least 50% sequence identity to any one of the sequences in (a); (c) a conservative variant of any one of (a) to (b); and (d) a fragment of any one of (a) to (c).

A diagnostic for detecting and monitoring the presence of CA125 antigen is also disclosed, which comprises recombinant CA125 comprising at least one repeat unit of the CA125 repeat domain including epitope binding sites selected from the group consisting of amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 11-48, 50, 68-80, 82, 146, 150, 151, 153-161, and 162 (amino acids #1,643-11,438).

A therapeutic vaccine to treat mammals with elevated CA125 antigen levels or at risk of developing a disease or disease recurrence associated with elevated CA125 antigen levels is also disclosed. The vaccine comprises recombinant CA125 repeat domains including epitope binding sites, wherein the repeat domains are selected from the group of amino acid sequences consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 11-48, 50, 68-80, 82, 146, 148, 149, 150, 151, 153-161, and 162 (amino acids #1,643-11,438), and amino acids #175-284 of SEQ ID NO: 300. Mammals include animals and humans.

In another aspect of the present invention, an antisense oligonucleotide is disclosed that inhibits the expression of CA 125 encloded by: (a) the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOS: 49, 67, 81, 83-145, 147, 150, and 152; (b) a nucleotide sequence having at least 70% sequence identity to any one of the sequences in (a); (c) a degenerate variant of any one of (a) to (b); and (d) a fragment of any one of (a) to (c).

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The preceding and further aspects of the present invention will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art from the following description of the presently preferred embodiments of the invention, such description being merely illustrative of the present invention.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 illustrates the cyanogen bromide digested products of CA125 on Western blot probed with M11 and OC125 antibodies. Table 1 shows the amino acid sequence derived from the amino terminal end of the 40 kDa cyanogen bromide peptide along with internal sequences obtained after protease digestion of the 40 kDa fragment (SEQ ID NOS: 1-4). SEQ ID NO: 1 is the amino terminal sequence derived of the 40 kDa peptide and SEQ ID NOS: 2, 3, and 4 reflect internal amino acid sequences derived from peptides after protease digestion of the 40 kDa fragment. Table 1 further provides a translation of the EST (BE005912) with homologous sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 5 and 6) either boxed or underlined. Protease cleavage sites are indicated by arrows.

Figure 2A illustrates PCR amplification of products generated from primers utilizing the EST sequence referred to in Figure 1, the amino acid sequence obtained from the 40 kDa fragment and EST sequence AA# 640762. Lane 1-2: normal; 3: serous ovarian carcinoma; 4: serous ovarian carcinoma; 5: mucinous ovarian carcinoma; 6: β-tubulin control. The anticipated size band 400 b is present in lane 3 and less abundantly in lane 4.

Figure 2B illustrates the RT-PCR that was performed to determine the presence or absence of CA125 transcripts in primary culture cells of ovarian tumors. This expression was compared to tubulin expression as an internal control. Lanes 1, 3, 5, 7, and 9 represent the primary ovarian tumor cell lines. Lanes 2, 4, 6, and 8 represent peripheral blood mononuclear cell lines derived from the corresponding patients in lanes 1, 3, 5, and 7. Lane 10 represents fibroblasts from the patient tumor in lane 9. Lanes 11 and 12 are CaOV3 and a primary tumor specimen, respectively.

Figure 3 illustrates repeat sequences determined by sequencing cloned cDNA from the 400 b band in Figure 2B. Placing of repeat sequences in a contiguous fashion was accomplished by PCR amplification and sequencing of overlap areas between two repeat sequences. A sample of the complete repeat sequences is shown in SEQ ID NOS: 158, 159, 160, and 161, which was obtained in this manner and placed next to each other based on overlap sequences. The complete list of repeat sequences that was obtained is shown in Table 21 (SEQ ID NO: 162).

Figure 4 illustrates three Western immunoblot patterns: Panel A = probed with M11, Panel B = probed with OC125 and Panel C = probed with antibody ISOBM 9.2. Each panel represents *E. coli* extracts as follows: lane 1 = *E. coli* extract from bacteria with the plasmid PQE-30 only. Lane 2 = *E. coli* extract from bacteria with the plasmid PQE-30 which includes the CA125 repeat unit. Lane 3 = *E. coli* extract from bacteria with the plasmid PQE-30 which includes the TADG-14 protease unrelated to CA125. Panel D shows a Coomassie blue stain of a PAGE gel of *E. coli* extract derived from either PQE-30 alone or from bacteria infected with PQE-30 - CA125 repeat (recombinant CA125 repeat).

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Figure 5 represents Western blots of the CA125 repeat sequence that were generated to determine the position of the M11 epitope within the recombinant CA125 repeat. The expressed protein was bound to Ni-NTA agarose beads. The protein was left undigested or digested with Asp-N or Lys-C. The protein remaining bound to the beads was loaded into lanes 1, 2, or 3 corresponding to undigested, Asp-N digested and Lys-C digested, respectively. The supernatants from the digestions were loaded in lanes 4, 5, and 6 corresponding to undigested, Asp-N digested and Lys-C digested, respectively. The blots were probed with either anti-His tag antibody (A) or M11 antibody (B). Panel C shows a typical repeat sequence corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 150 with each exon defined by arrows. All proteolytic aspartic acid and lysine sites are marked with overhead arrow or dashes. In the lower panel, the O-glycosylation sites in exons 4 and 5 are marked with O, the N-glycosylation sites are marked with X plus the amino acid number in the repeat (#12, 33, and 49) the conserved methionine is designated with M plus the amino acid number (M#24), and the cysteine enclosure which is also present in all repeats and encompasses 19 amino acids between the cysteines is marked with C-C (amino acids #59-79). The epitopes for M11 and OC125 are located in the latter part of the C-enclosure or downstream from the Cenclosure.

Figure 6 illustrates a Northern blot analysis of RNA derived from either normal ovary (N) or ovarian carcinoma (T) probed with a P<sup>32</sup> cDNA repeat sequence of CA125. Total RNA samples (10µg) were size separated by electrophoresis on a formaldehyde 1.2% agarose gel. After blotting to Hybond N, the lanes were probed with P<sup>32</sup> radiolabelled 400 bp repeat (see Figure 2). Lane 1 represents RNA from normal ovarian tissue, and lane 2 represents RNA from serous ovarian tumor tissue.

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Figure 7A is a schematic diagram of a typical repeat unit for CA125 showing the N-glycosylation sites at the amino end and the totally conserved methionine (M). Also shown is the proposed cysteine enclosed loop with antibody binding sites for OC125 and M11. Also noted are the highly O-glycosylated residues at the carboxy end of the repeat.

Figure 7B represents the genomic structure and exon configuration of a 156 amino acid repeat sequence of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 163), which comprises a standard repeat unit.

Figure 7C lists the individual known sequences for each exon, which have been determined as follows: Exon 1 – SEQ ID NOS: 164-194; Exon 2 – SEQ ID NOS: 195-221; Exon 3 – SEQ ID NOS: 222-249; Exon 4 – SEQ ID NOS: 250-277; and Exon 5 – SEQ ID NOS: 278-298.

Figure 8A shows the genomic structure of the amino terminal end of the CA125 gene. It also indicates the amino composition of each exon in the extracellular domain.

Figure 8B illustrates the amino acid composition of the amino terminal domain (SEQ ID NO: 299) with each potential O-glycosylation site marked with a superscript (o) and N-glycosylation sites marked with a superscript (x). T-TALK sequences are underlined.

Figure 9A illustrates the genomic exon structure of the carboxy-terminal domain of the CA125 gene. It includes a diagram showing the extracellular portion, the potential cleavage site, the transmembrane domain and the cytoplasmic tail.

Figure 9B illustrates the amino acid composition of the carboxy terminal domain (SEQ ID NO: 300) including the exon boundaries, O-glycosylation sites (o), and N-glycosylation sites (x). The proposed transmembrane domain is underlined.

Figure 10 illustrates the proposed structure of the CA125 molecule based on the open reading frame sequence described herein. As shown, the molecule is dominated by a major repeat domain in the extracellular space along with a highly glycosylated amino terminal repeat. The molecule is anchored by a transmembrane domain and also includes a cytoplasmic tail with potential for phosphorylation.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the present invention, conventional molecular biology, microbiology, and recombinant DNA techniques may be used that will be apparent to those skilled in the relevant art. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature (see, e.g., Maniatis, Fritsch & Sambrook, "Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (1982); "DNA Cloning: A Practical

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Approach," Volumes I and II (D. N. Glover ed. 1985); "Oligonucleotide Synthesis" (M. J. Gait ed. 1984); "Nucleic Acid Hybridization" (B. D. Hames & S. J. Higgins eds. (1985)); "Transcription and Translation" (B. D. Hames & S. J. Higgins eds. (1984)); "Animal Cell Culture" (R. I. Freshney, ed. (1986)); "Immobilized Cells And Enzymes" (IRL Press, (1986)); and B. Perbal, "A Practical Guide To Molecular Cloning" (1984)).

Therefore, if appearing herein, the following terms shall have the definitions set out below.

A "vector" is a replicon, such as plasmid, phage or cosmid, to which another DNA segment may be attached so as to bring about the replication of the attached segment.

A "DNA molecule" refers to the polymeric form of deoxyribonucleotides (adenine, guanine, thymine, or cytosine) in either single stranded form, or a double-stranded helix. This term refers only to the primary and secondary structure of the molecule, and does not limit it to any particular tertiary forms. Thus, this term includes double-stranded DNA found, inter alia, in linear DNA molecules (e.g., restriction fragments), viruses, plasmids, and chromosomes.

As used herein, the term "gene" shall mean a region of DNA encoding a polypeptide chain.

"Messenger RNA" or "mRNA" shall mean an RNA molecule that encodes for one or more polypeptides.

"DNA polymerase" shall mean an enzyme which catalyzes the polymerization of deoxyribonucleotide triphosphates to make DNA chains using a DNA template.

"Reverse transcriptase" shall mean an enzyme which catalyzes the polymerization of deoxy- or ribonucleotide triphosphates to make DNA or RNA chains using an RNA or DNA template.

"Complementary DNA" or "cDNA" shall mean the DNA molecule synthesized by polymerization of deoxyribonucleotides by an enzyme with reverse transcriptase activity.

An "isolated nucleic acid" is a nucleic acid the structure of which is not identical to that of any naturally occurring nucleic acid or to that of any fragment of a naturally occurring genomic nucleic acid spanning more than three separate genes. The term therefore covers, for example, (a) a DNA which has the sequence of part of a naturally occurring genomic DNA molecule but is not flanked by both of the coding sequences that flank that part of the molecule in the genome of

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the organism in which it naturally occurs; (b) a nucleic acid incorporated into a vector or into the genomic DNA of a prokaryote or eukaryote in a manner such that the resulting molecule is not identical to any naturally occurring vector or genomic DNA; (c) a separate molecule such as a cDNA, a genomic fragment, a fragment produced by polymerase chain reaction (PCR), or a restriction fragment; and (d) a recombinant nucleotide sequence that is part of a hybrid gene, i.e., a gene encoding a fusion protein.

"Oligonucleotide", as used herein in referring to the probes or primers of the present invention, is defined as a molecule comprised of two or more deoxy- or ribonucleotides, preferably more than ten. Its exact size will depend upon many factors which, in turn, depend upon the ultimate function and use of the oligonucleotide.

"DNA fragment" includes polynucleotides and/or oligonucleotides and refers to a plurality of joined nucleotide units formed from naturally-occurring bases and cyclofuranosyl groups joined by native phosphodiester bonds. This term effectively refers to naturally-occurring species or synthetic species formed from naturally-occurring subunits. "DNA fragment" also refers to purine and pyrimidine groups and moieties which function similarly but which have non naturally-occurring portions. Thus, DNA fragments may have altered sugar moieties or intersugar linkages. Exemplary among these are the phosphorothioate and other sulfur containing species. They may also contain altered base units or other modifications, provided that biological activity is retained. DNA fragments may also include species which include at least some modified base forms. Thus, purines and pyrimidines other than those normally found in nature may be so employed. Similarly, modifications on the cyclofuranose portions of the nucleotide subunits may also occur as long as biological function is not eliminated by such modifications.

"Primer" shall refer to an oligonucleotide, whether occurring naturally or produced synthetically, which is capable of acting as a point of initiation of synthesis when placed under conditions in which synthesis of a primer extension product, which is complementary to a nucleic acid strand, is induced, i.e., in the presence of nucleotides and an inducing agent such as a DNA polymerase and at a suitable temperature and pH. The primer may be either single-stranded or double-stranded and must be sufficiently long to prime the synthesis of the desired extension product in the presence of the inducing agent. The exact length of the primer will depend upon many factors, including temperature, the source of primer and the method used. For example, for

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diagnostic applications, depending on the complexity of the target sequence, the oligonucleotide primer typically contains 10-25 or more nucleotides, although it may contain fewer nucleotides.

The primers herein are selected to be "substantially" complementary to different strands of a particular target DNA sequence. This means that the primers must be sufficiently complementary to hybridize with their respective strands. Therefore, the primer sequence need not reflect the exact sequence of the template. For example, a non-complementary nucleotide fragment may be attached to the 5' end of the primer, with the remainder of the primer sequence being complementary to the strand. Alternatively, non-complementary bases or longer sequences can be interspersed into the primer, provided that the primer sequence has sufficient complementarity with the sequence or hybridize therewith and thereby form the template for the synthesis of the extension product.

As used herein, the term "hybridization" refers generally to a technique wherein denatured RNA or DNA is combined with complementary nucleic acid sequence which is either free in solution or bound to a solid phase. As recognized by one skilled in the art, complete complementarity between the two nucleic acid sequences is not a pre-requisite for hybridization to occur. The technique is ubiquitous in molecular genetics and its use centers around the identification of particular DNA or RNA sequences within complex mixtures of nucleic acids.

As used herein, "restriction endonucleases" and "restriction enzymes" shall refer to bacterial enzymes which cut double-stranded DNA at or near a specific nucleotide sequence.

"Purified polypeptide" refers to any peptide generated from CA125 either by proteolytic cleavage or chemical cleavage.

"Degenerate variant" refers to any amino acid variation in the repeat sequence, which fulfills the homology exon structure and conserved sequences and is recognized by the M11, OC125 and ISOBM series of antibodies.

"Fragment" refers to any part of the CA125 molecule identified in a purification scheme. "Conservative variant antibody" shall mean any antibody that fulfills the criteria of M11, OC125 or any of the ISOBM antibody series.

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# MATERIALS AND METHODS

# A. Tissue collection, RNA Isolation and cDNA Synthesis

Both normal and ovarian tumor tissues were utilized for cDNA preparation. Tissues were routinely collected and stored at -80°C according to a tissue collection protocol.

Total RNA isolation was performed according to the manufacturer's instructions using the TriZol Reagent purchased from GibcoBRL (Catalog #15596-018). In some instances, mRNA was isolated using oligo dT affinity chromatography. The amount of RNA recovered was quantitated by UV spectrophotometry. First strand complementary DNA (cDNA) was synthesized using 5.0 μg of RNA and random hexamer primers according to the manufacturer's protocol utilizing a first strand synthesis kit obtained from Clontech (Catalog #K1402-1). The purity of the cDNA was evaluated by PCR using primers specific for the β-tubulin gene. These primers span an intron such that the PCR products generated from pure cDNA can be distinguished from cDNA contaminated with genomic DNA.

# B. Identification and Ordering of CA125 Repeat Units

It has been demonstrated that the 2-5 million dalton CA125 glycoprotein (with repeat domains) can be chemically segmented into glycopeptide fragments using cyanogen bromide. As shown in Figure 1, several of these fragments, in particular the 40 kDa and 60 kDa fragments, still bind to the to the two classical antibody groups defined by OC 125 and M11.

To convert CA125 into a consistent glycopeptide, the CA125 parent molecule was processed by cyanogen bromide digestion. This cleavage process resulted in two main fractions on commassie blue staining following polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. An approximately 60 kDa band and a more dominant 40 kDa band were identified as shown in Figure 1. When a Western blot of these bands was probed with either OC125 or M11 antibodies (both of which define the CA125 molecule), these bands bound both antibodies. The 40 kDa band was significantly more prominent than the 60 kDa band. These data thus established the likelihood of these bands (most especially the 40 kDa band) as being an authentic cleavage peptide of the CA125 molecule, which retained the identifying characteristic of OC125 and M11 binding.

The 40 kDa and 60 kDa bands were excised from PVDF blots and submitted to amino terminal and internal peptide amino acid sequencing as described and practiced by Harvard Sequencing, (Harvard Microchemistry Facility and The Biological Laboratories, 16 Divinity

Avenue, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138). Sequencing was successful only for the 40 kDa band where both amino terminal sequences and some internal sequences were obtained as shown in Table 1 at SEQ ID NOS: 1-4. The 40 kDa fragment of the CA125 protein was found to have homology to two translated EST sequences (GenBank Accession Nos. BE005912 and AA640762). Visual examination of these translated sequences revealed similar amino acid regions, indicating a possible repetitive domain. The nucleotide and amino acid sequences for EST Genbank Accession No. BE005912 (corresponding to SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 6, respectively) are illustrated in Table 1. Common sequences are boxed or underlined.

In an attempt to identify other individual members of this proposed repeat family, two oligonucleotide primers were synthesized based upon regions of homology in these EST sequences. Shown in Table 2A, the primer sequences correspond to SEQ ID NOS: 7 and 8 (sense primers) and SEQ ID NOS: 9 and 10 (antisense primers). Repeat sequences were amplified in accordance with the methods disclosed in the following references: Shigemasa K *et al.*, p21: A monitor of p53 dysfunction in ovarian neoplasia, *Int. J. Gynecol. Cancer* 7:296-303 (1997) and Shigemasa K *et al.*, p16 Overexpression: A potential early indicator of transformation in ovarian carcinoma, *J. Soc. Gynecol. Invest.* 4:95-102 (1997). Ovarian tumor cDNA obtained from a tumor cDNA bank was used.

Amplification was accomplished in a Thermal Cycler (Perkin-Elmer Cetus). The reaction mixture consisted of 1U Taq DNA Polymerase in storage buffer A (Promega), 1X Thermophilic DNA Polymerase 10X Mg free buffer (Promega), 300mM dNTPs, 2.5mM MgCl2, and 0.25mM each of the sense and antisense primers for the target gene. A 20 μl reaction included 1 μl of cDNA synthesized from 50ng of mRNA from serous tumor mRNA as the template. PCR reactions required an initial denaturation step at 94°C/1.5 min. followed by 35 cycles of 94°C/0.5 min., 48°C/0.5 min., 72°C/0.5 min. with a final extension at 72°C/7 min. Three bands were initially identified (»400 bp, »800 bp, and »1200 bp) and isolated. After size analysis by agarose gel electrophoresis, these bands as well as any other products of interest were then ligated into a T-vector plasmid (Promega) and transformed into competent DH5α strain of *E. coli* cells. After growth on selective media, individual colonies were cultured overnight at 37°C, and plasmid DNA was extracted using the QIAprep Spin Miniprep kit (Qiagen). Positive clones were identified by restriction digests using *Apa* I and *Sac* I. Inserts were sequenced using an ABI

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automatic sequencer, Model 377, T7 primers, and a Big Dye Terminator Cycle Sequencing Kit (Applied Biosystems).

Obtained sequences were analyzed using the Pileup program of the Wisconsin Genetic's Computer Group (GCG). Repeat units were ordered using primers designed against two highly conserved regions within the nucleotide sequence of these identified repeat units. Shown in Table 2B, the sense and antisense primers (5'-GTCTCTATGTCAATGGTTTCACCC-3' / 5'-TAGCTGCTCTGTCCAGTCC-3' SEQ ID NOS: 301 and 302, respectively) faced away from one another within any one repeat creating an overlap sequence, thus enabling amplification across the junction of any two repeat units. PCR reactions, cloning, sequencing, and analysis were performed as described above.

#### C. Identification and Assembly of the CA125 Amino Terminal Domain

CCAGCACAGCTCTTCCCAGGAC-3' / 5'-GGAATGGCTGAGCTGACGTCTG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 53 and SEQ ID NO: 54); Set 2: 5'-CTTCCCAGGACAACCTCAAGG-3' / 5'-GCAGGATGAGTGAGCCACGTG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 55 and SEQ ID NO: 56); Set 3: 5'-GTCAGATCTGGTGACCTCACTG-3' / 5'-GAGGCACTGGAAAGCCCAGAG-3') (SEQ ID NO: 57 and SEQ ID NO: 58). Potential adjoining sequence (contig #7 containing EST AU133673) was also identified using contig #32 sequence as query sequence in database searches. Confirmation

primers were designed and used in a typical manner (5'-CTGATGGCATTATGGAACACATCAC-3' / 5'-CCCAGAACGAGAGCCAGTGAG-3')(SEQ ID NO: 59 and SEQ ID NO: 60).

In order to identify the 5' end of the CA125 sequence, 5' Rapid Amplification of cDNA Ends (FirstChoice<sup>TM</sup> RLM-RACE Kit, Ambion) was performed using tumor cDNA. The primary PCR reaction used a sense primer supplied by Ambion (5'-GCTGATGGCGATGAATGAACACTG-3') (SEQ ID NO: 61) and an anti-sense primer specific to confirmed contig #32 sequence (5'-CCCAGAACGAGAGACCAGTGAG-3')(SEQ ID NO: 62). The secondary PCR was then performed using nested primers, sense from Ambion (5'-CGCGGATCCGAACACTGCGTTTGCTGGCTTTGATG-3') (SEQ ID NO: 63) and the anti-sense was specific to confirmed contig #7 sequence (5'-CCTCTGTGTGCTGCTTCATTGGG-3')(SEQ ID NO: 64). The RACE PCR product (a band of approximately 300 bp) was cloned and sequenced as previously described.

# D. Identification and Assembly of the CA125 Carboxy Terminal Domain

Database searches using confirmed repeat units as query also identified a cDNA sequence (GenBank AK024365) containing other repeat units, but also a potential carboxy terminal sequence. The contiguous nature of this sequence with assembled CA125 was confirmed using PCR (5'-GGACAAGGTCACCACACTCTAC-3' / 5'-GCAGATCCTCCAGGTCTAGGTGTG-3'), (SEQ ID NO: 303 and SEQ ID NO: 304, respectively) as well as contig and EST analysis.

## E. Expression of 6xHis-tagged CA125 repeat in E. coli

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The open reading frame of a CA125 repeat shown in Table 11 was amplified by PCR with the sense primer (5'-ACCGGATCCATGGGCCACACAGAGCCTGGCCC-3') (SEQ ID NO: 65) the antisense primer (5'-TGTAAGCTTAGGCAGGGAGGATGGAGTCC-3') (SEQ ID NO: 66) PCR was performed in a reaction mixture consisting of ovarian tumor cDNA derived from 50 ng of mRNA, 5 pmol each of sense and antisense primers for the CA125 repeat, 0.2 mmol of dNTPs, and 0.625 U of Taq polymerase in 1x buffer in a final volume of 25 ml. This mixture was subjected to 1 minute of denaturation at 95°C followed by 30 cycles of PCR consisting of the following: denaturation for 30 seconds at 95°C, 30 seconds of annealing at 62°C, and 1 minute of extension at 72°C with an additional 7 minutes of extension on the last cycle. The product was electrophoresed through a 2% agarose gel for separation. The PCR product was purified and digested with the restriction enzymes *Bam HI* and *Hind III*. This digested PCR product was then ligated into the expression vector pQE-30, which had also been digested with *Bam HI* and *Hind III*. This clone

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would allow for expression of recombinant 6xHis-tagged CA125 repeat. Transformed *E. coli* (JM109) were grown to an OD600 of 1.5-2.0 at 37°C and then induced with IPTG (0.1 mM) for 4-6 hours at 25°C to produce recombinant protein. Whole *E. coli* lysate was electrophoresed through a 12% SDS polyacrylamide gel and Coomassie stained to detect highly expressed proteins.

#### F. Western Blot Analysis

Proteins were separated on a 12% SDS-PAGE gel and electroblotted at 100V for 40 minutes at 4°C to nitrocellulose membrane. Blots were blocked overnight in phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) pH 7.3 containing 5% non-fat milk. CA125 antibodies M11, OC125, or ISOBM 9.2 were incubated with the membrane at a dilution of 5µg/ml in 5% milk/PBS-T (PBS plus 0.1% TX-100) and incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The blot was washed for 30 minutes with several changes of PBS and incubated with a 1:10,000 dilution of horseradish peroxidase (HRP) conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG antibody (Bio-Rad) for 1 hour at room temperature. Blots were washed for 30 minutes with several changes of PBS and incubated with a chemiluminescent substrate (ECL from Amersham Pharmacia Biotech) before a 10-second exposure to X-ray film for visualization.

Figure 4 illustrates three Western immunoblot patterns of the recombinant CA125 repeat purified from *E. coli* lysate (lane 2) compared to *E. coli* lysate with no recombinant protein (lane 1-negative control) and a recombinant protein TADG-14 which is unrelated to CA125 (lane 3). As shown, the M11 antibody, the OC125 antibody and the antibody ISOBM 9.2 (an OC125-like antibody) all recognized the CA125 recombinant repeat (lane 2), but did *not* recognize either the *E. coli* lysate (lane 1) or the unrelated TADG-14 recombinant (lane 3). These data confirm that the recombinant repeat encodes both independent epitopes for CA125, the OC125 epitope and the M11 epitope.

## G. Northern Blot Analysis

Total RNA samples (approximately 10µg) were separated by electrophoresis through a 6.3% formaldehyde, 1.2% agarose gel in 0.02 M MOPS, 0.05 M sodium acetate (pH 7.0), and 0.001 M EDTA. The RNAs were then blotted to Hybond-N (Amersham) by capillary action in 20x SSPE and fixed to the membrane by baking for 2 hours at 80°C. A PCR product representing one 400 bp repeat of the CA125 molecule was radiolabelled using the Prime-a-Gene Labeling System available from Promega (cat. #U1100). The blot was probed and stripped

according to the ExpressHyb Hybridization Solution protocol available from Clontech (Catalog #8015-1).

#### **RESULTS**

In 1997, a system was described by a co-inventor of the present invention and others for purification of CA125 (primarily from patient ascites fluid), which when followed by cyanogen bromide digestion, resulted in peptide fragments of CA125 of 60 kDa and 40 kDa [O'Brien TJ *et al.*, More than 15 years of CA125: What is known about the antigen, its structure and its function, *Int J Biological Markers* 13(4)188-195 (1998)]. Both fragments were identifiable by commassie blue staining on polyacrylamide gels and by Western blot. Both fragments were shown to bind both OC125 and M11 antibodies, indicating both major classes of epitopes were preserved in the released peptides (Figure 1).

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Protein sequencing of the 40 kDa band yielded both amino terminal sequences and some internal sequences generated by protease digestion (Table 1 – SEQ ID NOS: 1-4). Insufficient yields of the 60 kDa band resulted in unreliable sequence information. Unfortunately, efforts to amplify PCR products utilizing redundant primers designed to these sequences were not successful. In mid 2000, an EST (#BE005912) was entered into the GCG database, which contained homology to the 40 kDa band sequence as shown in Table 1 (SEQ ID NOS: 5 and 6). The translation of this EST indicated good homology to the amino terminal sequence of the 40 kDa repeat (e.g. PGSRKFKTTE) with only one amino acid difference (i.e. an asparagine is present instead of phenylalanine in the EST sequence). Also, some of the internal sequences are partially conserved (e.g. SEQ ID NO: 2 and to a lesser extent, SEQ ID NO: 3 and SEQ ID NO: 4). More importantly, all the internal sequences are preceded by a basic amino acid (Table 1, indicated by arrows) appropriate for proteolysis by the trypsin used to create the internal peptides from the 40 kDa cyanogen bromide repeat. Utilizing the combined sequences, those obtained by amino acid sequencing and those identified in the EST (#BE005912) and a second EST (#AA640762) identified in the database, sense primers were created as follows: 5'-GGA GAG GGT TCT GCA GGG TC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 7) representing amino acids ERVLQG and anti-sense primer, 5' GTG AAT GGT ATC AGG AGA GG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 9) representing PLLIPF. Using PCR, the presence of transcripts was confirmed representing these sequences in ovarian tumors and their absence in normal ovary and either very low levels or no detectable levels in a mucinous tumor (Figure 2A). The existence of transcripts was further

confirmed in cDNA derived from multiple primary ovarian carcinoma cell lines and the absence of transcripts in matched lymphocyte cultures from the same patient (Figure 2B).

After cloning and sequencing of the amplified 400 base pair PCR products, a series of sequences were identified, which had high homology to each other but which were clearly distinct repeat entities (Figure 3) (SEQ ID NOS: 158 through 161).

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Examples of each category of repeats were sequenced, and the results are shown in Tables 3, 4, and 5. The sequences represent amplification and sequence data of PCR products obtained using oligonucleotide primers derived from an EST (Genbank Accession No. BE005912). Table 3 illustrates the amino acid sequence for a 400 bp repeat in the CA125 molecule, which is identified as SEQ ID NO: 11 through SEQ ID NO: 21. Table 4 illustrates the amino acid sequence for a 800 bp repeat in the CA125 molecule, which corresponds to SEQ ID NO: 22 through SEQ ID NO: 35. Table 5 illustrates the amino acid sequence for a 1200 bp repeat in the CA125 molecule, which is identified as SEQ ID NO: 36 through SEQ ID NO: 46. Assembly of these repeat sequences (which showed 75-80% homology to each other as determined by GCG Software (GCG = Genetics Computer Group) using the Pileup application) utilizing PCR amplification and sequencing of overlapping sequences allowed for the construction of a 9 repeat structure. The amino acid sequence for the 9 repeat is shown in Table 6 as SEQ ID NO: 47. The individual C-enclosures are highlighted in the table.

Using the assembled repeat sequence in Table 6 to search genebank databases, a cDNA sequence referred to as Genbank Accession No. AK024365 (entered on 9/29/00) was discovered. Table 7 shows the amino acid sequence for AK024365, which corresponds to SEQ ID NO: 48. AK024365 was found to overlap with two repeats of the assembled repeat sequence shown in Table 6. Individual C-enclosures are highlighted in Table 7.

The cDNA for AK024365 allowed alignment of four additional repeats as well as a downstream carboxy terminus sequence of the CA125 gene. Table 8 illustrates the complete DNA sequence of 13 repeats contiguous with the carboxy terminus of the CA125 molecule, which corresponds to SEQ ID NO: 49. Table 9 illustrates the complete amino acid sequence of the 13 repeats and the carboxy terminus of the CA125 molecule, which corresponds to SEQ ID NO: 50. The carboxy terminus domain was further confirmed by the existence of two EST's (Genbank Accession Nos. AW150602 and AI923224) in the genebank database, both of which

confirmed the stop-codon indicated (<u>TGA</u>) as well as the poly A signal sequence (<u>AATAA</u>) and the poly A tail (see Table 9). The presence of these repeats has been confirmed in serous ovarian tumors and their absence in normal ovarian tissue and mucinous tumors as expected (see Figure 2A). Also, the transcripts for these repeats have been shown to be present in tumor cell lines derived from ovarian tumors, but not in normal lymphocyte cell lines (Figure 2B). Moreover, Northern blot analysis of mRNA derived from normal or ovarian carcinoma and probed with a P<sup>32</sup> labeled CA125 repeat sequence (as shown in Figure 6) confirmed the presence of an RNA transcript in excess of 20 kb in ovarian tumor extracts (see Figure 2B).

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To date, 45 repeat sequences have been identified with high homology to each other. To order these repeat units, overlapping sequences were amplified using a sense primer (5' GTC TCT ATG TCA ATG GTT TCA CCC-3') (SEQ ID NO: 305) from an upstream repeat and an antisense primer from a downstream repeat sequence (antisense 5' TAG CTG CTC TCT GTC CAG TCC-3') (SEQ ID NO: 306). Attempts have been made to place these repeats in a contiguous fashion as shown in Figure 3. There is some potential redundancy. Further, there is evidence from overlapping sequences that some repeats exist in more than one location in the sequence giving a total of more than 60 repeats in the CA125 molecule (see Table 21 SEQ ID NO: 162).

Final confirmation of the relationship of the putative CA125 repeat domain to the known CA125 molecule was achieved by expressing a recombinant repeat domain in *E. coli*. In Figure 4, expression of a recombinant CA125 repeat domain is shown in lane 2 compared to the vector alone in lane 1, Panel D. A series of Western blots representing *E. coli* extracts of vector alone in lane 1; CA125 recombinant protein lane in 2 and recombinant TADG-14 (an unrelated recombinant protease), lane 3, were probed with the CA125 antibodies M11, Panel A; OC125, Panel B; and ISOBM 9.2, Panel C. In all cases, CA125 antibodies recognized only the recombinant CA125 antigen (lane 2 of each panel).

To further characterize the epitope location of the CA125 antibodies, recombinant CA125 repeat was digested with the endoprotease Lys-C and separately with the protease Asp-N. In both cases, epitope recognition was destroyed. As shown in Figure 5, the initial cleavage site for ASP-N is at amino acid #76 (indicated by arrow in Figure 5C). This sequence (amino acids # 1-76), a 17 kDa band, was detected with anti-histidine antibodies (Figure 5A,Lane 3) and found to have no capacity to bind CA125 antibodies (Figure 5B, Lane 3). The upper bands in Figures 5A and 5B represent the undigested remaining portion of the CA125 recombinant repeat. From these data, one

can reasonably conclude that epitopes are either located at the site of cleavage and are destroyed by Asp-N or are downstream from this site and also destroyed by cleavage. Likewise, cleavage with Lys-C would result in a peptide, which includes amino acids # 68-154 (Figure 5C) and again, no antibody binding was detected. In view of the foregoing, it seems likely that epitope binding resides in the cysteine loop region containing a possible disulfide bridge (amino acids # 59-79). Final confirmation of epitope sites are being examined by mutating individual amino acids.

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To determine transcript size of the CA125 molecule, Northern blot analysis was performed on mRNA extracts from both normal and tumor tissues. In agreement with the notion that CA125 may be represented by an unusually large transcript due to its known mega dalton size in tumor sera, ascites fluid, and peritoneal fluid [Nustad K *et al.*, CA125 – epitopes and molecular size, *Int. J of Biolog.* Markers, 13(4)196-199 (1998)], a transcript was discovered which barely entered the gel from the holding well (Figure 6). CA125 mRNA was only present in the tumor RNA sample and while a precise designation of its true size remains difficult due to the lack of appropriate standards, its unusually large size would accommodate a protein core structure in excess of 11,000 amino acids.

Evidence demonstrates that the repeat domain of the CA125 molecule encompasses a minimum of 45 different 156 amino acid repeat units and possibly greater than 60 repeats, as individual repeats occur more than once in the sequence. This finding may well account for the extraordinary size of the observed transcript. The amino acid composition of the repeat units (Figure 7A, 7C, Table 21) indicates that the sequence is rich in serine, threonine, and proline typical of the high STP repeat regions of the mucin genes [Gum Jr., JR, Mucin genes and the proteins they encode: Structure, diversity and regulation, *Am J Respir. Cell Mol. Biol.* 7:557-564 (1992)]. Results suggest that the downstream end of the repeat is heavily glycosylated.

Also noteworthy is a totally conserved methionine at position 24 of the repeat (Figure 7A, 7C). It is this methionine which allowed cyanogen bromide digestion of the CA125 molecule, resulting in the 40 kDa glycopeptide that was identified with OC125 and M11 antibodies in Western blots of the CNBr digested peptides. These data predict that the epitopes for the CA125 antibodies are located in the repeat sequence. By production of a recombinant product representing the repeat sequence, results have confirmed this to be true. A potential disulfide bond is noted, which would encompass a C-enclosure comprising 19 amino acids enclosed by two cysteines at positions #59 and #79. The cysteines are totally conserved, which suggest a biological role for the resulting putative C-enclosure in each repeat. As mentioned above, it is likely that the OC125 and M11 epitopes are

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located in the C-enclosure, indicating its relative availability for immune detection. This is probably due to the C-enclosure structure and the paucity of glycosylation in the immediate surrounding areas. Domain searches also suggest some homology in the repeat domain to an SEA domain commonly found in the mucin genes [Williams SJ et al., MUC13, a novel human cell surface mucin expressed by epithelial and hemopoietic cells, *J of Biol. Chem* 276(21)18327-18336 (2001)] beginning at amino acid #1 and ending at #131 of each repeat. No biological function has been described for this domain.

Based on homology of the repeat sequences to chromosome 19q 13.2 (cosmid #AC008734) and confirmed by genomic amplification, it has been established that each repeat is comprised of 5 exons (covering approximately 1900 bases of genomic DNA): exon 1 comprises 42 amino acids (#1-42); exon 2 comprises 23 amino acids (#43-65); exon 3 comprises 58 amino acids (#66-123); exon 4 comprises 12 amino acids (#124-135); and exon 5 comprises 21 amino acids (#136-156) (see Figure 7B). Homology pile-ups of individual exons have also been completed (see Figure 7C), which indicates that exon 1 has a minimum of 31different copies of the exon; exon 2 has 27 copies; exon 3 has 28 copies, exon 4 has 28 copies and exon 5 has 21 copies. If all exons were only found in a single configuration relative to each other, one could determine that a minimum number of repeats of 31 were present in the CA125 molecule. Using the exon 2 pile-up data as an example, it has been established as mentioned above that there are 27 individual exon 2 sequences. Using exon 2, which was sequenced fully in both the repeat units and the overlaps, results established that a minimum of 45 repeat units are present when exon 2 is combined with unique other exon combinations. However, based on overlap sequence information, 60+ repeat units are likely present in the CA125 molecule (Table 21). This larger number of repeat units can be accounted for by the presence of the same repeat unit occurring in more than one location.

Currently, the repetitive units of the repeat domain of the CA125 molecule constitute the majority of its extracellular molecular structure. These sequences have been presented in a tandem fashion based on overlap sequencing data. Some sequences may be incorrectly placed and some repeat units may not as yet be identified (Table 21). More recently, an additional repeat was identified in CA125 as shown in Tables 22 and 23 (SEQ. ID NOS: 307 and 308). The exact position has not yet been identified. Also, there is a potential that alternate splicing and/or mutation could account for some of the repeat variants that are listed. Studies are being conducted to compare both normal tissue derived CA125 repeats to individual tumor derived CA125 repeats to determine if such

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variation is present. Currently, the known exon configurations would easily accommodate the greater than 60 repeat units as projected. It is, therefore, unlikely that alternate splicing is a major contributor to the repetitive sequences in CA125. It should also be noted that the genomic database for chromosome 19q 13.2 only includes about 10 repeat units, thus indicating a discrepancy between the data of the present invention (more than 60 repeats) and the genomic database. A recent evaluation of the methods used for selection and assembly for genomic sequence [Marshall E, DNA Sequencing: Genome teams adjust to shotgum marriage, *Science* 292:1982-1983 (2001)] reports that "more research is needed on repeat blocks of almost identical DNA sequence which are more common in the human genome. Existing assembly programs can't handle them well and often delete them." The CA125 repeat units located on chromosome 19 may well be victims of deletion in the genomic database, thus accounting for most CA125 repeat units absent from the current databases.

# A. Sequence Confirmation and Assembly of the Amino Terminal Domain (Domain 1) of the CA125 Molecule

As previously mentioned, homology for repeat sequences was found in the chromosome 19 cosmid AC008734 of the GCG database. This cosmid at the time consisted of 35 unordered contigs. After searching the cosmid for repeat sequences, contig #32 was found to have exons 1 and 2 of a repeat unit at its 3' end. Contig #32 also had a large open reading frame upstream from the two repeat units, which suggested that this contig contained sequences consistent with the amino terminal end of the CA125 molecule. A sense primer was synthesized to the upstream non-repeat part of contig #32 coupled with a specific primer from within the repeat region (see Methods). PCR amplification of ovarian tumor cDNA confirmed the contiguous positioning of these two domains.

The PCR reaction yielded a band of approximately 980bp. The band was sequenced and found to connect the upstream open reading frame to the repeat region of CA125. From these data, more primer sets (see Methods) were synthesized and used in PCR reactions to piece together the entire open reading frame contained in contig #32. To find the 5' most end of the sequence, an EST (AU133673) was discovered, which linked contig #32 to contig #7 of the same cosmid. Specific primers were synthesized, (5'-CTGATGGCATTATGGAACACATCAC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 59) and 5'-CCCAGAACGAGAGACCAGTGAG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 60)), to the EST and contig #32. A PCR reaction was performed to confirm that part of the EST sequence was in fact contiguous with contig #32. Confirmation of this contiguous 5' prime sequencing strategy using overlapping sequences allowed the assembly of the 5' region (Domain 1) (Figure 8A). 5' RACE PCR was performed on

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tumor cDNA to confirm the amino terminal sequence to CA125. The test confirmed the presence of contig #7 sequence at the amino terminal end of CA125.

The amino terminal domain comprises five genomic exons covering approximately 13,250 bp. Exon 1, a small exon, (amino acids #1-33) is derived from contig #7 (Figure 8A). The remaining exons are all derived from contig #32: Exon 2 (amino acids #34-1593), an extraordinarily large exon, Exon 3 (amino acids #1594-1605), Exon 4 (amino acids #1606-1617) and Exon 5 (amino acids #1618-1637) (see Figure 8A).

Potential N-glycosylation sites marked (x) are encoded at positions #81, #271, #320, #624, #795, #834, #938, and #1,165 (see Figure 8B). O-glycosylation sites are extraordinarily abundant and essentially cover the amino terminal domain (Figure 8B). As shown by the O-glycosylation pattern, Domain 1 is highly enriched in both threonine and serine (Figure 8B).

# B. Sequence Confirmation and Assembly of the CA125 Carboxy Terminal End (Domain 3)

A search of Genbank using the repeat sequences described above uncovered a cDNA sequence referred to as Genbank accession number AK024365. This sequence was found to have 2 repeat sequences, which overlapped 2 known repeat sequences of a series of 6 repeats. As a result, the cDNA allowed the alignment of all six carboxy terminal repeats along with a unique carboxy terminal sequence. The carboxy terminus was further confirmed by the existence of two other ESTs (Genbank accession numbers AW150602 and A1923224), both of which confirmed a stop codon as well as a poly-A signal sequence and a poly-A tail (see GCG database #AF414442). The sequence of the carboxy terminal domain was confirmed using primers designed to sequence just downstream of the repeat domain (sense primer 5' GGA CAA GGT CAC CAC ACT CTA C-3') (SEQ ID NO: 303) and an antisense primer (5'-GCA GAT CCT CCA GGT CTA GGT GTG-3') (SEQ ID NO: 304) designed to carboxy terminus (Figure 9A).

The carboxy terminal domain covers more than 14,000 genomic bp. By ligation, this domain comprises nine exons as shown in Figure 9A. The carboxy-terminus is defined by a 284 amino acid sequence downstream from the repeat domains (see Figure 9B). Both N-glycosylation sites marked (x) (#31, #64, #103, #140, #194, #200) and a small number of O-glycosylation sites marked (o) are predicted for the carboxy end of the molecule (Figures 9A, 9B). Of special note is a putative transmembrane domain at positions #230-#252 followed by a cytoplasmic domain, which is characterized by a highly basic sequence adjacent to the membrane (#256-#260) as well as several

potential S/T phosphorylation sites (#254, #255, #276) and tyrosine phosphorylation sites (at # 264, #273, #274) (Figures 9A, 9B).

Assembly of the CA125 molecule as validated by PCR amplification of overlap sequence provides a picture of the whole molecule (see Figure 10 and Table 21). The complete nucleotide sequence is available in Genebank, Accession #AF414442 and the amino acid sequence as currently aligned is shown in Table 21.

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#### DISCUSSION

The CA125 molecule comprises three major domains; an extracellular amino terminal domain (Domain 1), a large multiple repeat domain (Domain 2) and a carboxy terminal domain (Domain 3), which includes a transmembrane anchor with a short cytoplasmic domain (Figure 10). The amino terminal domain is assembled by combining five genomic exons, four very short amino terminal sequences and one extraordinarily large exon, which often typifies mucin extracellular glycosylated domains [Desseyn JL *et al.*, Human mucin gene MUC5B, the 10.7-kb large central exon encodes various alternate subdomains resulting in a super-repeat. Structural evidence for a 11p15.5 gene family, *J. Biol. Chem.* 272(6):3168-3178 (1997)]. This domain is dominated by its capacity for Oglycosylation and its resultant richness in serine and threonine residues. Overall, the potential for Oglycosylation essentially covers this domain and, as such, may allow the carbohydrate superstructure to influence ECM interaction at this end of the CA125 molecule (Figure 8). There is one short area (amino acids # 74-120) where little or no glycosylation is predicted, which could allow for protein-protein interaction in the extracellular matrix.

Efforts to purify CA125 over the years were obviously complicated by the presence of this amino terminal domain, which is unlikely to have any epitope sites recognized by the OC125 or M11 class antibodies. As the CA125 molecule is degraded *in vivo*, it is likely that this highly glycosylated amino terminal end will be found associated with varying numbers of repeat units. This could very well account for both the charge and size heterogeneity of the CA125 molecule so often identified from serum and ascites fluid. Also of note are two T-TALK sequences at amino acids # 45-58 (underlined in Figure 8B), which are unique to the CA125 molecule.

The extracellular repeat domain, which characterizes the CA125 molecule, also represents a major portion of the molecular structure. It is downstream from the amino terminal domain and presents itself in a much different manner to its extracellular matrix neighbors. These repeats are characterized by many features including a highly-conserved nature (Figure 3) and a uniformity in

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exon structure (Figure 7). But most consistently, a cysteine enclosed sequence may form a cysteine loop (Table 21). This structure may provide extraordinary potential for interaction with neighboring matrix molecules. Domain 2 encompasses the 156 amino acid repeat units of the CA125 molecule. The repeat domain constitutes the largest proportion of the CA125 molecule (Table 21 and Figure 10). Because it has been known for more than 15 years that antibodies bind in a multivalent fashion to CA125, it has been predicted that the CA125 molecule would include multiple repeat domains capable of binding the OC125 and M11 class of sentinel antibodies which define this molecule [O'Brien et al., New monoclonal antibodies identify the glycoprotein carrying the CA125 epitope, Am J Obstet Gynecol. 165:1857-1964 (1991); Nustad K et al., Specificity and affinity of 26 monoclonal antibodies against the CA125 antigen: First report from the ISOBM TD-1 workshop, Tumor Biology 17:196-219 (1996); and Bast RC et al., A radioimmunoassay using a monoclonal antibody to monitor the course of epithelial ovarian cancer, N. Engl. J. Med. 309:883-887 (1983)]. In the present invention, more than 60 repeat units have been identified, which are in tandem array in the extracellular portion of the CA125 molecule. Individual repeat units have been confirmed by sequencing and further identified by PCR amplification of the overlapping repeat sequences. Results confirm the contiguous placement of most repeats relative to its neighbor (Table 21).

Initial evidence suggests that this area is a potential site for antibody binding and also for ligand binding. The highly conserved methionine and several highly conserved sequences within the repeat domain also suggests a functional capacity for these repeat units. The extensive glycosylation of exons 4 & 5 of the repeat unit and the N-glycosylation potential in exon 1 and the 5' end of exon 2 might further point to a functional capacity for the latter part of exon 2 and exon 3 which includes the C-enclosure (see Figure 7). It should be apparent that the C-enclosure might be a prime target for protease activity and such cleavage may well explain the difficulty experienced by many investigators in obtaining an undigested CA125 parent molecule. Such activity might explain the diffuse pattern of antibody binding and the loss of antibody binding for molecules of less than 200,000 kDa. Proteolysis would destroy the epitopes and, therefore, only multiple repeats could be identified by blotting with CA125 antibodies. The repeat unit organization also suggests the potential for a multivalent interaction with extracellular entities.

The carboxy terminal domain of the CA125 molecule comprises an extracellular domain, which does not have any homology to other known domains. It encodes a typical transmembrane domain and a short cytoplasmic tail. It also contains a proteolytic cleavage site approximately 50

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amino acids upstream from the transmembrane domain. This would allow for proteolytic cleavage and release of the CA125 molecule (Figure 9). As indicated by Fendrick, *et al.* [CA125 phosphorylation is associated with its secretion from the WISH human amnion cell line, *Tumor Biology* 18:278-289 (1997)], release of the CA125 molecule is preceded by phosphorylation and sustained by inhibitors of phosphatases, especially inhibition of phosphatase 2B. The cytoplasmic tail which contains S/T phosphorylation sites next to the transmembrane domain and tyrosine phosphorylation sites downstream from there could accommodate such phosphorylation. A very distinguishable positively charged sequence is present upstream from the tyrosine, suggesting a signal transduction system involving negatively charged phosphate groups and positively charged lysine and arginine groups.

These features of the CA125 molecule suggest a signal transduction pathway involvement in the biological function of CA125 [Fendrick JL *et al.*, CA125 phosphorylation is associated with its secretion from the WISH human amnion cell line, *Tumor Biology* 18:278-289 (1997); and Konish I *et al.*, Epidermal growth factor enhances secretion of the ovarian tumor-associated cancer antigen CA125 from the human amnion WISH cell line, *J Soc. Gynecol. Invest.* 1:89-96 (1994)]. It also reinforces the prediction of phosphorylation prior to CA125 release from the membrane surface as previously proposed [Fendrick JL *et al.*, CA125 phosphorylation is associated with its secretion from the WISH human amnion cell line, *Tumor Biology* 18:278-289 (1997); and Konish I *et al.*, Epidermal growth factor enhances secretion of the ovarian tumor-associated cancer antigen CA125 from the human amnion WISH cell line, *J Soc. Gynecol. Invest.* 1:89-96 (1994)]. Furthermore, a putative proteolytic cleavage site on the extra-cellular side of the transmembrane domain is present at position #176-181.

How well does the CA125 structure described in the present invention compare to the previously known CA125 structure? O'Brien *et al.* reported that a number of questions needed to be addressed: 1) the multivalent nature of the molecule; 2) the heterogeneity of CA125; 3) the carbohydrate composition; 4) the secretory or membrane bound nature of the CA125 molecule; 5) the function of the CA125 molecule; and 6) the elusive CA125 gene [More than 15 years of CA125: What is known about the antigen, its structure and its function, *Int J Biological Markers* 13(4)188-195 (1998)]. Several of these questions have been addressed in the present invention including, of course, the gene and its protein core product. Perhaps, most interestingly is the question of whether an individual large transcript accounted for the whole CA125 molecule, or a number of smaller

transcripts which represented subunits that specifically associated to produce the CA125 molecule. From the results produced by way of the present invention, it is now apparent that the transcript of CA125 is large - similar to some of the mucin gene transcripts e.g. MUC 5B [see Verma M et al., Mucin genes: Structure, expression and regulation, Glycoconjugate J. 11:172-179 (1994); and Gendler SJ et al., Epithelial mucin genes, Annu. Rev. Physiol. 57:607-634 (1995)]. The protein core extracellular domains all have a high capacity for O-glycosylation and, therefore, probably accounts for the heterogeneity of charge and size encountered in the isolation of CA125. The data also confirm the O-glycosylation inhibition data, indicating CA125 to be rich in O-glycosylation [Lloyd KO et al., Synthesis and secretion of the ovarian cancer antigen CA125 by the human cancer cell line NIH: OVCAR-3, Tumor Biology 22, 77-82 (2001); Lloyd KO et al., Isolation and characterization of ovarian cancer antigen CA125 using a new monoclonal antibody (VK-8): Identification as a mucintype molecule, Int. J. Cancer, 71:842-850 (1997); and Fendrick JL et al., Characterization of CA125 synthesized by the human epithelial amnion WISH cell line, Tumor Biology 14:310-318 (1993)].

The repeat domain which includes more than 60 repeat units accounts for the multivalent nature of the epitopes present, as each repeat unit likely contains epitope binding sites for both OC125-like antibodies and M11-like antibodies. The presence of a transmembrane domain and cleavage site confirms the membrane association of CA125, and reinforces the data which indicates a dependence of CA125 release on proteolysis. Also, the release of CA125 from the cell surface may well depend on cytoplasmic phosphorylation and be the result of EGF signaling [Nustad K *et al.*, Specificity and affinity of 26 monoclonal antibodies against the CA125 antigen: First report from the ISOBM TD-1 workshop, *Tumor Biology* 17:196-219 (1996)]. As for the question of inherent capacity of CA125 for proteolytic activity, this does not appear to be the case. However, it is likely that the associated proteins isolated along with CA125 (e.g. the 50 kDa protein which has no antibody binding ability) may have proteolytic activity. In any case, proteolysis of an extracellular cleavage site is the most likely mechanism of CA125 release. Such cleavage would be responsive to cytoplasmic signaling and mediated by an associated extracellular protease activity.

In summary, the large number of tandem repeats of the CA125 molecule, which dominate its molecular structure and contain the likely epitope binding sites of the CA125 molecule, was unexpected. Also, one cannot as yet account for the proteolytic activity, which has plagued the isolation and characterization of this molecule for many years. While no protease domain per se is constituitively part of the CA125 molecule, there is a high likelihood of a direct association by an

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extracellular protease with the ligand binding domains of the CA125 molecule. Finally, what is the role of the dominant repeat domain of this extracellular structure? Based on the expression data of CA125 on epithelial surfaces and in glandular ducts, it is reasonable to conclude that the unique structure of these repeat units with their cysteine loops plays a role both as glandular anti-invasive molecules (bacterial entrapment) and/or a role in anti-adhesion (maintaining patency) between epithelial surfaces and in ductal linings.

Recently, Yin and Lloyd described the partial cloning of the CA125 antigen using a completely different approach to that described in the present invention [Yin TWT et al., Molecular cloning of the CA125 ovarian cancer antigen. Identification as a new mucin (MUC16), *J Biol. Chem.* 276:27371-27375 (2001)]. Utilizing a polyclonal antibody to CA125 to screen an expression library of the ovarian tumor cell line OVCAR-3, these researchers identified a 5965 bp clone containing a stop codon and a poly A tail, which included nine partially conserved tandem repeats followed by a potential transmembrane region with a cytoplasmic tail. The 5965 bp sequence is almost completely homologous to the carboxy terminus region shown in Table 21. Although differing in a few bases, the sequences are homologous. As mentioned above, the cytoplasmic tail has the potential for phosphorylation and a transmembrane domain would anchor this part of the CA125 molecule to the surface of the epithelial or tumor cell. In the extracellular matrix, a relatively short transition domain connects the transmembrane anchor to a series of tandem repeats - in the case of Yin and Lloyd, nine.

By contrast, the major extracellular part of the molecule of the present invention as shown is upstream from the sequence described by Yin and includes a large series of tandem repeats. These results, of course, provide a different picture of the CA125 molecule, which suggest that CA125 is dominated by the series of extracellular repeats. Also included is a major amino terminal domain (~1638 amino acids) for the CA125 molecule, which it is believed accounts for a great deal of the O-glycosylation known to be an important structural component of CA125.

In conclusion, a CA125 molecule is disclosed which requires a transcript of more than 35,000 bases and occupies approximately 150,000 bp on chromosome 19q 13.2. It is dominated by a large series of extracellular repeat units (156 amino acids), which offer the potential for molecular interactions especially through a highly conserved unique cysteine loop. The repeat units also include the epitopes now well-described and classified for both the major class of CA125 antibodies (i.e., the OC125 and the M11 groups). The CA125 molecule is anchored at its carboxy terminal through a transmembrane domain and a short cytoplasmic tail. CA125 also contains a highly

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glycosylated amino terminal domain, which includes a large extracellular exon typical of some mucins. Given the massive repeat domain presence of both epithelial surfaces and ovarian tumor cell surfaces, it might be anticipated that CA125 may play a major role in determining the extracellular environment surrounding epithelial and tumor cells.

#### Advantages and Uses of the CA125 Recombinant Products

- 1) Current assays to CA125 utilize as standards either CA125 produced from cultured cell lines or from patient ascites fluid. Neither source is defined with regard to the quality or purity of the CA125 molecule. Therefore arbitrary units are used to describe patient levels of CA125. Because cut-off values are important in the treatment of patients with elevated CA125 and because many different assay systems are used clinically to measure CA125, it is relevant and indeed necessary to define a standard for all CA125 assays. Recombinant CA125 containing epitope binding sites could fulfill this need for standardization. Furthermore, new and more specific assays may be developed utilizing recombinant products for antibody production.
- 2) Vaccines: Adequate data now exists [see Wagner U et al., Immunological consolidation of ovarian carcinoma recurrences with monoclonal anti-idiotype antibody ACA125: Immune responses and survival in palliative treatment, Clin. Cancer Res. 7:1112-1115 (2001)], which suggest and support the idea that CA125 could be used as a therapeutic vaccine to treat patients with ovarian carcinoma. Heretofore, in order to induce cellular and humoral immunity in humans to CA125, murine antibodies specific for CA125 were utilized in anticipation of patient production of anti-ideotypic antibodies, thus indirectly allowing the induction of an immune response to the CA125 molecule. With the availability of recombinant CA125, especially domains which encompass epitope binding sites for known murine antibodies and domains directly anchoring CA125 on the tumor cell, it will be feasible to more directly stimulate patients' immune systems to CA125 and as a result, extend the life of ovarian carcinoma patients as demonstrated by Wagner et al.

Several approaches can be utilized to achieve such a therapeutic response in the immune system by: 1) directly immunizing the patient with recombinant antigen containing the CA125 epitopes or other domains; 2) harvesting dendritic cells from the patient; 3) expanding these cells in *in vitro* culture; 4) activating the dendritic cells with the recombinant CA125 epitope domain or other domains or with peptides derived from these domains [see Santin AD *et al.*, Induction of

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ovarian tumor-specific CD8+ cytotoxic T lymphocytes by acid-eluted peptide-pulsed autologous dendritic cells, *Obstetrics & Gynecology* 96(3):422-430 (2000)]; and then 5) returning these immune stem cells to the patient to achieve an immune response to CA125. This procedure can also be accomplished using specific peptides which are compatible with histocompatibility antigens of the patient. Such peptides compatible with the HLA-A2 binding motifs common in the population are indicated in Figure 12.

- 3) Therapeutic Targets: Molecules, which are expressed on the surface of tumor cells as CA125 is, offer potential targets for immune stimulation, drug delivery, biological modifier delivery or any agent which can be specifically delivered to ultimately kill the tumor cells. CA125 offers such potential as a target: 1) Antibodies to CA125 epitopes or newly described potential epitopes: Most especially humanized or human antibodies to CA125 which could directly activate the patients' immune system to attack and kill tumor cells. Antibodies could be used to deliver all drug or toxic agents including radioactive agents to mediate direct killing of tumor cells. 2) Natural ligands: Under normal circumstances, molecules are bound to the CA125 molecule e.g. a 50 k dalton protein which does not contain CA125 epitopes co-purifies with CA125. Such a molecule, which might have a natural binding affinity for domains on the CA125 molecule, could also be utilized to deliver therapeutic agents to tumor cells.
- 4) Anti-sense therapy: CA125 expression may provide a survival or metastatic advantage to ovarian tumor cells as such antisense oligonucleotide derived from the CA125 sequence could be used to down-regulate the expression of CA125. Antisense therapy could be used in association with a tumor cell delivery system such as described above.
- 5) Small Molecules: Recombinant domains of CA125 also offer the potential to identify small molecules which bind to individual domains of the molecule. Small molecules either from combinatorial chemical libraries or small peptides can also be used as delivery agents or as biological modifiers.

All references referred to herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

It should be understood that various changes and modifications to the presently preferred embodiments described herein will be apparent to those skilled in the art. Such changes and modifications can be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention and without diminishing its attendant advantages.

Comparison of the Amino Acid Terminal Sequences and Several Internal Sequences for the 40kD Band for CA125 glycoprotein (SEQ ID NO: 1 through SEQ ID NO: 4) to the Nucleotide and Amino Acid Sequences for EST Genbank Accession No. AA640762 (SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 6, respectively)

40kDa Nterm - QHPGSRKFKTTEG (SEQ ID NO: 1)

Peak 68 – FLTVERVLQGL (SEQ ID NO: 2)

Peak 65 – DTYVGPLY (SEQ ID NO: 3)

Peak 30 – <u>DGAANGVD</u> (SEQ ID NO: 4)

(SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 6)

- 1 CGTCGACCTGGCTCTAGAAAGTTTAACACCACGGAGAGAGTCCTTCAGGGTCTGCTCAGG R R P G S R K F N T T E R V L Q G L L R
- 61 CCTGTGTTCAAGAACACCAGTGTTGGCCCTCTGTACTCTGGCTGCAGACTGACCTTGCTC
  P V F K N T S V G P L Y S G C R L T L L
- 121 AGGCCCAAGAAGGGATGGGGCCACCAAAGTGGATGCCATCTGCACCTACCGCCCTGAT
- 181 CCCAAAAGCCCTGGACTGGACAGAGAGCAGCTATACTGGGAGCTGAGCCAGGGTGATGCA
  P K S P G L D R E Q L Y W E L S Q G D A

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#### TABLE 2A

GGA (	GAG	GGT	TCT	GCA	GGG TC	(SEQ ID NO: 7)
Е	R	V	L	Q	G	(SEQ ID NO: 8)
GTG A	AAT	GGT	ATC.	AGG .	AGA GG	(SEQ ID NO: 9)
P	L	L	I	P	F	(SEQ ID NO: 10)
Sei						Jsed for Ordering Repeat Units ID NO: 302, respectively)
5'-GTC	СТСТ				TTTCACCC-3' AGTCC-3'	(SEQ ID NO: 301) (SEQ ID NO: 302)

Amino Acid Sequence for a 400 bp Repeat in the CA125 Molecule (SEQ ID NO: 11 thru SEQ ID NO: 21)

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		1									
	12		T.FKCTCVCDT	VCCCDITIID	DEVDOMAGG	50 DAICTHHPDP	/250			<b></b> \	
10	34	ERVIOGIJAND	I.EKMTCVCCI.	VCCCDITTID	PENDGIAIGV	DATCTHHPDP	(SEQ				
• •	32	ERVI OCITICD	TEKNITOVODI	VCCCDI TCI D	CENDONATRA	DAICIHRLDP	(SEQ				
	46					DAICIHRLDP					
	33										
	15					DAICTHHLNP	_				
5	35					DAICTLRLDP	(SEQ				
	111	EKANGGIDKE	TLV212AG5F	YCCCDIELLR	PEKRGAATGV	DTICTHRLDP	(SEQ			•	
	42	EKANĞGIRI	TENNISVGPL	YGGGRITTLE	PEKQEAATGV	DTICTHRVDP	(SEQ				
	116	ERVLQGLLAP	LFKNTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKHEAATGV	DTICTHRLDP	(SEQ				
	23	ERVLQGLLSP	IFKNSSVGPL	YSGCRLTSLR	PEKDGAATGM	DAVCLYHPNP	(SEQ			-	
0	23	EKATÖGTTKA	LFKNTSIGPL	YSSCRLTLLR	PEKDKAATRV	DAICTHHPDP	(SEQ	ID 1	NO:	21)	
U		F.1									
	10	51	1771DT COT TITLE			100					
	12	KSPRLDREQL	YWELSQLTHN	TTELGPYALD	NDSLFVNGFT	HRSSVSTTST					
	34	KSPGLDRERL	YWKLSQLTHG	ITELGPYTLD	RHSLYVNGFT	HQSSMTTTRT					
	32	KSPGLNREQL	YWELSKLTND	IEELGPYTLD	RNSLYVNGFT	HQSSVSTTST					
50	46	KSPGLNREQL	YWELSQLTHG	IKELGPYTLD	RNSLYVNGFT	HRSSVAPTST					
J.	33	QSPGLDREQL	YWQLSQMTNG	IKELGPYTLD	RNSLYVNGFT	HRSSGLTTST					
ţĦ	15	TGPGLDRERL	YWELSQLTNS	VTELGPYTLD	RDSLYVNGFT	HRSSVPTTSI					
L.F.	35	LNPGLDREQL	YWELSKLTRG	IIELGPYTLD	RDSLYVNGFT	HRSSVPTTSI					
0.1	111		YWELSQLTNS								
Y.	42		YWELSKLTRG								
[O	116	KRPGLDREQL	YWELSQLTHN	ITELGPYSLD	RDSLYVNGFT	HQNSVPTTST					
	23	QSPGLNREQL	YWELSQLTHG	ITELGPYTLD	RDSLYVDGFT	HWSPIPTTST					
E FF											
[]		101				150					
5.0	12		SKTPASIFGP								
ĨŪ	34		SRTPASLSGP								
1	32		SGTPSSLSSP								
j	46		SGTPSSLPSP								
d'i	33		SGTPSPVPSP								
)	15	PGTSAVHLET	SGTPASLPGH	TAPGPLLI	PF~~~~~	~~~~~~~					
	35		SGTPASLPGH								
	111	PGTSTVHLAT	SGTPSPLPGH	TAPVPLLI	PFT~~~~~	~~~~~~					
	42	PGTSTVHLGT	SETPSSLPRP	IVPGPLLV	PFT~~~~~	~~~~~~					
_	116	PGTSTVYWAT	TGTPSSFPGH	TEPGPLLI	PF~~~~~	~~~~~~~					
5	23	PGTSIVNLGT	SGIPPSLPET	TATGPLLI	PFT~~~~~	~~~~~~~					

		151	170
10	12	~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
	34	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
	32	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
	46	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
	33	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
15	15	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
	35	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
	111	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
	42	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
	116	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~
20	23	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~

Amino Acid Sequence for a 800 bp Repeat in the CA125 Molecule (SEQ ID NO: 22 thru SEQ ID NO: 35)

		1				50			۰.۰
	79	ERVLOGLLKP	LFRNSSLEYL	YSGCRLASLR	PEKDSSAMAV	DAICTHRPDP	(SEQ II		
10	811	ERVLOGLLKP	LFRNSSLEYL	YSGCRLASLR	PEKDSSAMAV	DAICTHRPDP	(SEQ II		
• •	21	ERVLOGLLKP	LFKSTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKRGAATGV	DTICTHRLDP	(SEQ II		
	89	ERVLOGLLKP	LFKSTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKRGAATGV	DTICTHRLDP	(SEQ II		
	85	ERVIOGIJKP	LFKSTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKRGAATGV	DTICTHRLDP	(SEQ II		
	712	ERVLOGLLKP	LFKSTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKRGAATGV	DTICTHRLDP	(SEQ II		
15	86	ERVLOGLLKP	LFKSTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKHGAATGV	DAICTLRLDP	(SEQ II		
13	87	ERVLOGLLTP	LFKNTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKQEAATGV	DTICTHRVDP	(SEQ II		
	810	ERVLOGLLRP	LFKNTSIGPL	YSSCRLTLLR	PEKDKAATRV	DAICTHHPDP	(SEQ II		
	83	ERVIOGIJRP	VFKNTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PKKDGAATKV	DAICTYRPDP	(SEQ II		
	81	ERVI.OGI.I.GP	MFKNTSVGLL	YSGCRLTLLR	PKKDGAATKV	DAICTYRPDP	(SEQ II		
20	44	EBVI.OGI.I.KP	LFKSTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKDGAATGM	DAVCLYHPNP	(SEQ II		
20	812	ERVIQUERI EDVI.OCI.I.SD	ISKNSSVGPL	YSGCRLTSLR	PEKDGAATGM	DAVCLYHPNP	(SEQ II		
	76	ERVIQUIDSI	IFKNSSVGSL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKDGAATRV	DAVCTHRPDP	(SEQ II	NO:	35)
	76	EKVIQGIIDDI	1114657652						
242		51				100			
250	79	EDIGIDRERI.	YWELSNLTNG	IOELGPYTLD	RNSLYVNGFT	HRSSMPTTST			
23.5 (D	811	EDICIDEERI.	YWELSNLTNG	IOELGPYTLD	RNSLYVNGFT	HRSSGLTTST			
	21	I NDCLDDEOL	YWELSKLTRG	TIELGPYLLD	RGSLYVNGFT	HRTSVPTTST			
177		INDCIDEROI.	YWELSKLTRG	TIELGPYLLD	RGSLYVNGFT	HRNFVPITST			
LII.	85	I NDCLDDECL	YWELSKLTRG	TIELGPYLLD	RGSLYVNGFS	RQSSMTTTRT			
20	712	INDCIDEROL.	YWELSKLTRG	TIELGPYLLD	RDSLYVNGFT	HRSSVPTTSI			
3Q <sub>U</sub>	712	TOPOL DEEDL	YWELSQLTNS	VTELGPYTLD	RDSLYVNGFT	HRSSVPTTSI			
Ĉ	86 87	TCDCI DDEDI.	YWELSQLINS	TTELGPYTLD	RDSLYVNGFN	PWSSVPTTST			
££		OCDCI NDEOL	YWELSQLTHG	TTELGPYTLD	RDSLYVDGFT	HWSPIPTTST			
	810	VCDCI DDEOI	YWELSQLTHS	TTELGPYTLD	RDSLYVNGFT	ORSSVPTTSI			
350		KSPGLDREQL	AMEL COLLING	TTELCTTLD	RDSLYVNGFT	QRSSVPTTSI			
		KSPGLDREQL	VCELCOLTED	TTELGPYSI.D	RDSLYVNGFT	HQNSVPTTST			
fU		KRPGLDREQL	VWEI COLTUN	TTELGPYSLD	RDSLYVNGFT	HQNSVPTTST			
1, 4		KKPGLDREQL	TWEDSQUIM	TTELCTIOLD	RHSLYVNGFT	HQSSMTTTRT			
	76	KSPGLDRERL	IMKDSQLING	1166011122	1010211110-				
40		101				150			
40	79	DCTCTVDVCT	SCTPSSSPSP	TTAGPLLMPF	TLNFTITNLQ	YEEDMRRTGS			
	811	DWTCTVDI.CT	SGTPSPVPSP	TTAGPLLIPF	TLNFTITNLC	YEENMGHPGS			
	21	PWISIVEDIGI	SCTDESLES	ATAGPLLVLF	TLNFTITNLK	YEEDMHRPGS			
	89	PGTSTVDLGT	SETPSSLPRP	TVPGPLLIPF	TINFTITNLR	YEENMHHPGS			
45	85	PGISIVILGI	CDTDASI.SGP	TTASPLLTPF	TLNFTITNLC	YEENMGHPGS			
43		POISIMHDAI	FGTDASLHGH	TAPGPVLVPF	TLNFTITNLC	YEEDMRHPGS			
	712	PGISAVHUET	CCTDASLDGH	TAPGPLLVPF	TLNFTITNLC	YEEDMRHPGS			
	86	PGISAVALLI	COTTROLICE	TAPVPLLTPF	TLNFTITNLE	YEENMQHPGS			
	87	PGISIVALAI	CCIDACIDET	TATGDILITER	TPNFTITNLO	YEEDMRRTGS			
50	810	FG191ANTG1	OCADMCADGE POTEROTEET	TATULEDIAL	י יין אדידידאו.	YEEDMHRPGS			
50	83	PGTPTVDLGT	COMPRESSOR	CANCELLIAN C	י יוודידידען י	YEENMGHPGS			
	81	PGTPTVDLGT	. DGIFVDAFGF	TEDCOLLEC	י יידאדידיאון	YEENMQHPGS			
	44	PGTSTVYWAT	. IGIRƏƏFRUM	TEFGEDDIFF TEDCOI.T.TDE	י ייעאדידיאוני	YEENMHHPGS			
	812	PGTSTVYWAT	IGIPSSFPGH	TERGENTIAL	TAME TAMES	YEENMHHPGS			
<i></i>	76	PDTSTMHLAT	. SKIPASLSGP	TIMORDIAND	11141 1111401				
55									

## Amino Acid Sequence for a 800 bp Repeat in the CA125 Molecule (SEQ ID NO: 22 thru SEQ ID NO: 35)

		1.51				200
	7.0	151	QGLLSPIFKN	eevapt.vegc	PI.TSI.PPEKD	
10	79	RKFNIMERVL	QGLLSFIFKN		RITLIRPEKD	GAATRVDAVC
10	811	RKFNTTERVL	QTLLGPMFKN		RLTLLRSEKD	GAATGVDAIC
	21	RKFNIIERVL	Q1DLGPMF100	15/0001500	RETEDIO ET	<b>0.2.2</b>
	89	RKFNIMERVL	QGLLGPLFKN	SSVGPLYSGC	RLISLRSEKD	GAATGVDAIC
	85	RKFNIMERVL	QGLLNPIFKN	SSVGPLYSGC	RLTSLKPEKD	GAATGMDAVC
15	712	RKFNTTERVL	QGLLKPLFKS	TSVGPLYSGC	RLTLLRPEKR	GAATGVDTIC
	86	RKFNTTERVL	QGLLKPLFKS	TSVGPLYSGC	RLTLLRPEKR	GAATGVDTIC
	87	RKFNTTERVL	QGLLKPLFKS	TSVGPLYSGC	RLTLLRPEKH	GAATGVDAIC
	810	RKFNTMERVL	QGLLSPIFKN	SSVGPLYSGC	RLTSLRPEKD	GAATGMDAVC
	83	RKFNATERVL	QGLLSPIFKN	SSVGPLYSGC	RLTSLRPEKD	GAATGMDAVC
20	81	RKFNIMERVL	QGLLKPLFKN	TSVGPLYSGC	RLTLLRPKKD	GAATGVDAIC
	44	RKFNTTERVL	QGLLKPLFKN	TSVGPLYSGC	$\mathtt{RLTLLRPEKH}$	
	812	RKFNTTERVL	QGLLRPVFKN	TSVGPLYSGC	RLTLLRPKKD	GAATKVDAIC
21.50	76	RKFNTTERVL	QGLLRPVFKN	TSVGPLYSGC	RLTLLRPKKD	GAATKVDAIC
1						
25		201				250
ĻĎ	79	LYHPNPKRPG	LDREQLYWEL			YVNGFTHQNS
(7	811	TQRPDPKSPG	LDRERLYWKL	SQLTHGITEL	GPYTLDRHSL	YVNGLTHQSS
M	21	THRLDPKSPG	VDREQLYWEL	SQLTNGIKEL	GPYTLDRNSL	YVNGFTHWIP
	89		LDREQLYWQL		GPYTLDRNSL	YVNGFTHRSS
30	85	LYHPNPKRPG	LDREQLYWEL	SQLTHGIKEL		YVNGFTHRSS
N	712		LDREQLYWEL	SKLTRGIIEL		YVNGFTHRNF
	86	THRLDPLNPG	LDREQLYWEL		GPYLLDRGSL	YVNGFTHRNF
35 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	87		VDREQLYWEL	SQLTNGIKEL	GPYTLDRNSL	YVNGFTHWIP
O	810		LDREQLY~~~	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~	~~~~~~
350	83		LDREQLYWEL			YVNGFTHQSS
[4]	81		LNREQLYWEL			YVNGFTHQSS
	44		LDRERLYWEL		GPYTLDRDSL	
7	812		LDREQLYWEL	SKLTNDIEEL		
ļå	76	TYRPDPKSPG	LDREQLYWEL	SQLTHSITEL	GPYTQDRDSL	YVNGFTHRSS
40		0.51			288	
		251	TVYWATTGTP	CCEDCUT E		
	79		TMHLATSRTP		ACDI.I.TDF	
	811	MTTTRTPDTS	IMALAISKIP	A5L5GF11	ADFEDETT	
45	21	GLTTSTPWTS	mini crecro	SPVPSPTT	ACDIT T PF	
43	89		TVDLGTSGTP			
	85		TVHLGTSETP			
	712		TVHLGTSETP			
	86 87		TVDLG.SGTP			
50	810		~~~~~~			
30			TMHLATSRTP			
	83 81	VOTTOTO	TVDLRTSGTP	SSLSSPTIMA	AGPLLIPF	
	44	VDTTSTEGIS	TVHLATSGTP	SSLPGHT. A	PVPLLI~~	
	812	VETTSTEGIS	TVDLRTSGTP	SSLSSPTIMA	AGPLLIPF	
55	76	VDTTSTEGIS	AVHLETSGTP	ASLP~~~~	~~~~~	
	70	111111011				

Amino Acid Sequence for a 1200 bp Repeat in the CA125 Molecule (SEQ ID NO: 36 thru SEQ ID NO: 46)

5		(SEQ ID NO: 36 thru SEQ ID NO: 46)	
		F.O.	
		1 50	(SEQ ID NO: 36)
	910	THE PERSON WITH THE VICE OF THE PERSON DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON DESCR	(SEQ ID NO: 37)
10	99	THE THE THEORYCOT, VCCCRITION PERCENTION DIFFORMAN	(SEQ ID NO: 38)
10	112	COT VCCCRUTSIR PENDGATION DAVCETTE	(SEQ ID NO: 39)
	95	THOUGHT VSGCRITSIR PEKDGAAIGH DAVCHIII	(SEQ ID NO: 40)
	71	metropi vecepillilik SEVDGAAIGA DATITIMADA	(SEQ ID NO: 41)
	78	Think bkkbgvargv barciime	(SEQ ID NO: 42)
15	115	TO TOWN TOUR VERICE VERY VERY VERY VERY VERY VERY VERY VER	(SEQ ID NO: 43)
10	91	T DDMCCT DVI VCCCDLASLR PERDODAMAY DATCIME-	(SEQ ID NO: 44)
	92	COLLED I EVOTOVODI. VSGCRITLIR PERROAATOV DITCIMADO	(SEQ ID NO: 45)
	113	MINIMETER TO VECCOLULIA PENNOMICA DISCOMI	(SEQ ID NO: 46)
	711	ERVLQGLLKP LFKSTSVGPL YSGCRLTLLR PEKHGAATGV DAICTLRLDP	(SEQ ID NOT ST)
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20		51 LOUIS TO THE MENTINE TO THE MENTI	
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	91	PGTSTVDVGT SGTPSSSPSP TTAGPLLM PFTLNFTITN LQYEEDMRRT PGTSTVDVGT SGTPSSSPSP TTAGPLLM PFTLNFTITN LQYEENMGHP	
	92	PGTSTVHUGT SGIPSSSFSF IV. PGPLLI PFTLNFTITN LQYEENMGHP PGTSTVHLGT SETPSSLPRP IV. PGPLLI PFTLNFTITN LKYEEDMHCP	
	113	PGTSTVHLGT SETPSSLPRP IV. FGFHLI PFTLNFTITN LKYEEDMHCP PGTSTVDLGT SGTPSSLPSP T. TAVPLLI PFTLNFTITN LHYEENMOHP	•
45	711		
		200	
		151 CONTROL OF THE RESEARCH AND CONTROL OF THE RESEARCH AN	
	910	151 ) GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRPLF KNTSVSSLYS GCRLTLLRPE KDGAATRVDA	
	99	GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLKPLF KNTSVSSLIS GCRLTLFKPE KHEAATGVDA GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLKPLF KNTSVGPLYS GCRLISLRSE KDGAATGVDA	
50	112	GSRKFNITER VLQGLLTPLF KNSSVGPLYS GCRLISLRSE KDGAATGVDA GSRKFNITES VLQGLLTPLF KNSSVGPLYS GCRLISLRPE KDGAATGMDA	
	95	GSRKFNITES VLQGLLTPLF KNSSVGFLIS GCRLTSLRPE KDGAATGMDA GSRKFNITER VLQGLLNPIF KNSSVGPLYS GCRLTLLRPE KDGAATRVDA GSRKFNTMER VLQGLLKPLF KSTSVGPLYS GCRLTLLRPE KDGAATRVDA	
	71	GSRKFNTMER VLQGLLKPLF KSTSVGPLIS GCRLTLLRPE KDGAATRVDA GSRKFNTMER VLQGLLMPLF KNTSVSSLYS GCRLTLLRPE KDGAATRVDA	
	78	GSRKFNTMER VLQGLLMPLF KNTSVSSLIS GCRLTLLRPE KQEAATGVDT GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLMPLF KNTSVGPLYS GCRLTLLRPE KQEAATGVDA	
	115	GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLMPLF KNTSVGPLYS GCRLTLLRPK KDGAATGVDA GSRKFNTMES VLQGLLKPLF KNTSVGPLYS GCRLTLLRPK KDGAATGVDA	
55	91	1 GSRKFNTMES VLQGLLKPLF KNTSVGPLIS GCRLIBLKYK 12001-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	
	92	2 GSRKFNITER VLQGLLRPLF KNSSLLTLTS GGRAFF	

# Amino Acid Sequence for a 1200 bp Repeat in the CA125 Molecule (SEQ ID NO: 36 thru SEQ ID NO: 46)

J		
	113	GSRKFNTTER VLQSLFGPMF KNTSVGPLYS GCRLTLFRSE KDGAATGVDA
	711	GSRKFNTTER VLQSLFGPMF KNISVGPHIS GCKLTLLXXX XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
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10		
	910	ACTYRPDPKS PGLDREQLIW ELSQUINGT TO GRAWL DRD SI VINGETHR
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15	95	PROOF WE FIGOLITHSIT ELGPYTLDRD SLYVNGFTQR
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20	92	TOTARPHIED HOUSENLYW ELSOLTNGIK ELGPYTLDRN SLYVNGFTHQ
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25	910	CON PERCED CISTVHLATS GTPSSLPGHT APVPLLIFFI BAFTITALE
ر 2	99	GGV PTTSIP GTSAVHLETS GTPASLPGHT APGPELIFFI ENTITED OF
ŗ <b>n</b>	112	SI GLTTSTP WTSTVDLGTS GTPSPVPSPT TAGPLLIPFT THE ONLY THE ONLY THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE
25 <u>0</u>	95	NS VPTTSTP GTSTVYWATT GTPSSFPGHT EPGPLLIFFI LNTTINGOV
4.4	71	SSV.PTTSTP GTFTVQPETS ETPSSLPGPT ATGPVLLPFT INFTITUDE
30J	78	SSM. PTTSTP GTSTVDVGTS GTPSSSPSPT TAGPLIMPFT INFTLINLOY
ţij.	115	GVLCPPPSIL GIFTVQPETF EIPSSEFGIT ATTENTION INFETTALOY
	91	SEVAP. TSTL GTSTVDLGTS GTPSSLPSPT TGVPLLTFT HATTITALOV
ij	92	SFM.PTTSTL GTSTVDVGTS GIPSSSPSF1 THEFT INTERITURED
icad . Fil	113	TS.APNTSTP GTSTVDLGTS GIPSSHF511 STANDER INFETTALOY
35	711	SSVAP.TSTP GTSTVDLGTS GTPSSLPSPT TV.PLLVPFT ENFITTING
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- 1		301 EEDMRHPGSR KFNTMERVLQ GLLRPLFKNT SIGPLYSSCR LTLLRPEKDK
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	11	
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55		TOTAL
	7	8 AATGVDAICT EREDFIGIGE EREDFIGIGE

5		Amino Acid Sequence for a 1200 bp Repeat in the CA125 Molecule (SEQ ID NO: 36 thru SEQ ID NO: 46)
10	115 91 92 113 711	AATGVDTICT HRVDPIGPGL DRERLYWELS QLTNSITELG PYTLDRDSLY AATRVVAVCT HRPDPKSPGL DRERLYWKLS QLTHGITELG PYTLDRHSLY AATGVDAICT HRLDPKSPGL NREQLYWELS KLTNDIEELG PYTLDRNSLY AATGVDAICT HRLDPKSPGL NREQLYWELS KL
15 20 25 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	910 99 112 95 71 78 115 91 92 113 711	VNGFTHRNFV PITSTPGTST VHLGTSEIHP SLPRPIVP GPL~~~ VNGFTQRSSV PTTSIPGTPT VDLGTSGTPV SKPGPSAA SP~~~~ VNGFTHRSSV PTTSIPGTSA VHLETSGTPA SLPGHTAP GPLL~~ VNGFTHRSSV PTTSIPGTSA VHLETSGTPA SLPGHTAP VPL~~~ VNGFTHRSSV PTTSIPGTSA VHLETSGTPA SLPGHTAP GPLLIPF VNGFTHQSSW PTTSTPGTST VHLATSGTPS SLPGHTAP VPLLIPF VNGFTHQSSW TTTRTPDTST MHLATSRTPA SLSGPTTA SPLLIPF VNGFTHQSSV STTSTPGTST VDLGTSGTPS SLSSPTIMAA GPLLI~~

TABLE 6

## Amino Acid Sequence for a 9 Repeat Structure in the CA125 Molecule (SEQ ID NO: 47)

ERVLQGLLKP LFRNSSLEYL YSGCRLASLR PEKDSSAMAV DAICTHRPDP EDLGLDRERL YWELSNLTNG IQELGPYTLD RNSLYVNGFT HRSSMPTTST PGTSTVDVGT SGTPSSSPSP TTAGPLLMPF TLNFTITNLQ YEEDMRRTGS RKFNTMERVL QGPLSPIFKN SSVGPLYSGC RLTSLRPEKD GAATGM DAV 10 CLYHPNPKRP GLDREQLYWE LSQLTHNITE LGPYSLDRDS LYVNGFTHQN SVPTTSTPGT STVYWATTGT PSSFPGHTEP GPLLIPFTLN FTITNLQYEE NMGHPGSRKF NITERVLQGL LNPIFKNSSV GPLYSGCRLT SLRPEKDGAA TGMDAVCLYH PNPKRPGLDR EQLYCELSQL THNITELGPY SLDRDSLYVN GFTHQNSVPT TSTPGTSTVY WATTGTPSSF PGHTEPGPLL IPFTLNFTIT 15 NLQYEEDMRR TGSRKFNTME RVLQGLLKPL FKSTSVGPLY SGCRLTLLRP EKHGAATGVD AICTLRLDPT GPGLDRERLY WELSQLTNSV TELGPYTLDR DSLYVNGFTH RSSVPTTSIP GTSAVHLETS GTPASLPGHT APGPLLVPFT LNFTITNLQY EEDMRHPGSR KFNTTERVLQ GLLKPLFKST SVGPLYSGCR LTLLRPEKRG AATGVDTICT HRLDPLNPGL DREQLYWELS KLTRGIIELG 20 PYLLDRGSLY VNGFTHRNFV PITSTPGTST VHLGTSETPS SLPRPIVPGP LLIPFTLNFT ITNLQYEENM GHPGSRKFNI TERVLQGLLK PLFRNSSLEY LYSGCRLASL RPEKDSSAMA VDAICTHRPD PEDLGLDRER LYWELSNLTN GIQELGPYTL DRNSLYVNGF THRSSMPTTS TPGTSTVDVG TSGTPSSSPS PTTAGPLLMP FTLNFTITNL QYEEDMRRTG SRKFNTMESV LQGLLKPLFK NTSVGPLYSG CRLTLLRPKK DGAATGVDAI CTHRLDPKSP GLNREQLYWE î LSKLTNDIEE VGPYTLDRNS LYVNGFTHRS FVAPTSTLGT STVDLGTSGT PSSLPSPTTG VPLLIPFTLN FTITNLQYEE NMGHPGSRKF NIMERVLQGL LSPIFKNSSV GSLYSGCRLT LLRPEKDGAA TRVDAVCTHR PDPKSPGLDR ERLYWKLSQL THGIIELGPY TLDRHSFYVN GFTHQSSMTT TRTPDTSTMH 304 LATSRTPASL SGPTTASPLL VLFTINFTIT NQRYEENMHH PGSRKFNTTE ĨŨ RVLQGLLRPV FKNTSVGPLY SGCRLTLLRP KKDGAATKVD AICTYRPDPK SPGLDREQLY WELSQLTHSI TELGPYTQDR DSLYVNGFTH RSSVPTTSIP GTSAVHLETS GTPASLP

### TABLE 7

cDNA Genbank Accession # AK024365 Encompasses Repeat Sequences (Repeats 1 & 2)

Homologous to Two Repeats Shown in Table 6

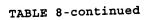
(SEQ ID NO: 48)

35D 1U 13 44		10 15 20 25 30 30 35 37 70	RLYWKLSQLT ATSRTPASLS VLQGLLRPVF PGLDREQLYW TSAVHLETSG FNTTERVLQG HPDPKSPRLD TTSTPGTPTV PGSRKFNTTE AICTHRPDPT RSSVPTTSTG LSPLFQRSSL KQVFHELSQQ LPPLSEATTA LRPLFQKSSM QQLYWELSQI NWNLSNPDPT VLVTVKALFS SVYQPTSSSS LFRNSSIKSY EFLRMTRNGT LAGLLGLITG	HGIIELGPYT GPTTASPLLV KNTSVGPLYS ELSQLTHSIT TPASLPGPSA LLRSLFKSTS REQLYWELSQ YLGASKTPAS RVLQGLLRPL GPGLDREQLY VVSEEPFTLN GARYTGCRVI THGITRLGPY MGYHLKTLTL GPFYLGCQLI THGVTQLGFY SSEYITLLRI SNLDPSLVEQ TQHFYLNFTI	VFLDKTLNAS TNLPYSQDKA	QRYEENMHHP KDGAATKVDA SLYVNGFTHR NFTITNLRYE TLLRPEKDGT YALDNDSLFV LILFTLNFTI SGSRLTLLRP TELGPYTLDR DMGQPGSLKF TRVDLLCTYL GYNEPGLDEP PDMGKGSATF TGVDTTCTYH GYAPQNLSIR GSQLHDTFRF FHWLGSTYQL QPGTTNYQRN DSLCNFSPLA	GSRKFNTTER ICTYRPDPKS SSVPTTSIPG ENMQHPGSRK ATGVDAICTH NGFTHRSSVS TNLRYEENMW EKDGEATGVD DSLYVNGFTH NITDNVMKHL QPLSGPGLPI PTTPKPATTF NSTEGVLQHL PDPVGPGLDI GEYQINFHIV CLVTNLTMDS VDIHVTEMES KRNIEDALNQ RRVDRVAIYE LPFWAVILIG	
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TABLE 8

5	Complet	ce DNA Sequence for 13 Repeats including the Carboxy Terminus of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 49)
-	1	GAGAGGGTTC TGCAGGGTCT GCTCAAACCC TTGTTCAGGA ATAGCAGTCT
10	51	GGAATACCTC TATTCAGGCT GCAGACTAGC CTCACTCAGG CCAGAGAAGG
	101	ATAGCTCAGC CATGGCAGTG GATGCCATCT GCACACATCG CCCTGACCCT
1.5	151	GAAGACCTCG GACTGGACAG AGAGCGACTG TACTGGGAGC TGAGCAATCT
15	201	GACAAATGGC ATCCAGGAGC TGGGCCCCTA CACCCTGGAC CGGAACAGTC
	251	TCTATGTCAA TGGTTTCACC CATCGAAGCT CTATGCCCAC CACCAGCACT
20	301	CCTGGGACCT CCACAGTGGA TGTGGGAACC TCAGGGACTC CATCCTCCAG
	351	CCCCAGCCCC ACGACTGCTG GCCCTCTCCT GATGCCGTTC ACCCTCAACT
u J	401	TCACCATCAC CAACCTGCAG TACGAGGAGG ACATGCGTCG CACTGGCTCC
25្បី ក្រា	451	AGGAAGTTCA ACACCATGGA GAGGGTTCTG CAGGGTCCGC TTAGTCCCAT
	501	ATTCAAGAAC TCCAGTGTTG GCCCTCTGTA CTCTGGCTGC AGACTGACCT
30.	551	CTCTCAGGCC CGAGAAGGAT GGGGCAGCAA CTGGAATGGA TGCTGTCTGC
<b>(1</b>	601	CTCTACCACC CTAATCCCAA AAGACCTGGG CTGGACAGAG AGCAGCTGTA
a a	651	CTGGGAGCTA AGCCAGCTGA CCCACAACAT CACTGAGCTG GGCCCCTACA
3 <b>5</b> 1	701	GCCTGGACAG GGACAGTCTC TATGTCAATG GTTTCACCCA TCAGAACTCT
1	751	GTGCCCACCA CCAGTACTCC TGGGACCTCC ACAGTGTACT GGGCAACCAC
40	801	TGGGACTCCA TCCTCCTTCC CCGGCCACAC AGAGCCTGGC CCTCTCCTGA
	851	TACCATTCAC GCTCAACTTC ACCATCACTA ACCTACAGTA TGAGGAGAAC
4.5	901	ATGGGTCACC CTGGCTCCAG GAAGTTCAAC ATCACGGAGA GGGTTCTGCA
45	951	GGGTCTGCTT AATCCCATTT TCAAGAACTC CAGTGTTGGC CCTCTGTACT
	1001	CTGGCTGCAG ACTGACCTCT CTCAGGCCCG AGAAGGATGG GGCAGCAACT
50	1051	GGAATGGATG CTGTCTGCCT CTACCACCCT AATCCCAAAA GACCTGGGCT
	1101	GGACAGAGA CAGCTGTACT GCGAGCTAAG CCAGCTGACC CACAACATCA
55	1151	CTGAGCTGGG CCCCTACAGC TTGGACAGGG ACAGTCTTTA TGTCAATGGT

5	Complet	e DNA Sequence for 13 Repeats including the Carboxy Terminus of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 49)
_	1201	TTCACCCATC AGAACTCTGT GCCCACCACC AGTACTCCTG GGACCTCCAC
10	1251	AGTGTACTGG GCAACCACTG GGACTCCATC CTCCTTCCCC GGCCACACAG
	1301	AGCCTGGCCC TCTCCTGATA CCATTCACCC TCAACTTCAC CATCACCAAC
	1351	CTGCAGTACG AGGAGGACAT GCGTCGCACT GGCTCCAGGA AGTTCAACAC
15	1401	CATGGAGAGG GTCTGCTCAA GCCCTTGTTC AAGAGCACCA
	1451	GCGTTGGCCC TCTGTACTCT GGCTGCAGAC TGACCTTGCT CAGACCTGAG
20	1501	AAACATGGGG CAGCCACTGG AGTGGACGCC ATCTGCACCC TCCGCCTTGA
ಷ್ಟ ಸಾಹ್ಮ	1551	TCCCACTGGT CCTGGACTGG ACAGAGAGCG GCTATACTGG GAGCTGAGCC
	1601	AGCTGACCAA CAGCGTTACA GAGCTGGGCC CCTACACCCT GGACAGGGAC
2 <b>5</b> ]	1651	AGTCTCTATG TCAATGGCTT CACCCATCGG AGCTCTGTGC CAACCACCAG
Harry Harry	1701	TATTCCTGGG ACCTCTGCAG TGCACCTGGA AACCTCTGGG ACTCCAGCCT
30	1751	CCCTCCCTGG CCACACAGCC CCTGGCCCTC TCCTGGTGCC ATTCACCCTC
E	1801	AACTTCACTA TCACCAACCT GCAGTATGAG GAGGACATGC GTCACCCTGG
ţ.Д	1851	TTCCAGGAAG TTCAACACCA CGGAGAGAGT CCTGCAGGGT CTGCTCAAGC
3 <b>5</b>	1901	CCTTGTTCAA GAGCACCAGT GTTGGCCCTC TGTACTCTGG CTGCAGACTG
[] [4	1951	ACCTTGCTCA GGCCTGAAAA ACGTGGGGCA GCCACCGGCG TGGACACCAT
40	2001	CTGCACTCAC CGCCTTGACC CTCTAAACCC TGGACTGGAC
	2051	TATACTGGGA GCTGAGCAAA CTGACCCGTG GCATCATCGA GCTGGGCCCC
4.5	2101	TACCTCCTGG ACAGAGGCAG TCTCTATGTC AATGGTTTCA CCCATCGGAA
45	2151	CTTTGTGCCC ATCACCAGCA CTCCTGGGAC CTCCACAGTA CACCTAGGAA
	2201	CCTCTGAAAC TCCATCCTCC CTACCTAGAC CCATAGTGCC TGGCCCTCTC
50	2251	CTGATACCAT TCACACTCAA CTTCACCATC ACTAACCTAC AGTATGAGGA
	2301	GAACATGGGT CACCCTGGCT CCAGGAAGTT CAACATCACG GAGAGGGTTC
55	2351	TGCAGGGTCT GCTCAAACCC TTGTTCAGGA ATAGCAGTCT GGAATACCTC



5	Complete DNA Sequence for 13 Repeats including the Carboxy Terminus of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 49)	
	2401 TATTCAGGCT GCAGACTAAC CTCACTCAGG CCAGAGAAGG ATAGCTCAAC	
10	2451 CATGGCAGTG GATGCCATCT GCACACATCG CCCTGACCCT GAAGACCTCG	
	2501 GACTGGACAG AGAGCGACTG TACTGGGAGC TGAGCAATCT GACAAATGGC	
	2551 ATCCAGGAGC TGGGCCCCTA CACCCTGGAC CGGAACAGTC TCTATGTCAA	
15	2601 TGGTTTCACC CATCGAAGCT CTATGCCCAC CACCAGCACT CCTGGGACCT	
	2651 CCACAGTGGA TGTGGGAACC TCAGGGACTC CATCCTCCAG CCCCAGCCCC	
20	2701 ACGACTGCTG GCCCTCTCCT GATGCCGTTC ACCCTCAACT TCACCATCAC	
23 MAZ	2751 CAACCTGCAG TACGAGGAGG ACATGCGTCG CACTGGCTCC AGGAAGTTCA	
	2801 ACACCATGGA GAGTGTCCTG CAGGGTCTGC TCAAGCCCTT GTTCAAGAAC	
2 <b>5</b> 1	2851 ACCAGTGTTG GCCCTCTGTA CTCTGGCTGC AGATTGACCT TGCTCAGGCC	
2 <b>a</b> 11	2901 CAAGAAAGAT GGGGCAGCCA CTGGAGTGGA TGCCATCTGC ACCCACCGCC	
3 <b>0</b>	2951 TTGACCCCAA AAGCCCTGGA CTCAACAGGG AGCAGCTGTA CTGGGAGTTA	
3	3001 AGCAAACTGA CCAATGACAT TGAAGAGGTG GGCCCCTACA CCTTGGACAG	
15 <u>.</u> 35 <u>.</u>	3051 GAACAGTCTC TATGTCAATG GTTTCACCCA TCGGAGCTTT GTGGCCCCCA	
3 <b>්</b> ද් []	3101 CCAGCACTCT TGGGACCTCC ACAGTGGACC TTGGGACCTC AGGGACTCCA	
k <del>u</del>	3151 TCCTCCCTCC CCAGCCCCAC AACAGGTGTT CCTCTCCTGA TACCATTCAC	
40	3201 ACTCAACTTC ACCATCACTA ACCTACAGTA TGAGGAGAAC ATGGGTCACC	
	3251 CTGGCTCCAG GAAGTTCAAC ATCATGGAGA GGGTTCTGCA GGGTCTGCTT	
	3301 ATGCCCTTGT TCAAGAACAC CAGTGTCAGC TCTCTGTACT CTGGTTGCAG	
45	3351 ACTGACCTTG CTCAGGCCTG AGAAGGATGG GGCAGCCACC AGAGTGGTTG	
	3401 CTGTCTGCAC CCATCGTCCT GACCCCAAAA GCCCTGGACT GGACAGAGAG	
50	3451 CGGCTGTACT GGAAGCTGAG CCAGCTGACC CACGGCATCA CTGAGCTGGG	
	3501 CCCCTACACC CTGGACAGGC ACAGTCTCTA TGTCAATGGT TTCACCCATC	
55	3551 AGAGCTCTAT GACGACCACC AGAACTCCTG ATACCTCCAC AATGCACCTG	



5	Complete DNA Sequence for 13 Repeats including the Carboxy Terminus of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 49)
-	3601 GCAACCTCGA GAACTCCAGC CTCCCTGTCT GGACCTACGA CCGCCAGCCC
10	3651 TCTCCTGATA CCATTCACAA TTAACTTCAC CATCACTAAC CTGCGGTATG
	3701 AGGAGAACAT GCATCACCCT GGCTCTAGAA AGTTTAACAC CACGGAGAGA
	3751 GTCCTTCAGG GTCTGCTCAG GCCTGTGTTC AAGAACACCA GTGTTGGCCC
15	3801 TCTGTACTCT GGCTGCAGAC TGACCTTGCT CAGGCCCAAG AAGGATGGGG
	3851 CAGCCACCAA AGTGGATGCC ATCTGCACCT ACCGCCCTGA TCCCAAAAGC
20	3901 CCTGGACTGG ACAGAGAGCA GCTATACTGG GAGCTGAGCC AGCTAACCCA
# <b>5</b> 9	3951 CAGCATCACT GAGCTGGGCC CCTACACCCT GGACAGGGAC AGTCTCTATG
	4001 TCAATGGTTT CACACAGCGG AGCTCTGTGC CCACCACTAG CATTCCTGGG
25 25	4051 ACCCCCACAG TGGACCTGGG AACATCTGGG ACTCCAGTTT CTAAACCTGG
12 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	4101 TCCCTCGGCT GCCAGCCCTC TCCTGGTGCT ATTCACTCTC AACTTCACCA
3 <b>0</b>	4151 TCACCAACCT GCGGTATGAG GAGAACATGC AGCACCCTGG CTCCAGGAAG
	4201 TTCAACACCA CGGAGAGGGT CCTTCAGGGC CTGCTCAGGT CCCTGTTCAA
1 <u>1</u> 3 <b>5</b>	4251 GAGCACCAGT GTTGGCCCTC TGTACTCTGG CTGCAGACTG ACTTTGCTCA
35	4301 GGCCTGAAAA GGATGGGACA GCCACTGGAG TGGATGCCAT CTGCACCCAC
- <b>1</b>	4351 CACCCTGACC CCAAAAGCCC TAGGCTGGAC AGAGAGCAGC TGTATTGGGA
40	4401 GCTGAGCCAG CTGACCCACA ATATCACTGA GCTGGGCCAC TATGCCCTGG
40	4451 ACAACGACAG CCTCTTTGTC AATGGTTTCA CTCATCGGAG CTCTGTGTCC
	4501 ACCACCAGCA CTCCTGGGAC CCCCACAGTG TATCTGGGAG CATCTAAGAC
45	4551 TCCAGCCTCG ATATTTGGCC CTTCAGCTGC CAGCCATCTC CTGATACTAT
	4601 TCACCCTCAA CTTCACCATC ACTAACCTGC GGTATGAGGA GAACATGTGG
50	4651 CCTGGCTCCA GGAAGTTCAA CACTACAGAG AGGGTCCTTC AGGGCCTGCT
30	4701 AAGGCCCTTG TTCAAGAACA CCAGTGTTGG CCCTCTGTAC TCTGGCTCCA
55	4701 AAGGECETTO TOTAL 4751 GGCTGACCTT GCTCAGGCCA GAGAAAGATG GGGAAGCCAC CGGAGTGGAT

5	Complete DNA Sequence for 13 Repeats including the Carboxy Terminus of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 49)
_	4801 GCCATCTGCA CCCACCGCCC TGACCCCACA GGCCCTGGGC TGGACAGAGA
10	4851 GCAGCTGTAT TTGGAGCTGA GCCAGCTGAC CCACAGCATC ACTGAGCTGG
10	4901 GCCCCTACAC ACTGGACAGG GACAGTCTCT ATGTCAATGG TTTCACCCAT
	4951 CGGAGCTCTG TACCCACCAC CAGCACCGGG GTGGTCAGCG AGGAGCCATT
15	THE STEAR CENTER ACAACCTGCG CTACATGGCG GACATGGGCC
	ARTEGORIC COTCAACTTC AACATCACAG ACAACGTCAT GAAGCACCTG
	TOTAL TEST TEST COLGAG GAGCAGCCTG GGTGCACGGT ACACAGGCTG
20	TO THE SEA CONCENNEGT CTGTGAAGAA CGGTGCTGAG ACACGGGTGG
2.5	TARGETCES CACCEACCEG CAGCCCCTCA GCGGCCCAGG TCTGCCTATC
2 <b>5</b>	5201 ACCTCCTCTG CACCTACCTG GIVET 5251 AAGCAGGTGT TCCATGAGCT GAGCCAGCAG ACCCATGGCA TCACCCGGCT
M	TOTAL ANGACAGOOT CTACCTTAAC GGTTACAATG
,.j.	5301 GGGCCCCTAC TCTCTGGACA AAGACAGGGT TT 5351 AACCTGGTCT AGATGAGCCT CCTACAACTC CCAAGCCAGC CACCACATTC
30	5351 AACCTGGTCT AGATGAGCCT CCTACAMOTO 5401 CTGCCTCCTC TGTCAGAAGC CACAACAGCC ATGGGGTACC ACCTGAAGAC
	5401 CTGCCTCCTC TGTCAGAAGC CACAACAGCC MTGGG 5451 CCTCACACTC AACTTCACCA TCTCCAATCT CCAGTATTCA CCAGATATGG
35 <sub>1</sub>	
	5501 GCAAGGGCTC AGCTACATTC AACTCCACCG AGGGGGTCCT TCAGCACCTG
. <b></b>	5551 CTCAGACCCT TGTTCCAGAA GAGCAGCATG GGCCCCTTCT ACTTGGGTTG
40	5601 CCAACTGATC TCCCTCAGGC CTGAGAAGGA TGGGGCAGCC ACTGGTGTGG
	5651 ACACCACCTG CACCTACCAC CCTGACCCTG TGGGCCCCGG GCTGGACATA
45	5701 CAGCAGCTTT ACTGGGAGCT GAGTCAGCTG ACCCATGGTG TCACCCAACT
45	5751 GGGCTTCTAT GTCCTGGACA GGGATAGCCT CTTCATCAAT GGCTATGCAC
	5801 CCCAGAATTT ATCAATCCGG GGCGAGTACC AGATAAATTT CCACATTGTC
50	5851 AACTGGAACC TCAGTAATCC AGACCCCACA TCCTCAGAGT ACATCACCCT
	5901 GCTGAGGGAC ATCCAGGACA AGGTCACCAC ACTCTACAAA GGCAGTCAAC
	5951 TACATGACAC ATTCCGCTTC TGCCTGGTCA CCAACTTGAC GATGGACTCC
55	

5	omplete DNA Sequence for 13 Repeats including the Carboxy Terminus of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 49)
_	6001 GTGTTGGTCA CTGTCAAGGC ATTGTTCTCC TCCAATTTGG ACCCCAGCCT
10	6051 GGTGGAGCAA GTCTTTCTAG ATAAGACCCT GAATGCCTCA TTCCATTGGC
	6101 TGGGCTCCAC CTACCAGTTG GTGGACATCC ATGTGACAGA AATGGAGTCA
	6151 TCAGTTTATC AACCAACAAG CAGCTCCAGC ACCCAGCACT TCTACCCGAA
15	6201 TTTCACCATC ACCAACCTAC CATATTCCCA GGACAAAGCC CAGCCAGGCA
	6251 CCACCAATTA CCAGAGGAAC AAAAGGAATA TTGAGGATGC GCTCAACCAA
20	6301 CTCTTCCGAA ACAGCAGCAT CAAGAGTTAT TTTTCTGACT GTCAAGTTTC
	6351 AACATTCAGG TCTGTCCCCA ACAGGCACCA CACCGGGGTG GACTCCCTGT
\ <u></u>	6401 GTAACTTCTC GCCACTGGCT CGGAGAGTAG ACAGAGTTGC CATCTATGAG
25°	6451 GAATTTCTGC GGATGACCCG GAATGGTACC CAGCTGCAGA ACTTCACCCT
25 25 17 19 30	6501 GGACAGGAGC AGTGTCCTTG TGGATGGGTA TTCTCCCAAC AGAAATGAGC
<b>30</b>	6551 CCTTAACTGG GAATTCTGAC CTTCCCTTCT GGGCTGTCAT CTTCATCGGC
E THE	6601 TTGGCAGGAC TCCTGGGACT CATCACATGC CTGATCTGCG GTGTCCTGGT
<b>.</b>	6651 GACCACCCGC CGGCGGAAGA AGGAAGGAGA ATACAACGTC CAGCAACAGT
3 <b>5</b>	6701 GCCCAGGCTA CTACCAGTCA CACCTAGACC TGGAGGATCT GCAATGACTG
5; 255 \$7; 255 \$7; 255	6751 GAACTTGCCG GTGCCTGGGG TGCCTTTCCC CCAGCCAGGG TCCAAAGAAG
40	6801 CTTGGCTGGG GCAGAATAA ACCATATTGG TCG

Complete Amino Acid Sequence for 13 Repeats Contiguous with the Carboxy Terminus of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 50)

-	ERVL	QGLLKP	LFRNSSLEYL	YSGCRLASLR	1 PEKDSSAMAV	DAICTHRPDP
10	EDLG	LDRERL	YWELSNLTNG	IQELGPYTLD	RNSLYVNGFT	HRSSMPTTST
	PGTS	TVDVGT	SGTPSSSPSP	TTAGPLLMPF	TLNFTITNLQ	
15	RKFN	TMERVL	QGPLSPIFKN	SSVGPLYSG <u>C</u>	RLTSLRPEKD	
13	LYHP	NPKRPG	LDREQLYWEL	SQLTHNITEL	GPYSLDRDSL	YVNGFTHQNS
	VPTT	STPGTS	TVYWATTGTP	SSFPGHTEPG	PLLIPFTLNF	TITNLQYEEN 3
20	<b>M</b> GHP	GSRKFN	ITERVLQGLL	NPIFKNSSVG	PLYSGCRLTS	
	GMDA	<u>VC</u> LYHP	NPKRPGLDRE	QLYCELSQLT	HNITELGPYS	LDRDSLYVNG
[] 2 <b>5</b> ]	FTHQ	NSVPTT	STPGTSTVYW	ATTGTPSSFP	GHTEPGPLLI	PFTLNFTITN 4
TO On	LQYE	ED <b>M</b> RRT	GSRKFNTMER	VLQGLLKPLF	KSTSVGPLYS	_
M	KHGA	ATGVDA	<u>IC</u> TLRLDPTG	PGLDRERLYW	ELSQLTNSVT	ELGPYTLDRD
30	SLYV	NGFTHR	SSVPTTSIPG	TSAVHLETSG	TPASLPGHTA	PGPLLVPFTL
	NFTI	TNLQYE 5	ED <b>M</b> RHPGSRK	FNTTERVLQG	LLKPLFKSTS	VGPLYSGCRL
□ 3 <b>5</b>	TLLR	PEKRGA	ATGVDTICTH	RLDPLNPGLD	REQLYWELSK	LTRGIIELGP
/U	YLLD	RGSLYV	NGFTHRNFVP	ITSTPGTSTV	HLGTSETPSS	LPRPIVPGPL
	LIPF	TLNFTI	TNLQYEEN <b>M</b> G	HPGSRKFNIT	ERVLQGLLKP	LFRNSSLEYL
40	YSG <u>C</u>	RLASLR	_	DAICTHRPDP	EDLGLDRERL	YWELSNLTNG
	IQEL	GPYTLD	RNSLYVNGFT	HRSSMPTTST	PGTSTVDVGT	SGTPSSSPSP
45	TTAG	PLLMPF	TLNFTITNLQ		RKFNTMESVL	QGLLKPLFKN
	TSVG	PLYSG <u>C</u>			THRLDPKSPG	LNREQLYWEL
	SKLT	NDIEEV	GPYTLDRNSL	YVNGFTHRSF	VAPTSTLGTS	TVDLGTSGTP
50	SSLP	SPTTGV	PLLIPFTLNF	TITNLQYEEN 8	<b>M</b> GHPGSRKFN	IMERVLQGLL
	SPIF	KNSSVG	SLYSGCRLTL		RVDAVCTHRP	DPKSPGLDRE
55	RLYW	KLSQLT	HGIIELGPYT	LDRHSFYVNG	FTHQSSMTTT	RTPDTSTMHL
- <del>-</del>	ATSR	TPASLS	GPTTASPLLV	LFTINFTITN	QRYEEN <b>M</b> HHP	GSRKFNTTER

Complete Amino Acid Sequence for 13 Repeats Contiguous with the Carboxy Terminus of CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 50)

9 VLQGLLRPVF KNTSVGPLYS GCRLTLLRPK KDGAATKVDA ICTYRPDPKS PGLDREQLYW ELSQLTHSIT ELGPYTQDRD SLYVNGFTHR SSVPTTSIPG 10 TSAVHLETSG TPASLPGPSA ASPLLVLFTL NFTITNLRYE ENMQHPGSRK FNTTERVLQG LLRSLFKSTS VGPLYSGCRL TLLRPEKDGT ATGVDAICTH 15 HPDPKSPRLD REQLYWELSQ LTHNITELGH YALDNDSLFV NGFTHRSSVS TTSTPGTPTV YLGASKTPAS IFGPSAASHL LILFTLNFTI TNLRYEENMW PGSRKFNTTE RVLQGLLRPL FKNTSVGPLY SGSRLTLLRP EKDGEATGVD 20 AICTHRPDPT GPGLDREQLY LELSQLTHSI TELGPYTLDR DSLYVNGFTH 25 17 17 RSSVPTTSTG VVSEEPFTLN FTINNLRYMA DMGQPGSLKF NITDNVMKHL LSPLFQRSSL GARYTGCRVI ALRSVKNGAE TRVDLLCTYL QPLSGPGLPI KQVFHELSQQ THGITRLGPY SLDKDSLYLN GYNEPGLDEP PTTPKPATTF IJ LPPLSEATTA MGYHLKTLTL NFTISNLQYS PDMGKGSATF NSTEGVLQHL 30 35 35 LRPLFQKSSM GPFYLGCQLI SLRPEKDGAA TGVDTTCTYH PDPVGPGLDI QQLYWELSQL THGVTQLGFY VLDRDSLFIN GYAPQNLSIR GEYQINFHIV NWNLSNPDPT SSEYITLLRD IQDKVTTLYK GSQLHDTFRF CLVTNLTMDS VLVTVKALFS SNLDPSLVEQ VFLDKTLNAS FHWLGSTYQL VDIHVTEMES SVYQPTSSSS TQHFYLNFTI TNLPYSQDKA QPGTTNYQRN KRNIEDALNQ 40 LFRNSSIKSY FSDCQVSTFR SVPNRHHTGV DSLCNFSPLA RRVDRVAIYE EFLRMTRNGT QLQNFTLDRS SVLVDGYSPN RNEPLTGNSD LPFWAVILIG 45 LAGLLGLITC LICGVLVTTR RRKKEGEYNV QQQCPGYYQS HLDLEDLQ

5

#### TABLE 10A

5	19 Cosmid AC00873 (SEQ ID NO: 52, Frame in Contig # Contig #32 (SEQ	e for End of the Open Reading Frame for Contig #32 of Chromosome 4 (SEQ ID NO: 51), Primer Sequence from within the Repeat Region 3 Primer Sets Synthesized to Piece Together Entire Open Reading 32 (SEQ ID NOS: 53 thru 58), Primers to Cosmid No. AC008734 for ID NOS: 59 and 60), Sense Primer Sequence (supplied by Ambion) 1, Anti-Sense Primer Sequence for CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 62), and 1, Anti-Sense Primer Sequence Primer Sequence Primer					
10	(SEQ ID NO: 61), Anti-Sense Primer Sequence for Gillo (SEQ ID NO: 63) and Anti-Sense Primer 5'Sense Primer Sequence (from Ambion) (SEQ ID NO: 64)  Specific to CA125 (SEQ ID NO: 64)						
1.5	(SEQ ID NO: 51)	(5'-CAGCAGAGACCAGCACGAGTACTC-3')					
15	(SEQ ID NO: 52)	(5'-TCCACTGCCATGGCTGAGCT-3')					
	Primer Sets						
20	(SEQ ID NO: 53)	(Set 1) 5'-CCAGCACAGCTCTTCCCAGGAC-3'					
20 f1	(SEQ ID NO: 54)	5'-GGAATGGCTGAGCTGCTG-3')					
S	(SEQ ID NO: 55)	(Set 2) 5'-CTTCCCAGGACAACCTCAAGG-3'					
Ū Ų	(SEQ ID NO: 56	5'-GCAGGATGAGCCACGTG-3'					
217	(SEQ ID NO: 57)	(Set 3) 5'-GTCAGATCTGGTGACCTCACTG-3'					
	(SEQ ID NO: 58)	5'-GAGGCACTGGAAAGCCCAGAG-3'					
	(SEO ID NO: 59)	5'-CTGATGGCATTATGGAACACATCAC-3'					
30	(SEQ ID NO: 60)	5'-CCCAGAACGAGACCAGTGAG-3'					
M	(SEQ ID NO: 61)	5'-GCTGATGGCGATGAATGAACACTG-3'					
30	(SEQ ID NO: 62)	5'-CCCAGAACGAGAGACCAGTGAG-3'					
35	(SEQ ID NO: 63) (SEQ ID NO: 64)	5'-CGCGGATCCGAACACTGCGTTTGCTGGCTTTGATG-3' 5'-CCTCTGTGTGCTGCTTCATTGGG-3'					

#### TABLE 10B

Sense	and Anti-Sense Primers Used to Order the CA125 Carboxy Terminal Domain (SEQ. ID NO: 303 and SEQ ID NO: 304, respectively)
(SEQ ID (SEQ ID	NO: 303) 5'-GGACAAGGTCACCACACTCTAC-3' NO: 304) 5'-GCAGATCCTCCAGGTCTAGGTGTG-3'
	TABLE 10C
	Sense and Anti-Sense Primers Used to Amplify Overlapping Sequences in the Repeat Domain (SEQ ID NO: 305 and SEQ ID NO: 306, respectively)
(SEQ III	NO: 305) 5' GTC TCT ATG TCA ATG GTT TCA CCC-3' NO: 306) 5'-TAG CTG CTC TCT GTC CAG TCC-3'

#### TABLE 11

5' Sense Primer 1 Sequence and 3' Antisense Primer 2

(SEQ ID NO: 65 and SEQ ID NO: 66, respectively), and

Nucleotide and Amino Acid Sequences of the CA125 Repeat Expressed in E. coli

(SEQ ID NO: 67 and SEQ ID NO: 68, respectively)

5'-ACCGGATCCATGGGCCACACAGAGCCTGGCCC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 65) 10 5'-TGTAAGCTTAGGCAGGGAGGATGGAGTCC-3' (SEQ ID NO: 66) (SEQ ID NO: 67) 15 ATGAGAGGAT CGCATCACCA TCACCATCAC GGATCCATGG GCCACACAGA GCCTGGCCCT CTCCTGATAC CATTCACTTT CAACTTTACC ATCACCAACC 51 TGCATTATGA GGAAAACATG CAACACCCTG GTTCCAGGAA GTTCAACACC 20 101 ACGGAGAGGG TTCTGCAGGG TCTGCTCAAG CCCTTGTTCA AGAACACCAG J 151 TGTTGGCCCT CTGTACTCTG GCTGCAGACT GACCTTGCTC AGACCTGAGA 25 201 AGCATGAGGC AGCCACTGGA GTGGACACCA TCTGTACCCA CCGCGTTGAT 251 13 13 13 13 13 CCCATCGGAC CTGGACTGGA CAGAGAGCGG CTATACTGGG AGCTGAGCCA 301 GCTGACCAAC AGCATCACAG AGCTGGGACC CTACACCCTG GACAGGGACA 351 fij GTCTCTATGT CAATGGCTTC AACCCTCGGA GCTCTGTGCC AACCACCAGC 401 ACTCCTGGGA CCTCCACAGT GCACCTGGCA ACCTCTGGGA CTCCATCCTC a di 451 35 CCTGCCT 501

(SEQ ID NO: 68)

40

M R G S H H H H H H G S M G H T E P G P L L I P F T F N F T I T N L
H Y E E N M Q H P G S R K F N T T E R V L Q G L L K P L F K N T S V
G P L Y S G C R L T L L R P E K H E A A T G V D T I C T H R V D P I
G P G L D R E R L Y W E L S Q L T N S I T E L G P Y T L D R D S L Y

45

V N G F N P R S S V P T T S T P G T S T V H L A T S G T P S S L P

#### TABLE 12

Additional Multiple Repeat Amino Acid Sequences (SEQ ID NO: 69 thru SEQ ID NO: 80)

#### (SEQ ID NO: 69)

5

10

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25<sub>1</sub>

30

40

45

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ERVLQGLLGP MFKNTSVGLL YSGCRLTLLR PKKDGAATKV DAICTYRPDP KSPGLDREQL YWELSQLTHS ITELGPYTLD RDSLYVNGFT QRSSVPTTSI PGTPTVDLGT SGTPVSKPGP SAASPLLIPF TINFTITNLR YEENMGHPGS RKFNIMERVL QGLLKPLFKN TSVGPLYSGC RLTLLRPKKD GAATGVDAIC THRLDPKSPG LNREQLYWEL SKLTNDIEEL GPYTLDRNSL YVNGFTHQSS VSTTSTPGTS TVDLRTSGTP SSLSSPTIMA AGPLLIPFTI NFTITNLRYE ENMHHPGSRK FNTMERVLQG LLMPLFKNTS VSSLYSGCRL TLLRPEKDGA ATRVDAVCTH RPDPKSPGLD RERLYWKLSQ LTHGITELGP YTLDRNSLYV NGFTHRSSMP TTSTPGTSTV DVGTSGTPSS SPSPTTAGPL LMPFTLNFTI TNLQYEEDMR RTGSRKFNTM ERVLQGLLKP LFKSTSVGPL YSGCRLTLLR PEKHGAATGV DAICTLRLDP TGPGLDRERL YWELSQLTNS VTELGPYTLD RDSLYVNGFT HRSSVPTTSI PGTSAVHLET SGTPASLPGH TAPGPLLIPF TLNFTITNLH YEEN**M**QHPGS RKFNTMERVL QGCLVPCSRN TNVGLLYSG $\underline{C}$ RLTLLRXEKX XAATXVDXXC XXXXDPXXPG LDREXLYWEL SXLTXXIXEL GPYTLDRNSL YVNGFTHRSS VAPTSTPGTS TVDLGTSGTP SSLPSPTTVP LLVPFTLNFT ITNLQYGED $\mathbf{m}$  RHPGSRKFNT TERVLQGLLG PLFKNSSVGP LYSGCRLISL RSEKDGAATG VDAICTHHLN PQSPGLDREQ LYWQLSQVTN GIKELGPYTL DRNSLYVNGF THRSSGLTTS TPWTSTVDLG TSGTPSPVPS PTTAGPLLI

## Additional Multiple Repeat Amino Acid Sequences (SEQ ID NO: 69 through SEQ ID NO: 80)

	(SEQ	ID	NO:	70)				
10			Ç	GLLGPMFKN	TSVGLLYSGC	RLTLLRPEKR	GAATGVDTIC	THRLDPLNPG
			I	DREQLYWEL	SKLTRGIIEL	GPYLLDRGSL	YVNGFTHRNF	VPITSTPGTS
1.7			נ	TVHLGTSETP	SSLPRPIVPG	PLLVPFTLNF	TITNLQYEEA	<b>M</b> RHPGSRKFN
15			7	TERVLQGLL	RPLFKNTSVS	SLYSGCRLTL	LRPEKDGAAT	RVDAACTYRP
			Γ	PKSPGLDRE	QLYWELSQLT	HSITELGPYT	LDRVSLYVNG	FNPRSSVPTT
20			5	STPGTSTVHL	ATSGTPSSLP	GHTAPVPLLI	PFTLNFTITN	LQYEED <b>M</b> RHP
			C	SRKFNTMER	VLQGLLRPLF	KNTSIGPLYS	SCRLTLLRPE	KDKAATRVDA
١D			]	CTHHPDPQS	PGLNREQLYW	ELSQLTHGIT	ELGPYTLDRD	SLYVDGFTHW
2 <b>5</b> 5			5	SPIPTTSTPG	TSIVNLGTSG	IPPSLPETTA	TGPLLIPFTP	NFTITNLQYE
#			Ε	ed <b>m</b> rrtgsrk	FNTMERVLQG	LLSPIFKNSS	VGPLYSGCRL	TSLRPEKDGA
30			<u> 7</u>	ATGMDAVCLY	HPNPKRPGLD	REQLY		
: []				74)				
Ü	(SEQ	ID	NO:	(71)				
3[5]			I	ERVLQGLLKP	LFKSTSVGPL	YSGCRLTLLR	PEKDGVATRV	DAICTHRPDP
			I	KIPGLDRQQL	YWELSQLTHS	ITELGPYTLD	RDSLYVNGFT	QRSSVPTTST
40			]	PGTFTVQPET	SETPSSLPGP	TATGPVLLPF	TLNFTIINLQ	YEED <b>M</b> HRPGS
40			I	RKFNTTERVL	QGLLMPLFKN	TSVGPLYSG <u>C</u>	RLTLLRPEKQ	EAATGVDTIC
			7	THRLDPSEPG	LDREQLYWEL	SQLTNSITEL	GPYTLDRDSL	YVNGFTHSGV
45			1	LCPPPSILGI	FTVQPETFET	PSSLPGPTAT	GPVLLPFTLN	FTIINLQYEE
			]	D <b>M</b> HRPGSRKF	NTTERVLQGL	LTPLFKNTSV	GPLYSGCRLT	LLRPEKQEAA
50				<u>rgvdtic</u> thr	VDPIGPGLDR	ERLYWELSQL	TNSITELGPY	TLDRDSLYVN
50			(	GFNPWSSVPT	TSTPGTSTVH	LATSGTPSSL	PGHTAPVPLL	IPFTLNFTIT

	Additional Multiple Repeat Amino Acid Sequences (SEQ ID NO: 69 through SEQ ID NO: 80)
	NLHYEEN <b>M</b> QH PGSRKFNTTE RVLQGLLKPL FKSTSVGPLY SGCRLTLLRP
	EKHGAATGVD AICTHRLDPK SPGVDREQLY WELSQLTNGI KELGPYTLDR
	NSLYVNGFTH WIPVPTSSTP GTSTVDLGSG TPSSLPSPTT AGPL
SEQ I	D NO: 72)
	TSVGPLYSGC RLTLLRSEKD GAATGVDAIY THRLDPKSPG VDREQLYWEL
	SQLTNGIKEL GPYTLDRNSL YVNGFTHQTS APNTSTPGTS TVDLGTSGTP
	SSLPSPTSAG PLLIPFTINF TITNLRYEEN MHHPGSRKFN TMERVLQGLL
	KPLFKSTSVG PLYSGCRLTL LRPEKDGVAT RVDAICTHRP DPKIPGLDRQ
	QLYWELSQLT HSITELGPYT LDRDSLYVNG FTQRSSVPTT STPGTFTVQP
	ETSETPSSLP GPTATGPVLL PFTLNFTIIN LQYEEDMHRP GSRKFNTTER
	VLQGLLKPLF KSTSVGPLYS GCRLTLLRPE KHGAATGVDA ICTLRLDPTG
	PGLDRERLYW ELSQLTNSIT ELGPYTLDRD SLYVNGFNPW SSVPTTSTPG
	TSTVHLATSG TPSSLPGHTA PVPL
(SEQ	ID NO:73)
	ERVLQGLLKP LFKSTSVGPL YSGCRLTLLR PEKRGAATGV DTICTHRLDP
	LNPGLDREQL YWELSKLTRG IIELGPYLLD RDSLYVNGFT HRSSVPTTSI
	PGTSAVHLET SGTPASLPGH TAPGPLLVPF TLNFTITNLQ YEED <b>M</b> RHPGS
	RKFNTTERVL QGLLKPLFKS TSVGPLYSGC RLTLLRPEKR GAATGVDTIC
	THRLDPLNPG LDREQLYWEL SKLTRGIIEL GPYLLDRGSL YVNGFTHRNF
	VPITSTPGTS TVHLGTSETP SSLPRPIVPG PLLIPF

Additional Multiple Repeat Amino Acid Sequences (SEQ ID NO: 69 through SEQ ID NO: 80) 5 (SEQ ID NO: 74) ERVLQGLLRP VFKNTSVGPL YSGCRLTLLR PKKDGAATKV DAICTYRPDP 10 KSPGLDREQL YWELSQLTHS ITELGPYTLD RDSLYVNGFT QRSSVPTTSI PGTPTVDLGT SGTPVSKPGP SAASPLLVPF TLNFTITNLQ YEEDMHRPGS 15 RKFNATERVL QGLLSPIFKN SSVGPLYSGC RLTSLRPEKD GAATGMDAVC LYHPNPKRPG LDREQLYWEL SQLTHNITEL GPYSLDRDSL YVNGFTHQSS MTTTRTPDTS TMHLATSRTP ASLSGPTTAS PLLIPF 20 (SEQ ID NO: 75) 2**5** ERVLQGLLKP LFKSTSVGPL YSGCRLTLLR PEKRGAATGV DTICTHRLDP LNPGLDREQL YWELSKLTRG IIELGPYLLD RGSLYVNGFS RQSSMTTTRT PDTSTMHLAT SRTPASLSGP TTASPLLIPF TLNFTITNLQ YEENMGHPGS 30. RKFNIMERVL QGLLNPIFKN SSVGPLYSGC RLTSLKPEKD GAATGMDAVC M LYHPNPKRPG LDREQLYWEL SQLTHGIKEL GPYTLDRNSL YVNGFTHRSS 3**5** VAPTSTPGTS TVDLGTSGTP SSLPSPTTAV PLLIPF (SEQ ID NO: 76) ķ ERVLQGLLKP LFRNSSLEYL YSGCRLASLR PEKDSSAMAV DAICTHRPDP 40 EDLGLDRERL YWELSNLTNG IQELGPYTLD RNSLYVNGFT HRSSGLTTST PWTSTVDLGT SGTPSPVPSP TTAGPLLIPF TLNFTITNLQ YEENMGHPGS 45 RKFNIMERVL QGLLMPLFKN TSVSSLYSGC RLTLLRPEKD GAATRVDAVC TQRPDPKSPG LDRERLYWKL SQLTHGITEL GPYTLDRHSL YVNGLTHQSS MTTTRTPDTS TMHLATSRTP ASLSGPTTAS PLLIPF 50

## Additional Multiple Repeat Amino Acid Sequences (SEQ ID NO: 69 through SEQ ID NO: 80)

#### (SEQ ID NO: 77)

5

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25 In

1

10 ERVLQGLLSP ISKNSSVGPL YSGCRLTSLR PEKDGAATGM DAVCLYHPNP

KRPGLDREQL YWELSQLTHN ITELGPYSLD RDSLYVNGFT HQNSVPTTST

PGTSTVYWAT TGTPSSFPGH TEPGPLLIPF TVNFTITNLR YEENMHHPGS

RKFNTTERVL QGLLRPVFKN TSVGPLYSGC RLTLLRPKKD GAATKVDAIC

TYRPDPKSPG LDREQLYWEL SKLTNDIEEL GPYTLDRNSL YVNGFTHQSS

20 VSTTSTPGTS TVDLRTSGTP SSLSSPTIMA AGPLLIPF

#### (SEQ ID NO: 78)

ERVLHGLLTPLFKNTRVGPLYSGCRLTLLRPEKQEAATGVDTICTHRVDP1GPGLDRERLYWELSQLTNS1TELGPYTLDRDSLYVNGFNPWSSVPTTSTPGTSTVHLATSGTPSSLPGHTAPVPLLIPFTLNFTITNLHYEENMQHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLKPLFKNTSVGPLYSGCRLTLFKPEKHEAATGVDAICTLRLDPTGPGLDRQLYWELSQLTNSVTELGPYTLDRDSLYVNGFTHRSSVPTTS1PGTSAVHLETSGTPASLPGHTAPGPLLIPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDMRRTGSRKFNTMERVLQGLLKPLFKSTSVGPLYSGCRLTLLRPEKRGAATGVDT1CTHRLDPLNPGLDREQLYWELSKLTRGIIELGPYLLDRGSLYVNGFTHRNFVPITSTPGTSTVHLGTSETPSSLPRPIVPGPLLIPFTINFTITNLRYEENMHHPGSRKFNIMERVLQGLLGPLFKNSSVGPLYSGCRLISLRSEKDGAATGVDAICTHHLNPQSPGLDREQLYWQLSQMTNGIKELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHRSSGLTTSTPWISTVDLGTSGTPSPVPSPTTAGPLLIPF

50

## Additional Multiple Repeat Amino Acid Sequences (SEQ ID NO: 69 through SEQ ID NO: 80)

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## (SEQ ID NO: 79) GPLYSGCRLT SLRPEKDGAA TGMDAVCLYH PNPKRPGLDR EQLYWELSQL 10 THNITELGPY SLDRDSLYVN GFTHQNSVPT TSTPGTSTVY WATTGTPSSF PGHTEPGPLL IPFTLNFTIT NLQYEENMGH PGSRKFNITE SVLQGLLTPL 15 FKNSSVGPLY SGCRLISLRS EKDGAATGVD AICTHHLNPQ SPGLDREQLY WQLSQMTNGI KELGPYTLDR DSLYVNGFTH RSLGLTTSTP WTSTVDLGTS GTPSPVPSPT TAGPLLIPFT LNFTITNLQY EENMGHPGSR KFNIMERVLQ 20 GLLRPVFKNT SVGPLYSGCR LTLLRPKKDG AATKVDAICT YRPDPKSPGL 25 25 (1) DREQLYWELS QLTHSITELG PYTLDRDSLY VNGFTQRSSV PTTSIPGTPT VDLGTSGTPV SKPGPSAASP In (SEQ ID NO: 80) ١. . . 30 QLYWELSKLT NDIEELGPYT LDRNSLYVNG FTHQSSVSTT STPGTSTVDL Ü 3<del>5</del> RTSGTPSSLS SPTIMAAGPL LIPFTLNFTI TNLQYEENMG HPGSRKFNIM ERVLQGLLGP MFKNTSVGLL YSGCRLTLLR PEKNGAATGM DAICSHRLDP KSPGLNREQL YWELSQLTHG IKELGPYTLD RNSLYVNGFT HRSSVAPTST PGTSTVDLGT SGTPSSLPSP TTAVPLLIPF TLNFTITNLK YEEDMHCPGS RKFNTTERVL QSLFGPMFKN TSVGPLYSGC RLTLLRSEKD GAATGVDAIC THRLDPKSLG VDREQLYWEL SQLTNGIKEL GPYTLDRNSL YVNGFTHQTS APNTSTPGTS TVDLGTSGTP SSLPSPTSAG PLLVPFTLNF TITNLQYEED 45 MRRTGSRKFN TMESVLQGLL KPLFKNTSVG PLYSGCRLTL LRPEKDGAAT GVDAICTHRL DPKSPGLNRE QLYWELSKL

Amino Terminal Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 81)

	1	CAGAGAGCGT	TGAGCTGGGA	ACAGTGACAA	GTGCTTATCA	AGTTCCTTCA
10	51	CTCTCAACAC	GGTTGACAAG	AACTGATGGC	ATTATGGAAC	ACATCACAAA
	101	AATACCCAAT	GAAGCAGCAC	ACAGAGGTAC	CATAAGACCA	GTCAAAGGCC
1.5	151	CTCAGACATC	CACTTCGCCT	GCCAGTCCTA	AAGGACTACA	CACAGGAGGG
15	201	ACAAAAAGAA	TGGAGACCAC	CACCACAGCT	TTGAAGACCA	CCACCACAGC
	251	TTTGAAGACC	ACTTCCAGAG	CCACCTTGAC	CACCAGTGTC	TATACTCCCA
20	301	CTTTGGGAAC	ACTGACTCCC	CTCAATGCAT	CAAGGCAAAT	GGCCAGCACA
10	351	ATCCTCACAG	AAATGATGAT	CACAACCCCA	TATGTTTTCC	CTGATGTTCC
in in	401	AGAAACGACA	TCCTCATTGG	CTACCAGCCT	GGGAGCAGAA	ACCAGCACAG
25. [.] [.]	451	CTCTTCCCAG	GACAACCCCA	TCTGTTCTCA	ATAGAGAATC	AGAGACCACA
[] E	501	GCCTCACTGG	TCTCTCGTTC	TGGGGCAGAG	AGAAGTCCGG	TTATTCAAAC
3 <del>0</del>	551	TCTAGATGTT	TCTTCTAGTG	AGCCAGATAC	AACAGCTTCA	TGGGTTATCC
ij	601	ATCCTGCAGA	GACCATCCCA	ACTGTTTCCA	AGACAACCCC	CAATTTTTTC
35	651	CACAGTGAAT	TAGACACTGT	ATCTTCCACA	GCCACCAGTC	ATGGGGCAGA
33	701	CGTCAGCTCA	GCCATTCCAA	CAAATATCTC	ACCTAGTGAA	CTAGATGCAC
	751	TGACCCCACT	GGTCACTATT	TCGGGGACAG	ATACTAGTAC	AACATTCCCA
40	801	ACACTGACTA	AGTCCCCACA	TGAAACAGAG	ACAAGAACCA	CATGGCTCAC
	851	TCATCCTGCA	GAGACCAGCT	CAACTATTCC	CAGAACAATC	CCCAATTTTT
45	901	CTCATCATGA	ATCAGATGCC	ACACCTTCAA	TAGCCACCAG	TCCTGGGGCA
7.5	951	GAAACCAGTT	CAGCTATTCC	AATTATGACT	GTCTCACCTG	GTGCAGAAGA

## Amino Terminal Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 81)

5		(SEQ ID NO: 81)
	1001	TCTGGTGACC TCACAGGTCA CTAGTTCTGG GACAGACAGA AATATGACTA
10	1051	TTCCAACTTT GACTCTTTCT CCTGGTGAAC CAAAGACGAT AGCCTCATTA
	1101	GTCACCCATC CTGAAGCACA GACAAGTTCG GCCATTCCAA CTTCAACTAT
	1151	CTCGCCTGCT GTATCACGGT TGGTGACCTC AATGGTCACC AGTTTGGCGG
15	1201	CAAAGACAAG TACAACTAAT CGAGCTCTGA CAAACTCCCC TGGTGAACCA
	1251	GCTACAACAG TTTCATTGGT CACGCATCCT GCACAGACCA GCCCAACAGT
20	1301	TCCCTGGACA ACTTCCATTT TTTTCCATAG TAAATCAGAC ACCACACCTT
20 10 10 25 10	1351	CAATGACCAC CAGTCATGGG GCAGAATCCA GTTCAGCTGT TCCAACTCCA
	1401	ACTGTTTCAA CTGAGGTACC AGGAGTAGTG ACCCCTTTGG TCACCAGTTC
25 <u>.</u> Lil	1451	TAGGGCAGTG ATCAGTACAA CTATTCCAAT TCTGACTCTT TCTCCTGGTG
£1]	1501	AACCAGAGAC CACACCTTCA ATGGCCACCA GTCATGGGGA AGAAGCCAGT
<b>50</b>	1551	TCTGCTATTC CAACTCCAAC TGTTTCACCT GGGGTACCAG GAGTGGTGAC
10 mm	1601	CTCTCTGGTC ACTAGTTCTA GGGCAGTGAC TAGTACAACT ATTCCAATTC
į.	1651	TGACTTTTTC TCTTGGTGAA CCAGAGACCA CACCTTCAAT GGCCACCAGT
35	1701	CATGGGACAG AAGCTGGCTC AGCTGTTCCA ACTGTTTTAC CTGAGGTACC
	1751	AGGAATGGTG ACCTCTCTGG TTGCTAGTTC TAGGGCAGTA ACCAGTACAA
40	1801	CTCTTCCAAC TCTGACTCTT TCTCCTGGTG AACCAGAGAC CACACCTTCA
	1851	ATGGCCACCA GTCATGGGGC AGAAGCCAGC TCAACTGTTC CAACTGTTTC
	1901	ACCTGAGGTA CCAGGAGTGG TGACCTCTCT GGTCACTAGT TCTAGTGGAG
45	1951	TAAACAGTAC AAGTATTCCA ACTCTGATTC TTTCTCCTGG TGAACTAGAA

## Amino Terminal Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 81)

5		(SEQ ID NO: 81)
	2001	ACCACACCTT CAATGGCCAC CAGTCATGGG GCAGAAGCCA GCTCAGCTGT
10	2051	ICCAACTCCA ACTGTTTCAC CTGGGGTATC AGGAGTGGTG ACCCCTCTGG
	2101	CACTAGTTC CAGGGCAGTG ACCAGTACAA CTATTCCAAT TCTAACTCTT
	2151	TCTTCTAGTG AGCCAGAGAC CACACCTTCA ATGGCCACCA GTCATGGGGT
15	2201	AGAAGCCAGC TCAGCTGTTC TAACTGTTTC ACCTGAGGTA CCAGGAATGG
	2251	TGACCTCTCT GGTCACTAGT TCTAGAGCAG TAACCAGTAC AACTATTCCA
20:	2301	ACTCTGACTA TTTCTTCTGA TGAACCAGAG ACCACAACTT CATTGGTCAC
20j vo vo vo vo vo vo vo vo vo vo vo vo vo	2351	CCATTCTGAG GCAAAGATGA TTTCAGCCAT TCCAACTTTA GCTGTCTCCC
	2401	CTACTGTACA AGGGCTGGTG ACTTCACTGG TCACTAGTTC TGGGTCAGAG
25   J	2451	ACCAGTGCGT TTTCAAATCT AACTGTTGCC TCAAGTCAAC CAGAGACCAT
	2501	AGACTCATGG GTCGCTCATC CTGGGACAGA AGCAAGTTCT GTTGTTCCAA
30	2551	CTTTGACTGT CTCCACTGGT GAGCCGTTTA CAAATATCTC ATTGGTCACC
	2601	CATCCTGCAG AGAGTAGCTC AACTCTTCCC AGGACAACCT CAAGGTTTTC
i si	2651	CCACAGTGAA TTAGACACTA TGCCTTCTAC AGTCACCAGT CCTGAGGCAG
35	2701	AATCCAGCTC AGCCATTTCA ACTACTATTT CACCTGGTAT ACCAGGTGTG
	2751	CTGACATCAC TGGTCACTAG CTCTGGGAGA GACATCAGTG CAACTTTTCC
40	2801	AACAGTGCCT GAGTCCCCAC ATGAATCAGA GGCAACAGCC TCATGGGTTA
	2851	CTCATCCTGC AGTCACCAGC ACAACAGTTC CCAGGACAAC CCCTAATTAT
	2901	TCTCATAGTG AACCAGACAC CACACCATCA ATAGCCACCA GTCCTGGGGC
45	2951	AGAAGCCACT TCAGATTTTC CAACAATAAC TGTCTCACCT GATGTACCAG

Amino Terminal Nucleotide Sequence 5 (SEQ ID NO: 81) ATATGGTAAC CTCACAGGTC ACTAGTTCTG GGACAGACAC CAGTATAACT 3001 ATTCCAACTC TGACTCTTTC TTCTGGTGAG CCAGAGACCA CAACCTCATT 10 3051 TATCACCTAT TCTGAGACAC ACACAAGTTC AGCCATTCCA ACTCTCCCTG 3101 TCTCCCCTGG TGCATCAAAG ATGCTGACCT CACTGGTCAT CAGTTCTGGG 3151 15 ACAGACAGCA CTACAACTTT CCCAACACTG ACGGAGACCC CATATGAACC 3201 AGAGACAACA GCCATACAGC TCATTCATCC TGCAGAGACC AACACAATGG 3251 TTCCCAAGAC AACTCCCAAG TTTTCCCATA GTAAGTCAGA CACCACACTC 3301 CCAGTAGCCA TCACCAGTCC TGGGCCAGAA GCCAGTTCAG CTGTTTCAAC 3351 GACAACTATC TCACCTGATA TGTCAGATCT GGTGACCTCA CTGGTCCCTA 3401 2**5**] GTTCTGGGAC AGACACCAGT ACAACCTTCC CAACATTGAG TGAGACCCCA ЦIJ 3451 ſŌ TATGAACCAG AGACTACAGT CACGTGGCTC ACTCATCCTG CAGAAACCAG 3501 CACAACGGTT TCTGGGACAA TTCCCAACTT TTCCCATAGG GGATCAGACA 3**0** 3551 ĨŲ ٠.. CTGCACCCTC AATGGTCACC AGTCCTGGAG TAGACACGAG GTCAGGTGTT 3601 === CCAACTACAA CCATCCCACC CAGTATACCA GGGGTAGTGA CCTCACAGGT 3651 35 CACTAGTTCT GCAACAGACA CTAGTACAGC TATTCCAACT TTGACTCCTT 3701 CTCCTGGTGA ACCAGAGACC ACAGCCTCAT CAGCTACCCA TCCTGGGACA 3751 CAGACTGGCT TCACTGTTCC AATTCGGACT GTTCCCTCTA GTGAGCCAGA 40 3801 TACAATGGCT TCCTGGGTCA CTCATCCTCC ACAGACCAGC ACACCTGTTT 3851 CCAGAACAAC CTCCAGTTTT TCCCATAGTA GTCCAGATGC CACACCTGTA 3901 45 ATGGCCACCA GTCCTAGGAC AGAAGCCAGT TCAGCTGTAC TGACAACAAT 3951

## Amino Terminal Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 81)

5			(SEQ	ID NO: 81)			
	4001	CTCACCTGGT	GCACCAGAGA	TGGTGACTTC	ACAGATCACT	AGTTCTGGGG	
10	4051	CAGCAACCAG	TACAACTGTT	CCAACTTTGA	CTCATTCTCC	TGGTATGCCA	
	4101	GAGACCACAG	CCTTATTGAG	CACCCATCCC	AGAACAGGGA	CAAGTAAAAC	
	4151	ATTTCCTGCT	TCAACTGTGT	TTCCTCAAGT	ATCAGAGACC	ACAGCCTCAC	
15	4201	TCACCATTAG	ACCTGGTGCA	GAGACTAGCA	CAGCTCTCCC	AACTCAGACA	
	4251	ACATCCTCTC	TCTTCACCCT	ACTTGTAACT	GGAACCAGCA	GAGTTGATCT	
20	4301	AAGTCCAACT	GCTTCACCTG	GTGTTTCTGC	AAAAACAGCC	CCACTTTCCA	
	4351	CCCATCCAGG	GACAGAGACC	AGCACAATGA	TTCCAACTTC	AACTCTTTCC	
10 10 17 25	4401	CTTGGTTTAC	TAGAGACTAC	AGGCTTACTG	GCCACCAGCT	CTTCAGCAGA	
LU	4451	GACCAGCACG	AGTACTCTAA	CTCTGACTGT	TTCCCCTGCT	GTCTCTGGGC	
	4501	TTTCCAGTGC	CTCTATAACA	ACTGATAAGC	CCCAAACTGT	GACCTCCTGG	
3 <del>0</del>	4551	AACACAGAAA	CCTCACCATC	TGTAACTTCA	GTTGGACCCC	CAGAATTTTC	
	4601	CAGGACTGTC	ACAGGCACCA	CTATGACCTT	GATACCATCA	GAGATGCCAA	
<u> </u>	4651	CACCACCTAA	AACCAGTCAT	GGAGAAGGAG	TGAGTCCAAC	CACTATCTTG	
35	4701	AGAACTACAA	TGGTTGAAGC	CACTAATTTA	GCTACCACAG	GTTCCAGTCC	
	4751	CACTGTGGCC	AAGACAACAA	CCACCTTCAA	TACACTGGCT	GGAAGCCTCT	
40	4801	TTACTCCTCT	GACCACACCT	GGGATGTCCA	CCTTGGCCTC	TGAGAGTGTG	
	4851	ACCTCAAGAA	CAAGTTATAA	CCATCGGTCC	TGGATCTCCA	CCACCAGCAG	
4.5	4901	TTATAACCGT	CGGTACTGGA	CCCCTGCCAC	CAGCACTCCA	GTGACTTCTA	
45	4951	CATTCTCCCC	AGGGATTTCC	ACATCCTCCA	TCCCCAGCTC	CACAGCAGCC	

5		Amino Terminal Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 81)	
	5001	ACAGTCCCAT TCATGGTGCC ATTCACCCTC AACTTCACCA TCACCAACCT	
10	5051	GCAGTACGAG GAGGACATGC GGCACCCTGG TTCCAGGAAG TTCAACGCCA	
	5101	CAGAGAGAGA ACTGCAGGGT CTGCTCAAAC CCTTGTTCAG GAATAGCAGT	
	5151	CTGGAATACC TCTATTCAGG CTGCAGACTA GCCTCACTCA GGCCAGAGAA	
15	5201	GGATAGCTCA GCCATGGCAG TGGATGCCAT CTGCACACAT CGCCCTGACC	
	5251	CTGAAGACCT CGGACTGGAC AGAGAGCGAC TGTACTGGGA GCTGAGCAAT	
20	5301	CTGACAAATG GCATCCAGGA GCTGGGCCCC TACACCCTGG ACCGGAACAG	
20- 00- 01- 01- 25-	5351	TCTCTATGTC AATGGTTTCA CCCATCGAAG CTCTATGCCC ACCACCAGCA	
	5401	CTCCTGGGAC CTCCACAGTG GATGTGGGAA CCTCAGGGAC TCCATCCTCC	
234 LU Cā	5451	AGCCCCAGCC CCACG	
E¢.			
36		• .	
ļ: 🍮			

#### TABLE 14

Amino Terminal Protein Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 82)

5			Amilio le	(SEQ ID NO: 82	2)	
	1	ESVLEGTVTS	AYQVPSLSTR	LTRTDGI <b>M</b> EH	ITKIPNEAAH	RGTIRPVKGP
10	51	QTSTSPASPK	GLHTGGTKRM	ETTTTALKTT	TTALKTTSRA	TLTTSVYTPT
	101	LGTLTPLNAS	RQMASTILTE	MMITTPYVFP	DVPETTSSLA	TSLGAETSTA
	151	LPRTTPSVLN	RESETTASLV	SRSGAERSPV	IQTLDVSSSE	PDTTASWVIH
15	201	PAETIPTVSK	TTPNFFHSEL	DTVSSTATSH	GADVSSAIPT	NISPSELDAL
	251	TPLVTISGTD	TSTTFPTLTK	SPHETETRTT	WLTHPAETSS	TIPRTIPNFS
20	301	HHESDATPSI	ATSPGAETSS	AIPIMTVSPG	AEDLVTSQVT	SSGTDRNMTI
2000 2000 2500	351	PTLTLSPGEP	KTIASLVTHP	EAQTSSAIPT	STISPAVSRL	VTSMVTSLAA
	401	KTSTTNRALT	NSPGEPATTV	SLVTHPAQTS	PTVPWTTSIF	FHSKSDTTPS
2 <b>5</b> j (0	451	MTTSHGAESS	SAVPTPTVST	EVPGVVTPLV	TSSRAVISTT	IPILTLSPGE
## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	501	PETTPSMATS	HGEEASSAIP	TPTVSPGVPG	VVTSLVTSSR	AVTSTTIPIL
\D 30	551	TFSLGEPETT	PSMATSHGTE	AGSAVPTVLP	EVPGMVTSLV	ASSRAVTSTT
	601	LPTLTLSPGE	PETTPSMATS	HGAEASSTVP	TVSPEVPGVV	TSLVTSSSGV
	651	NSTSIPTLIL	SPGELETTPS	MATSHGAEAS	SAVPTPTVSP	GVSGVVTPLV
35	701	TSSRAVTSTT	IPILTLSSSE	PETTPSMATS	HGVEASSAVL	TVSPEVPGMV
	751	TSLVTSSRAV	TSTTIPTLTI	SSDEPETTTS	LVTHSEAKMI	SAIPTLAVSP
40	801	TVQGLVTSLV	TSSGSETSAF	SNLTVASSQP	ETIDSWVAHP	GTEASSVVPT
	851	LTVSTGEPFT	NISLVTHPAE	SSSTLPRTTS	RFSHSELDTM	PSTVTSPEAE
45	901	SSSAISTTIS	PGIPGVLTSI	J VTSSGRDISA	TFPTVPESPH	ESEATASWVT

5 Amino Terminal Protein Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 82)

	951	HPAVTSTTVP RTTPNYSHSE PDTTPSIATS PGAEATSDFP TITVSPDVPD	
10	1001	MVTSQVTSSG TDTSITIPTL TLSSGEPETT TSFITYSETH TSSAIPTLPV	
	1051	SPGASKMLTS LVISSGTDST TTFPTLTETP YEPETTAIQL IHPAETNTMV	
15	1101	PRTTPKFSHS KSDTTLPVAI TSPGPEASSA VSTTTISPDM SDLVTSLVPS	
10	1151	SGTDTSTTFP TLSETPYEPE TTATWLTHPA ETSTTVSGTI PNFSHRGSDT	
	1201	APSMVTSPGV DTRSGVPTTT IPPSIPGVVT SQVTSSATDT STAIPTLTPS	
20	1251	PGEPETTASS ATHPGTQTGF TVPIRTVPSS EPDTMASWVT HPPQTSTPVS	
	1301	RTTSSFSHSS PDATPVMATS PRTEASSAVL TTISPGAPEM VTSQITSSGA	
25j	1351	ATSTTVPTLT HSPGMPETTA LLSTHPRTET SKTFPASTVF PQVSETTASL	
40)	1401	TIRPGAETST ALPTQTTSSL FTLLVTGTSR VDLSPTASPG VSAKTAPLST	
	1451	HPGTETSTMI PTSTLSLGLL ETTGLLATSS SAETSTSTLT LTVSPAVSGL	
30		SSASITTDKP QTVTSWNTET SPSVTSVGPP EFSRTVTGTT MTLIPSEMPT	
7	1501	PPKTSHGEGV SPTTILRTTM VEATNLATTG SSPTVAKTTT TFNTLAGSLF	
	1551	TPLTTPGMST LASESVTSRT SYNHRSWIST TSSYNRRYWT PATSTPVTST	
35	1601	*  FSPGISTSSI PSSTAATVPF MVPFTLNFTI TNLQYEEDMR HPGSRKFNAT	
	1651	ERELQGLLKP LFRNSSLEYL YSGCRLASLR PEKDSSAMAV DAICTHRPDP	
40	1701	TPTCT WINGER LIDCOMPTTCT	
	1751		
	1801	PGTSTVDVGT SGTPSSSPSP T	

#### TABLE 15

CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)

	(SEQ ID NO:	83) GCCACAGTCC	CATTCATGGT	GCCATTCACC	CTCAACTTCA	CCATCACCAA
10	51	CCTGCAGTAC	GAGGAGGACA	TGCGGCACCC	TGGTTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACG
	101	CCACAGAGAG	AGAACTGCAG	GGTCTGCTCA	AACCCTTGTT	CAGGAATAGC
15	151	AGTCTGGAAT	ACCTCTATTC	AGGCTGCAGA	CTAGCCTCAC	TCAGGCCAGA
	201	GAAGGATAGC	TCAGCCATGG	CAGTGGATGC	CATCTGCATA	CATCGCCCTG
	251	ACCCTGAAGA	CCTCGGACTG	GACAGAGAGC	GACTGTACTG	GGAGCTGAGC
2 <b>0</b> ت	301	AATCTGACAA	ATGGCATCCA	GGAGCTGGGC	CCCTACACCC	TGGACCGGAA
	351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGTT	TCACCCATCG	AAGCTCTATG	CCCACCACCA
្រា 25 <sup>រុ</sup>	401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGGATGTGG	GAACCTCAGG	GACTCCATCC
tu to	451	TCCAGCCCCA	GCCCCACG			
H						
30	(SEQ ID N	IO: 84) GCTGCTGGCC	CTCTCCTGAT	GCCGTTCACC	CTCAACTTCA	CCATCACCAA
30 1	51	CCTGCAGTAC	GAGGAGGACA	TGCGTCGCAC	TGGCTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA
ļ.d	101	CCATGGAGAG	G TGTCCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTCA	AGCCCTTGTT	CAAGAACACC
35	151	AGTGTTGGCC	CTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	TTGACCTTGC	TCAGGCCCAA
	201	GAAAGATGG	GCAGCCACTO	GAGTGGATG	CATCTGCACC	CACCGCCTTG
40	251	ACCCCAAAA	G CCCTGGACT	C AACAGGGAG	C AGCTGTACTO	GGAGCTAAGC
	301					C TGGACAGGAA
	351					G TCCACCACCA
45	401					G GACTCCATCC

## CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)

5

35

40

45

151

		TATG
	451	TCCCTCTCCA GCCCCACAAT TATG
10	(SEQ ID NO	GCTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT ACCUTE
	51	CCTGCAGTAT GGGGAGGACA TGGGTCACCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
15	101	CCACAGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTG GTCCCATATT CAAGAACACC
13	151	AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTCTC TCAGGTCTGA
	201	GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCATC CATCATCTTG
201	251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTC AACAGAGAGC GGCTGTACTG GGAGCTGAGC
20:	301	CAACTGACCA ATGGCATCAA AGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGAA
25J	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GACCTCTGTG CCCACCACCA
25 I	401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATTC
Ę	451	TCCCTCCCAA GCCCCGCA
30.	(SEQ ID	- amagmacaca ("ICICIGGI OCIO" -
	5:	TOTAL CARGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
	٦.	TO THE COLUMN TH

101 CCACTGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG ACTCTGCTTG GTCCTATGTT CAAGAACACC

201 GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCGTCTTG

251 ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC

301 CAGCTGACCA ATGGCATCAA AGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGAA

AGTGTTGGCC TTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGTCCGA

CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145) 5 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATTG GATCCCTGTG CCCACCAGCA 351 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GGTCAGGGAC TCCATCCTCC 10 401 CTCCCCAGCC CCACA 451 (SEQ ID NO: 87) GCTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA 15 CCTGCAGTAC GAGGAGGACA TGCATCACCC AGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA 51 CCACGGAGCG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTG GTCCCATGTT CAAGAACACC 101 20 AGTGTCGGCC TTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGTCCGA 151 ij GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCGTCTTG 201 îñ Ln. ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGAGTG GACAGGGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC 25 251 CAGCTGACCA ATGGCATCAA AGAGCTGGGT CCCTACACCC TGGACAGAAA [] 301 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCA GACCTCTGCG CCCAACACCA 351 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GGACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC 401 ٠, ij TCCCTCCCCA GCCCTACA 451 ļ.d (SEQ ID NO: 88) 35 NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA 51 CCACNGAGNG NGTNCTGCAG GGTCTGCTNN NNCCCNTNTT CAAGAACACC 40 101 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGTCCGA 151 GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCGTCTTG 201 45 ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGAGTG GACAGGGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC 251

5		(\$	(SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)			
	301	CAGCTGACCA	ATGGCATCAA	AGAGCTGGGT	CCCTACACCC	TGGACAGAAA
10	351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGTT	TCACCCATCA	GACCTCTGCG	CCCAACACCA
	. 401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGGACCTTG	GGACCTCAGG	GACTCCATCC
15	451	TCCCTCCCCA	GCCCTACA			
	(SEQ ID NO	D: 89) TCTGCTGGCC	CTCTCCTGGT	GCCATTCACC	CTCAACTTCA	CCATCACCAA
	51	CCTGCAGTAC	GAGGAGGACA	TGCATCACCC	AGGCTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA
20 10 10	101	CCACGGAGCG	GGTCCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTTG	GTCCCATGTT	CAAGAACACC
	151	AGTGTCGGCC	TTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGACCTTGC	TCAGGCCTGA
1月 25.	201	GAAGAATGGG	GCAGCCACTG	GAATGGATGC	CATCTGCAGC	CACCGTCTTG
LÚ LÕ	251	ACCCCAAAAG	CCCTGGACTC	AACAGAGAGC	AGCTGTACTG	GGAGCTGAGC
#	301	CAGCTGACCC	ATGGCATCAA	AGAGCTGGGC	CCCTACACCC	TGGACAGGAA
3 <del>5</del> 1111	351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGTT	TCACCCATCG	GAGCTCTGTG	GCCCCCACCA
7	401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGGACCTTG	GGACCTCAGG	GACTCCATCC
35	451	TCCCTCCCCA	GCCCCACA			
	(SEQ ID N	IO: 90) ACAGCTGTTC	CTCTCCTGGT	GCCGTTCACC	CTCAACTTTA	CCATCACCAA
40	51	TCTGCAGTAT	GGGGAGGACA	TGCGTCACCC	TGGCTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA
	101	CCACAGAGAG	GGTCCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTTG	GTCCCTTGTT	CAAGAACTCC
	151	AGTGTCGGCC	CTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGATCTCTC	TCAGGTCTGA
45	201	GAAGGATGGG	GCAGCCACTG	GAGTGGATGC	CATCTGCACC	CACCACCTTA

5		(S	CA125 Repeat N EQ ID NO: 83 t	ucleotide Seq thru SEQ ID No	uence D: 145)	
	251	ACCCTCAAAG	CCCTGGACTG	GACAGGGAGC	AGCTGTACTG	GCAGCTGAGC
10	301	CAGATGACCA	ATGGCATCAA	AGAGCTGGGC	CCCTACACCC	TGGACCGGAA
	351	CAGTCTCTAC	GTCAATGGTT	TCACCCATCG	GAGCTCTGGG	CTCACCACCA
	401	GCACTCCTTG	GACTTCCACA	GTTGACCTTG	GAACCTCAGG	GACTCCATCC
15	451	CCCGTCCCCA	GCCCCACA			
	(SEQ ID N	o: 91)			<u> </u>	CCATCACCAA
20	1				CTCAACTTCA	
20	51	CCTGCAGTAT	GAGGAGGACA	TGCATCGCCC	TGGATCTAGG	AAGTTCAACA
20 0 0 25	101	CCACAGAGAG	GGTCCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTTA	GTCCCATTTT	CAAGAACTCC
25 <u>J</u>	151	AGTGTTGGCC	CTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGACCTCTC	TCAGGCCCGA
M	201	GAAGGATGGG	GCAGCAACTG	GAATGGATGC	TGTCTGCCTC	TACCACCCTA
	251	ATCCCAAAAG	ACCTGGACTG	GACAGAGAGC	AGCTGTACTG	GGAGCTAAGC
30 L	301	CAGCTGACCC	ACAACATCAC	TGAGCTGGGC	CCCTACAGCC	TGGACAGGGA
	351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGTT	TCACCCATCA	GAACTCTGTG	CCCACCACCA
35	401	GTACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGTACTGGG	CAACCACTGG	GACTCCATCC
	451	TCCTTCCCCG	GCCACACA			
	(SEQ ID 1	10: 92)				CCDTCDCCDD
40	1	GAGCCTGGCC	CTCTCCTGAT	ACCATTCACT	' T"I"CAACT"I"I'A	CCATCACCAA
	51	CCTGCATTAT	GAGGAAAACA	TGCAACACC	TGGTTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA
	101	CCACGGAGAG	GGTTCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTCA	AGCCCTTGTT	' CAAGAACACC
45	151	AGTGTTGGCC	C CTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAG	A CTGACCTCTC	TCAGGCCCGA

5			(S)	A125 Repeat P EQ ID NO: 83	Nucleotide Seq thru SEQ ID N	quence O: 145)	
		201	GAAGGATGGG (	GCAGCAACTG	GAATGGATGC	TGTCTGCCTC	TACCACCCTA
10	2	251	ATCCCAAAAG	ACCTGGGCTG	GACAGAGAGC	AGCTGTACTG	GGAGCTAAGC
	,	301	CAGCTGACCC	ACAACATCAC	TGAGCTGGGC	CCCTACAGCC	TGGACAGGGA
	:	351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGTT	TCACCCATCA	GAACTCTGTG	CCCACCACCA
15		401	GTACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGTACTGGG	CAACCACTGG	GACTCCATCC
		451	TCCTTCCCCG	GCCACACA			
20	(CEO	TD N	o: 93)				
20 <u>.</u>	(SEQ	10 N	GAGCCTGGCC	CTCTCCTGAT	ACCATTCACT	TTCAACTTTA	CCATCACCAA
		51	CCTGCATTAT	GAGGAAAACA	TGCAACACCC	TGGTTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA
25.]		101	CCACGGAGAG	GGTTCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTCA	AGCCCTTGTT	CAAGAACACC
		151	AGTGTTGGCC	CTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGACCTTGC	TCAGACCTGA
<u>.</u>		201	GAAGCATGAG	GCAGCCACTG	GAGTGGACAC	CATCTGTACC	CACCGCGTTG
30		251	ATCCCATCGG	ACCTGGACTG	GACAGGGAGC	GGCTATACTG	GGAGCTGAGC
		301	CAGCTGACCA	ACAGCATTAC	CGAACTGGGA	CCCTACACCC	TGGACAGGGA
35		351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGCT	TCAACCCTCG	GAGCTCTGTG	CCAACCACCA
		401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGCACCTGG	CAACCTCTGC	GACTCCATCC
40		451	TCCCTGCCTG	GCCACACA			
40	(SEQ	ID 1	O: 94) GCCCCTGTCC	CTCTCTTGAT	r accattcacc	C CTCAACTTT	A CCATCACCAA
		51	CCTGCATTAT	GAGGAAAACA	A TGCAACACC	C TGGTTCCAG(	G AAGTTCAACA
45		101	CCACGGAGAG	GGTTCTGCA	G GGTCTGCTC	A AGCCCTTGT	T CAAGAACACC

_		CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
5		
-	151	AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGACCTGA
1.0	201	GAAGCATGAG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGACAC CATCTGTACC CACCGCGTTG
10	251	ATCCCATCGG ACCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
	301	CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
15	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA
	401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC
20_	451	TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA
(D	(SEQ ID N	O: 95) TCTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA
.5 .0 .71 .25,	51	CCTGCAGTAC GAGGAGGACA TGCATCACCC AGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
	101	CCACGGAGCG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTG GTCCCATGTT CAAGAACACC
	151	AGTGTCGGCC TTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA
3 - 3	201	GAAGAATGGG GCAGCCACTG GAATGGATGC CATCTGCAGC CACCGTCTTG
	251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTC GACAGAGAGC AGCTGTACTG GGAGCTGAGC
<b>}</b>	301	CAGCTGACCC ATGGCATCAA AGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGAA
	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GAGCTCTGTG GCCCCCACCA
	403	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GGACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC
40	45	1 TCCCTCCCCA GCCCCACA

CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence 5 (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145) (SEQ ID NO: 96) ACAGCTGTTC CTCTCCTGGT GCCGTTCACC CTCAACTTTA CCATCACCAA 10 TCTGCAGTAT GGGGAGGACA TGCGTCACCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA 51 CCACAGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTG GTCCCTTGTT CAAGAACTCC 101 AGTGTCGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGATCTCTC TCAGGTCTGA 15 151 GAAGGATGGG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCACCTTA 201 ACCCTCAAAG CCCTGGACTG GACAGGGAGC AGCTGTACTG GCAGCTGAGC 251 20 CAGATGACCA ATGGCATCAA AGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACCGGAA 301 jā m CAGTCTCTAC GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GAGCTCTGGG CTCACCACCA 351 M GCACTCCTTG GACTTCCACA GTTGACCTTG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC 25. Ų 401 O CCCGTCCCCA GCCCCACA E 451 30<sup>7</sup> (SEQ ID NO: 97) ACTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTAAACTTCA CCATCACCAA CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGATCTAGG AAGTTCAACG 51 CCACAGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTA GTCCCATATT CAAGAACTCC 101 35 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTCTC TCAGGCCCGA 151 GAAGGATGGG GCAGCAACTG GAATGGATGC TGTCTGCCTC TACCACCCTA 201 ATCCCAAAAG ACCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC AGCTGTACTG GGAGCTAAGC 40 251 CAGCTGACCC ACAACATCAC TGAGCTGGGC CCCTACAGCC TGGACAGGGA

CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCA GAGCTCTATG ACGACCACCA

301

351

CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145) 5 GAACTCCTGA TACCTCCACA ATGCACCTGG CAACCTCGAG AACTCCAGCC 401 TCCCTGTCTG GACCTACG 451 10 (SEQ ID NO: 98) ACCGCCAGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCTATTCACA ATCAACTGCA CCATCACCAA CCTGCAGTAC GAGGAGGACA TGCGTCGCAC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA 15 51 CCATGGAGAG TGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AGCCCTTGTT CAAGAACACC 101 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA TTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCCAA 151 20 GAAAGATGGG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCGCCTTG 201 ίĴ ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTC AACAGGGAGC AGCTGTACTG GGAGCTAAGC Ų ħ 251 1.77 AAACTGACCA ATGACATTGA AGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGAA 25. 301 U CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCA GAGCTCTGTG TCCACCACCA ij 351 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGATCTCA GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC [] 30 10 401 TCCCTCTCCA GCCCCACAAT TATG 451 (SEQ ID NO: 99) NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA 35 CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA 51 CCACNGAGAG GGTCCTACAG GGTCTGCTCA GGCCCTTGTT CAAGAACACC 101 AGTGTCAGCT CTCTGTACTC TGGTTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA 40 151 GAAGGATGGG GCAGCCACCA GAGTGGATGC TGCCTGCACC TACCGCCCTG 201 ATCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC AACTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC 251 45 CAGCTAACCC ACAGCATCAC TGAGCTGGGA CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGGT 301

5		CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru 145)
	251	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGCT TCAACCCTCG GAGCTCTGTG CCAACCACCA
10	351 401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGCACCTGG CAACCTCTGG GACTCCATCC
•	451	TCCCTGCCTG GCCACACA
15	(SEQ ID	THE COMMENT ACCOMMENDACE THE COLLEGE OF THE COLLEGE
13	51	CCTGCATTAT GAAGAAAACA TGCAACACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
	101	
2 <b>0</b> ]	151	
15 17 25 10	201	
25	251	
E	303	
D D	35	
30j 4j 5	40	1 GTATTCCTGG GACCTCTGCA GTGCACCTGG AAACCTCTGG GACTCCAGCC
ļ.	45	1 TCCCTCCCTG GCCACACA
35	(SEQ ID	NO: 101)  1 GCCCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CTATCACCAA
	5	1 CCTGCAGTAT GAGGTGGACA TGCGTCACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
40	10	
	15	
4.5	20	1 AAAACGTGGG GCAGCCACCG GCGTGGACAC CATCTGCACT CACCGCCTTG
45	25	51 ACCCTCTAAA CCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC

5	CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
-	301 AAACTGACCC GTGGCATCAT CGAGCTGGGC CCCTACCTCC TGGACAGAGG
	301 AAACTGACCC GTGGCATCAT CGAGCTGGGC CCCTTTTTTTTTT
10	
	401 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTACACCTAG GAACCTCTGA AACTCCATCC
	451 TCCCTACCTA GACCCATA
15	(SEQ ID NO: 102)  1 GTGCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA
	51 CTTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGCCA TGCGACACCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAATA
20 <sup>0</sup>	101 CCACGGAGAG GGTCCTACAG GGTCTGCTCA GGCCCTTGTT CAAGAATACC
i i	151 AGTATCGGCC CTCTGTACTC CAGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCAGA
200 m m 250	201 GAAGGACAAG GCAGCCACCA GAGTGGATGC CATCTGTACC CACCACCCTG
	251 ACCCTCAAAG CCCTGGACTG AACAGAGAGC AGCTGTACTG GGAGCTGAGC
	301 CAGCTGACCC ACGGCATCAC TGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGGA
30J	351 CAGTCTCTAT GTCGATGGTT TCACTCATTG GAGCCCCATA CCGACCACCA
	401 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCATA GTGAACCTGG GAACCTCTGG GATCCCACCT
35	451 TCCCTCCCTG AAACTACA
	(SEQ ID NO: 103)  1 NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA
40	51 CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
40	101 CCACNGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AACCCTTGTT CAGGAATAGC
	ACCTETATTE AGGETGEAGA CTAGECTEAC TEAGGECAGA
45	151 AGTCTGGAAT ACCICIATIO NOT  201 GAAGGATAGC TCAGCCATGG CAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACA CATCGCCCTG

5		CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru 145)
	251	ACCCTGAAGA CCTCGGACTG GACAGAGAGC GACTGTACTG GGAGCTGAGC
10	301	AATCTGACAA ATGGCATCCA GGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACCGGAA
	351	CAGTCTCTAC GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GAGCTCTGGG CTCACCACCA
	401	GCACTCCTTG GACTTCCACA GTTGACCTTG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC
15	451	CCCGTCCCCA GCCCCACA
	(SEQ ID N	0: 104)
	1	O: 104) ACTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA
20	51	CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGTTCCAGG AGGTTCAACA
200 01 01 01 25	101	CCACGGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA CGCCCTTGTT CAAGAACACC
2 <u>5</u> 1	151	AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGACCTGA
ij	201	GAAGCAAGAG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGACAC CATCTGTACC CACCGCGTTG
er er	251	ATCCCATCGG ACCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC GGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC
30-7-0	301	CAGCTGACCA ACAGCATCAC AGAGCTGGGA CCCTACACCC TGGATAGGGA
L3  -3	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGCT TCAACCCTTG GAGCTCTGTG CCAACCACCA
35	401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGCACCTGG CAACCTCTGG GACTCCATCC
	451	TCCCTGCCTG GCCACACA
	(SEO ID	NO: 105)
40	1	GCCCCTGTCC CTCTCTTGAT ACCATTCACC CTCAACTTIN CONTINUE
	51	
	101	
45	151	AGCGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGACCTGA

5	CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
-	201 GAAACATGGG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGACGC CATCTGCACC CTCCGCCTTG
10	AMERICA CTEG TCCTEGACTE GACAGAGAGC GGCTATACTE GGAGCTGAGC
10	CACCTGACCA ACAGCGTTAC AGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGGA
	301 CAGCIGACOT TO CACCCATCG GAGCTCTGTG CCAACCACCA 351 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGCT TCACCCATCG GAGCTCTGTG CCAACCACCA
15	351 CAGICICIMI 5
	451 TCCCTCCCTG GCCACACA
20	(SEQ ID NO: 106)  1 GCCCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CTATCACCAA
	1 GCCCCIGGGG GAAGTTCAGCA 51 CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCGTCACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAGCA 51 CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACAC
<b>25</b>	101 CCACGGAGAG AGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AGCCCTTGTT CAAGAACACC
The state of	101 CCACGONGRO  151 AGTGTCAGCT CTCTGTACTC TGGTTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA  201 GAAGGATGGG GCAGCCACCA GAGTGGATGC TGTCTGCACC CATCGTCCTG
30	201 GAAGGATGGG GCAGCCACCA GAGTGGATTO  251 ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC GGCTGTACTG GAAGCTGAGC
	TOTAL CCC. ACCCCATCAC TGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGCA
ļ.iš	CACTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCA GAGCTCTATG ACGACCACCA
35	401 GAACTCCTGA TACCTCCACA ATGCACCTGG CAACCTCGAG AACTCCAGCC
	451 TCCCTGTCTG GACCTACG
40	(SEQ ID NO: 107)
	TA COTTOCOTAT GAGGAGAACA TGCATCACCC TGGCTCTAGA AAGTTTAACA
4	COCCTCTCTT CAAGAACACC

5	CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
_	151 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCACGC TCAGGCCCAA
10	CARCOTTEGE GCAGCCACCA AAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC TACCGCCCTG
10	A THEOCOADAG CCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC
	251 ATCCCAAATTO 0  301 CAGCTAACCC ACAGCATCAC TGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC AGGACAGGGA
15	301 CAGCTARCCC TOTAL STREET TOTAL CONTROL OF THE ANACOTT TOTAL CAGCOCA GACT CONTROL OF THE ANACOTT TOTAL CAGCOCA GACCA GACT CONTROL OF THE ANACOTT CAGCOCA GACCA GACT CONTROL OF THE ANACOTT CAGCOCA GACCA GACCA GACCA GACCA CONTROL OF THE ANACOTT CAGCOCA GACCA GACCA GACCA GACCA CONTROL OF THE ANACOTT CAGCOCA GACCA GACCA GACCA
	351 CAGTOTOTAL GARACTET GENERAL GENERA
20	451 TCCCTCCCTG GCCACACA
2 <u>0</u> 	(SEQ ID NO: 108)  1 GCCCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CTATCACCAA
ип 2 <b>5</b> і	51 CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCGTCACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
	101 CCACGGAGAG AGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AGCCCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA
T.	151 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA  201 AAAACGTGGG GCAGCCACCG GCGTGGACAC CATCTGCACT CACCGCCTTG
	201 AAAACGTGGG GCAGCCACCG GCGTGCACTO  201 AAAACGTGGG GCAGCCACCG GACAGAGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC  201 ACCCTCTAAAA CCCCAGGACTG GACAGAGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC
	251 ACCCTCTAAA CCCAGGACTO GIAGO GAGCTGGGC CCCTACCTCC TGGACAGAGG 301 AAACTGACCC GTGGCATCAT CGAGCTGGGC CCCTACCTCC TGGACAGAGG
35	CACTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GACCTCTGTG CCCACCACCA
	351 CAGTCTCTAT GTCTTTO  401 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATTC
40	451 TCCCTCCCAA GCCCCGCA
	(SEQ ID NO: 109)  1 NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA
45	A NICONTICO AGGITTURACA

5		CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
3		
,	101	CCACNGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG ACTCTGCTTG GTCCTATGTT CAAGAACACC
10	151	AGTGTTGGCC TTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGTCCGA
10	201	GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCGTCTTG
	251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGAGTG GACAGGGAGC AACTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC
15	301	CAGCTGACCA ATGGCATTAA AGAACTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGAA
	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGGT TCACCCATTG GATCCCTGTG CCCACCAGCA
2 <sub>0</sub>	401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GGTCAGGGAC TCCATCCTCC
20 10 10	451	CTCCCCAGCC CCACA
т П 25!	(SEQ ID No	O: 110) ACTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCGTTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA
LU CO	51	CCTGAAGTAC GAGGAGGACA TGCATTGCCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
	101	CCACAGAGAG AGTCCTGCAG AGTCTGCTTG GTCCCATGTT CAAGAACACC
30	151	AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGTCCGA
	201	GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCGTCTTG
35	251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGAGTG GACAGGGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC
	301	CAGCTGACCA ATGGCATCAA AGAGCTGGGT CCCTACACCC TGGACAGAAA
	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCA GACCTCTGCG CCCAACACCA
40	401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GGACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC
	451	TCCCTCCCCA GCCCTACA

## CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)

						•
10	(SEQ ID NO	o: 111) NCNNCTGNCC	CTCTCCTGNT	NCCNTTCACC	NTCAACTTNA	CCATCACCAA
	51	CCTGCANTAN	GNGGANNACA	TGCNNCNCCC	NGGNTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA
	101	CCACNGAGNG	NGTNCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTNN	NNCCCNTNTT	CAAGAACNCC
15	151	AGTGTNGGCC	NTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGACCTNNC	TCAGGNCNGA
	201	GAAGNATGGN	GCAGCCACTG	GANTGGATGC	CATCTGCANC	CACCNNCNTN
	251	ANCCCAAAAG	NCCTGGACTG	NACAGNGAGC	NGCTNTACTG	GGAGCTNAGC
20	301	CANCTGACCA	ANNNCATCNN	NGAGCTGGGN	CCCTACACCC	TGGACAGGNA
ij ij	351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGTT	TCACCCATTG	GATCCCTGTG	CCCACCAGCA
20 0 0 0 25	401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGGACCTTG	GGTCAGGGAC	TCCATCCTCC
LÜ	451	CTCCCCAGCC	CCACA			
13 30	(SEQ ID N	IO: 112) ACTGCTGGCC	CTCTCCTGGT	GCCGTTCACC	CTCAACTTCA	CCATCACCAA
30 11 11 14	51	CCTGAAGTAC	GAGGAGGACA	TGCATTGCCC	TGGCTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA
L.J.	101	CCACAGAGAG	AGTCCTGCAG	AGTCTGCTTG	GTCCCATGTT	CAAGAACACC
35	151	AGTGTTGGCC	CTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGACCTCGC	TCAGGTCCGA
	201	GAAGGATGGA	A GCAGCCACTG	GAGTGGATG	CATCTGCACC	CACCGTGTTG
40	251	ACCCCAAAA	G CCCTGGAGTG	GACAGGGAG	C AGCTATACTG	GGAGCTGAGC
	301	CAGCTGACCA	A ATGGCATCA	A AGAGCTGGG	r ccctacaccc	TGGACAGAAA
	351	CAGTCTCTA'	r GTCAATGGT	TCACCCATC	A GACCTCTGCC	G CCCAACACCA
45	401	GCACTCCTG	G GACCTCCACA	A GTGNACNTN	G GNACCTCNG	GACTCCATCC

# CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)

_		(SEQ ID NO: 65 cm2 c ==2
5		
	451	TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA
10	(SEQ ID NO	TCTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTGTG
	51	CCTGCAGTAC GAGGAGGACA TGCATCACCC AGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
15	101	CCACGGAGCG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTG GTCCCATGTT CAAGAACACC
10	151	AGTGTCGGCC TTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA
	201	GAAGAATGGG GCAACCACTG GAATGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCGTCTTG
20	251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
20 0	301	CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
[/] 25]	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA
 10	401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC
	451	TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA
3 <b>9</b>	(SEQ ID	NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGN1 NCCN11CHes 200
	51	CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
35	101	. CCACNGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AACCCTTGTT CAGGAATAGC
	151	AGTCTGGAAT ACCTCTATTC AGGCTGCAGA CTAGCCTCAC TCAGGCCAGA
40	201	GAAGGATAGC TCAGCCATGG CAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACA CATCGCCCTG
	25	1 ACCCTGAAGA CCTCGGACTG GACAGAGAGC GACTGTACTG GGAGCTGAGC
	30	1 AATCTGACAA ATGGCATCCA GGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACCGGAA
45	35	1 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG AAGCTCTATG CCCACCACCA

5			CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
J		401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGATGTGG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC
10		451	TCCAGCCCCA GCCCCACG
	(SEQ	ID NO	): 115) ACTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGAT ACCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA
15		51	CCTGCAGTAT GGGGAGGACA TGGGTCACCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
		101	CCACAGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTG GTCCCATATT CAAGAACACC
2,0,		151	AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTCTC TCAGGTCTGA
20. 00. 01. 25.		201	GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCATC CATCATCTTG
15 Table 1 Tab		251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTC AACAGAGAGC GGCTGTACTG GGAGCTGAGC
į, į		301	CAACTGACCA ATGGCATCAA AGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGAA
£43		351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GACCTCTGTG CCCACCACCA
☐ 3∮		401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATTC
		451	TCCCTCCCAA GCCCCGCA
35	(SEQ	ID I	NO: 116) ACTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCTGTTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA
		51	CCTGAAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
		101	
40		151	
		201	
45		251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC

	CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence
5	(SEQ ID NO: 83 thid DDg
_	301 CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
	301 CANCTGACCA ANNIVOTO  301 CANCTGACA GALLANI  301 CANCTGACA  301 CANC
10	351 CAGTCTCTAT GICARIOUS  401 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC
15	451 TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA
13	(SEQ ID NO: 117)  1 NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA
	CONTRAIN CONGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGIICALTO
20	CAAGAACHOO GGTCTGCTCA GGCCTGTGTT CAAGAACHOO
Ç) LÖ	TRACE CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCG.
Har House	TRANSCO CONGCONCO AAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC TACCGCCCT
25 <u>.</u> 	GCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGA
s 53	ACAGCATCAC TGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC AGGACAGGG
30	CTCAATGGCT TCACCCATCG GAGCTCTGTG CCAACCAG
3	351 CAGTCTCTAT GICATION  401 GTATTCCTGG GACCTCTGCA GTGCACCTGG AAACCACTGG GACTCCATCC
p-ds	451 TCCTTCCCCG GCCACACA
35	(SEQ ID NO: 118)  1 GAGCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGAT ACCATTCACT TTCAACTTTA CCATCAACA
	1 GAGCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGAT MOST  1 GAGCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGAT MOST  51 CCTGCGTTAT GAGGAAAACA TGCAACACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA  51 CCTGCGTTAT GAGGAAAACA TGCAACACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
40	51 CCTGCGTTAT GAGGAAAACA TOOTTO 101 CCACGGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA CGCCCTTGTT CAAGAACACC 101 CCACGGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA CGCCCTTGTT CAAGAACACC
	101 CCACGGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTGTG  151 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGACCTGA
	TOTAL CALCULATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE
4	201 GAAGCAGGAG GCAGCCACIG GAGIGGAG

5		CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru 145)
	251	ATCCCATCGG ACCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC GGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC
10	301	CAGCTGACCA ACAGCATCAC AGAGCTGGGA CCCTACACCC TGGATAGGGA
	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCGATGGCT TCAACCCTTG GAGCTCTGTG CCAACCACCA
	401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGCACCTGG CAACCTCTGG GACTCCATCC
15	451	CCCCTGCCTG GCCACACA
	(SEQ ID N	O: 119) GCCCCTGTCC CTCTCTTGAT ACCATTCACC CTCAACTTTA CCATCACCGA
2 <b>0</b> ]	51	CCTGCATTAT GAAGAAAACA TGCAACACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
	101	CCACGGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AGCCCTTGTT CAAGAGCACC
25	151	AGCGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGACCTGA
I)	201	GAAACATGGG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGACGC CATCTGCACC CTCCGCCTTG
13 30 30	251	ATCCCACTGG TCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAC GGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC CAGCTGACCA ACAGCATCAC AGAGCTGGGA CCCTACACCC TGGATAGGGA
1	301	TOTAL COURTE CACCTCTGTG CCAACCACCA
25	351 401	CHOCK CARCETCEACA GTGCACCTGG CAACCTCTGG GACTCCATCC
35	451	
40	(SEQ ID	NO: 120) ACTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCGTTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA
40	51	THE GRACE CACCACA TECATTECCC TEGETCEAGE AAGTTCAACA
	101	
45	153	L AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGTCCGA

CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145) 5 GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCGTCTTG 201 ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC 251 10 CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA 301 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA 351 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC 15 401 TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA 451 (SEQ ID NO: 121) NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA 20 ij CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA ij 51 ſΠ CCACNGAGNG NGTNCTGCAG GGTCTGCTNN NNCCCNTNTT CAAGAACNCC 15 25 101 IJ AGTGTNGGCC NTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTNNC TCAGGNCNGA ĬŨ 151 GAAGNATGGN GCAGCCACTG GANTGGATGC CATCTGCANC CACCNNCNTN 3**0** 201 ANCCCAAAAG NCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC 251 CANCTGACCA ACAGCATCAC AGAGCTGGGA CCCTACACCC TGGATAGGGA 301 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG AAGCTCTATG CCCACCACCA 351 35 GTATTCCTGG GACCTCTGCA GTGCACCTGG AAACCTCTGG GACTCCAGCC 401 TCCCTCCCTG GCCACACA 451 40 (SEQ ID NO: 122) GCCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CTATCACCAA CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCGTCACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA 51 CCACGGAGAG AGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AGCCCTTGTT CAAGAGCACC 45 101

5	CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)						
			OTTOTTOTTA CTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGACCTTGC	rcaggcctga	
	151				CATCTGCACT		
10	201						
	251				NGCTNTACTG		
15	301				CCCTACACCC		
13	351				GANCTCTGNG		
	401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGNACNTNG	GNACCTCNGG	GACTCCATCC	
20_	451	TCCNTCCCCN	GCCNCACA				
25	(SEQ ID N	NCNNCTGNCC	CTCTCCTGNT	NCCNTTCACC	NTCAACTTNA	CCATCACCAA	
	51	CCTGCANTAN	GNGGANNACA	TGCNNCNCCC	NGGNTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA	
L)	101	CCACNGAGNG	NGTNCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTNN	NNCCCNTNTT	CAAGAACNCC	
	151	AGTGTNGGCC	NTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGACCTNNC	TCAGGNCNGA	
30 U U	201	GAAGNATGGN	GCAGCCACTG	GANTGGATGC	CATCTGCANC	CACCNNCNTN	
	251	ANCCCAAAAG	NCCTGGACTG	NACAGNGAGC	NGCTNTACTG	GGAGCTNAGC	
35	301	CANCTGACCA	ANNNCATCNN	NGAGCTGGGN	CCCTACACCC	TGGACAGGNA	
	351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGTT	TTCACCCTCG	GAGCTCTGTG	CCAACCACCA	
40	401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGCACCTGG	CAACCTCTGG	GACTCCATCC	
40	451	TCCCTGCCTG	G GCCACACA				
	(SEQ ID	NO: 124) GCCCCTGTCC	C CTCTCTTGAT	ACCATTCACC	C CTCAACTTTA	CCATCACCAA	
45	51	CCTGCATTAT	r gaagaaaac <i>i</i>	TGCAACACC	TGGTTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA	

#### CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145) 5 CCACGGAGCG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTG GTCCCATGTT CAAGAACACA 101 AGTGTCGGCC TTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA 151 10 GAAGAATGGG GCAGCCACTG GAATGGATGC CATCTGCAGC CACCGTCTTG 201 ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC 251 CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA 15 301 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA 351 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC 401 20\_ TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA 451 NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA (SEQ ID NO: 125) 25 CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA Ų 51 CCACNGAGNG NGTNCTGCAG GGTCTGCTNN NNCCCNTNTT CAAGAACNCC £ 124 101 AGTGTNGGCC NTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTNNC TCAGGNCNGA 30 N 151 GAAGNATGGN GCAGCCACTG GANTGGATGC CATCTGCANC CACCNNCNTN ١, 201 į, sis ANCCCAAAAG NCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC 251 35 CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA 301 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCA GAACTCTGTG CCCACCACCA 351 GTACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGTACTGGG CAACCACTGG GACTCCATCC 40 401 TCCTTCCCCG GCCACACA 451

# CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)

	(SEQ ID NO:	BAGCCTGGCC CTCTCCTGAT ACCITIONS
10	51 (	CCTGCATTAT GAGGAAAACA TGCAACACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
	101	CCACGGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA CGCCCTTGTT CAAGAACACC
15	151	AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGACCTGA
13	201	GAAGCAGGAG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGACAC CATCTGTACC CACCGCGTTG
	251	ATCCCATCGG ACCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
20.	301	CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
20 <u>.</u>	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA
(f) (f) 25.j	401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC
	451	TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA
<u>.</u>	(SEQ ID N	O: 127) NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA
3 <b>0</b> 13	51	CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
n	101	CCACNGAGNG NGTNCTGCAG GGTCTGCTNN NNCCCNTNTT CAAGAACNCC
35	151	AGTGTNGGCC NTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTNNC TCAGGNCNGA
	201	GAAGNATGGN GCAGCCACTG GANTGGATGC CATCTGCANC CACCNNCNTN
40	251	ANCCCAAAAG NCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
40	301	ANDINCATONN NGAGOTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
		TOTAL CTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GAGCTCTGTG CCAACCACCA
45	351 ; 401	CACCTCCACA GTGCACCTGG CAACCTCTGG GACTCCATCC

# CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)

# 451 TCCCTGCCTG GCCACACA

10	(SEQ	ID NO	GCCCCTGTCC CTCTCTTGAT ACCATTCACC CTCAACTTTA CCATCACCAA
		51	CCTGCATTAT GAAGAAAACA TGCAACACCC TGGTTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
15		101	CCACGGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AGCCCTTGTT CAAGAGCACC
13		151	AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGACCTGA
		201	GAAACATGGG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGACGC CATCTGCACC CTCCGCCTTG
20		251	ATCCCACTGG TCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
C)		301	CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
13 13 25		351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA
43		401	GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC
14 13		451	TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA
30 	(SE	Q ID	NO: 129) NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA
		51	TERGONIEN CNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
35	:	101	TO CHARLE METHOTGCAG GGTCTGCTNN NNCCCNTNTT CAAGAACNCC
		151	TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL CONTROL TO TOTAL T
40		201	TARGULEGO, GCAGCCACTG GANTGGATGC CATCTGCANC CACCNNCNTN
40		25	ANGERANAC NCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
		30	TINGTICA CCA ANNINCATONN NGAGOTGGGN COCTACACCO TGGACAGGNA
45	5	35	TO STRUCTURE CTCA ATGGTT TCACCCATCG GACCTCTGTG CCCACCACCA

CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145) 5 401 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGCACCTGG CAACCTCTGG GACTCCATCC TCCCTGCCTG GCCACACA 10 GCCCCTGTCC CTCTCTTGAT ACCATTCACC CTCAACTTTA CCATCACCAA (SEQ ID NO: 130) CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGATCTAGG AAGTTCAACA 51 15 CCACAGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTA GTCCCATTTT CAAGAACTCC 101 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTCTC TCAGGCCCGA 151 GAAGGATGGG GCAGCAACTG GAATGGATGC TGTCTGCCTC TACCACCCTA 20 201 ij ATCCCAAAAG ACCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC ųΰ ŲĴ 251 CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA ľΠ 25 301 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA U 351 ţŪ GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC 3Q 401 TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA 451 fIJ NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA (SEQ ID NO: 131) ļ. CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA 35 51 CCACNGAGNG NGTNCTGCAG GGTCTGCTNN NNCCCNTNTT CAAGAACNCC 101 AGTGTNGGCC NTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTNNC TCAGGNCNGA 151 40 GAAGNATGGN GCAGCCACTG GANTGGATGC CATCTGCANC CACCNNCNTN 201 ANCCCAAAAG NCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC 251 CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA 45 301

5		CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
-	351 CA	GTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATTG GAGCTCTGGG CTCACCACCA
10	401 GC.	ACTCCTTG GACTTCCACA GTTGACCTTG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC
	451 CC	CGTCCCCA GCCCCACA
15	(SEQ ID NO:	TGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGG1 GCCA11GAGG
13	51 CC	TGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGATCTAGG AAGTTCAACG
		CACAGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTA GTCCCATATT CAAGAACACC
20 []	151 A	GTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGACCTGA
,Ö ,D	201 G	AAGCAGGAG GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGACAC CATCTGTACC CACCGCGTTG
	251 A	TCCCATCGG ACCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
		ANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
13 30=	351 C	AGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA CCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC
3Q5 11 12		
ļ.i		CCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA
35	(SEQ ID NO	NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAME TO THE
		CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
40	101	CCACNGAGNG NGTNCTGCAG GGTCTGCTNN NNCCCNTNTT CAAGAACNCC
	151	AGTGTNGGCC NTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTNNC TCAGGNCNGA
45	201	GAAGNATGGN GCAGCCACTG GANTGGATGC CATCTGCANC CACCNNCNTN ANCCCAAAAG NCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
,,,	251	ANCCCAAAAG NCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTTTTTT

_		CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
5		
-	301	CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
10	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GAGCTTTGGG CTCACCACCA
10	401	GCACTCCTTG GACTTCCACA GTTGACCTTG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC
	451	CCCGTCCCCA GCCCCACA
15	(SEQ ID N	ACTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTOTTO
	51	CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
20 []	101	CCACGGAGAG GGTCCTTCAG GGTCTGCTTA CGCCCTTGTT CAGGAACACC
	151	AGTGTCAGCT CTCTGTACTC TGGTTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA
[f] 25	201	GAAGGATGGG GCAGCCACCA GAGTGGATGC TGTCTGCACC CATCGTCCTG
14 14	251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
22	301	CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
301	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA
14	401	L GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGNACNTNG GNACCTCNGG GACTCCATCC
} <b>≟</b> 35	45	1 TCCNTCCCCN GCCNCACA
	(SEQ ID	NO: 135)  1 NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA
40	5	1 CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
	10	1 CCACNGAGNG NGTNCTGCAG GGTCTGCTNN NNCCCNTNTT CAAGAACNCC
	15	AGTGTNGGCC NTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTNNC TCAGGNCNGA
45		01 GAAGNATGGN GCAGCCACTG GANTGGATGC CATCTGCANC CACCNNCNTN

5		(S	CA125 Repeat N EQ ID NO: 83	ucleotide Seq thru SEQ ID N	nuence O: 145)	
	251	ANCCCAAAAG	NCCTGGACTG	NACAGNGAGC	NGCTNTACTG	GGAGCTNAGC
10	301	CANCTGACCA	ANNNCATCNN	NGAGCTGGGN	CCCTACACCC	TGGACAGGNA
	351	CAGTCTCTAT	GTCAATGGTT	TCACCCATTG	GATCCCTGTG	CCCACCAGCA
	401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGGACCTTG	GGTCAGGGAC	TCCATCCTCC
15	451	CTCCCCAGCC	CCACA			
	(SEQ ID N	o: 136) ACTGCTGGCC	CTCTCCTGGT	ACCATTCACC	CTCAACTTCA	CCATCACCAA
20j	51	CCTGCAGTAT	GGGGAGGACA	TGGGTCACCC	TGGCTCCAGG	AAGTTCAACA
	101	CCACAGAGAG	GGTCCTGCAG	GGTCTGCTTG	GTCCCATATT	CAAGAACACC
25	151	AGTGTTGGCC	CTCTGTACTC	TGGCTGCAGA	CTGACCTCTC	TCAGGTCCGA
	201	GAAGGATGGA	GCAGCCACTG	GAGTGGATGC	CATCTGCATC	CATCATCTTG
D D	251				NGCTNTACTG	
30 30 1	301				CCCTACACCC	
	351				GANCTCTGNG	
35	401	GCACTCCTGG	GACCTCCACA	GTGNACNTNG	GNACCTCNGG	GACTCCATCC
	451	TCCNTCCCCN	GCCNCACA			
40	(SEQ ID 1	NO: 137)  NCNNCTGNCC	CTCTCCTGNT	' NCCNTTCACC	C NTCAACTTNA	CCATCACCAA
	51	CCTGCANTAN	I GNGGANNACA	TGCNNCNCC	C NGGNTCCAGG	S AAGTTCAACA
45	101					CAAGAACNCC
45	151	AGTGTNGGC	NTCTGTACT	TGGCTGCAG	A CTGACCTNNC	TCAGGNCNGA

5	CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
_	201 GAAGNATGGN GCAGCCACTG GANTGGATGC CATCTGCANC CACCNNCNTN
10	251 ANCCCAAAAG NCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
10	201 CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA
	351 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCA GACCTTTGCG CCCAACACCA
15	401 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GGACCTCAGG GACTCCATCC
	451 TCCCTCCCC AGCCCTACA
201	(SEQ ID NO: 138)  1 TCTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA
Hard Hard Hard	51 CCTGCAGTAC GAGGAGGACA TGCATCACCC AGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
25	101 CCACGGAGCG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTG GTCCCATGTT CAAGAACACC
	151 AGTGTCGGCC TTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA
	201 GAAGAATGGG GCAGCCACCA GAGTGGATGC TGTCTGCACC CATCGTCCTG
301	251 ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG NACAGNGAGC NGCTNTACTG GGAGCTNAGC
	301 CANCTGACCA ANNNCATCNN NGAGCTGGGN CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGNA 351 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCN GANCTCTGNG CCCACCACCA
35	351 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATER OF
	- ragon cochchch
40	
	(SEQ ID NO: 139)  1 NCNNCTGNCC CTCTCCTGNT NCCNTTCACC NTCAACTTNA CCATCACCAA  2 NCCNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
4.5	51 CCTGCANTAN GNGGANNACA TGCNNCNCCC NGGNTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
45	101 CCACNGAGAG GGTTCTGCAG GGTCTGCTCA AGCCCTTGTT CAAGAGCACC

-		CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)
5		
-	151 AC	STGTTGGCC CTCTGTATTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA
10	201 GA	AAGGACGGA GTAGCCACCA GAGTGGACGC CATCTGCACC CACCGCCCTG
10	251 A	CCCCAAAAT CCCTGGGCTA GACAGACAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC
	301 C	AGCTGACCC ACAGCATCAC TGAGCTGGGA CCCTACACCC TGGATAGGGA
15	351 C	AGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCAGCG GAGCTCTGTG CCCACCACCA
	401 G	CACTCCTGG GACTTTCACA GTACAGCCGG AAACCTCTGA GACTCCATCA
20	451 T	CCCTCCCTG GCCCCACA
20 11 15 25	(SEQ ID NO:	GCCACTGGCC CTGTCCTGCT GCCATTCACC CTGTTTTTTT
75.	51 (	CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA
ij CO	101	CCACGGAGAG GGTCCTTCAG GGTCTGCTTA TGCCCTTGTT CAAGAACACC
	151	AGTGTCAGCT CTCTGTACTC TGGTTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCTGA
3 <b>0</b>	201	GAAGGATGGG GCAGCCACCA GAGTGGATGC TGTCTGCACC CATCGTCCTG
1	251	ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC GGCTGTACTG GAAGCTGAGC
35	301	CAGCTGACCC ACGGCATCAC TGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGCA
33	351	CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCA GAGCTCTATG ACGACCACCA
40	401	GAACTCCTGA TACCTCCACA ATGCACCTGG CAACCTCGAG AACTCCAGCC
	451	TCCCTGTCTG GACCTACG
	(SEQ ID N	ACCGCCAGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCTATTCACA ATTACA
45	51	CCTGCGGTAT GAGGAGAACA TGCATCACCC TGGCTCTAGA AAGTTTAACA

#### CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145) 5 CCACGGAGAG AGTCCTTCAG GGTCTGCTCA GGCCTGTGTT CAAGAACACC 101 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTTGC TCAGGCCCAA 151 10 GAAGGATGGG GCAGCCACCA AAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC TACCGCCCTG 201 ATCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTG GACAGAGAGC AGCTATACTG GGAGCTGAGC 251 CAGCTAACCC ACAGCATCAC TGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGGA 15 301 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACACAGCG GAGCTCTGTG CCCACCACTA 351 GCATTCCTGG GACCCCCACA GTGGACCTGG GAACATCTGG GACTCCAGTT 401 ij ij TCTAAACCTG GTCCCTCG 451 (SEQ ID NO: 142) GCTGCCAGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCTATTCACT CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA 25<sub>1</sub> 1 CCTGCGGTAT GAGGAGAACA TGCAGCACCC TGGCTCCAGG AAGTTCAACA Ų 51 įÕ CCACGGAGAG GGTCCTTCAG GGCCTGCTCA GGTCCCTGTT CAAGAGCACC 101 30 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACTTTGC TCAGGCCTGA FL 151 ١... AAAGGATGGG ACAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCACC CACCACCCTG 201 1 ACCCCAAAAG CCCTAGGCTG GACAGAGAGC AGCTGTATTG GGAGCTGAGC 35 251 CAGCTGACCC ACAATATCAC TGAGCTGGGC CACTATGCCC TGGACAACGA 301 CAGCCTCTTT GTCAATGGTT TCACTCATCG GAGCTCTGTG TCCACCACCA 351 GCACTCCTGG GACCCCCACA GTGTATCTGG GAGCATCTAA GACTCCAGCC 40 401 TCGATATTTG GCCCTTCA 451

# CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)

5

	(SEQ ID NO	GCTGCCAGCC	ATCTCCTGAT	ACTATTCACC	CTCAACTTCA	CCATCACTAA
10	51	CCTGCGGTAT	GAGGAGAACA	TGTGGCCTGG	CTCCAGGAAG	TTCAACACTA
	101		CCTTCAGGGC			
15	151	GTTGGCCCTC	TGTACTCTGG	CTCCAGGCTG	ACCTTGCTCA	GGCCAGAGAA
	201	AGATGGGGAA	GCCACCGGAG	TGGATGCCAT	CTGCACCCAC	CGCCCTGACC
	251	CCACAGGCCC	TGGGCTGGAC	AGAGAGCAGC	TGTATTTGGA	GCTGAGCCAG
20	301	CTGACCCACA	GCATCACTGA	GCTGGGCCCC	TACACACTGG	ACAGGGACAG
	351	TCTCTATGTC	AATGGTTTCA	CCCATCGGAG	CTCTGTACCC	ACCACCAGC
ւր 25լ	(SEQ ID N	o: 144)				$CC\Lambda TC\Lambda \Lambda C\Lambda \Lambda$
	1	ACCGGGGTGG				CCATCAACAA
ţij E	51	CCTGCGCTAC	: ATGGCGGACA	TGGGCCAACC	CGGCTCCCTC	AAGTTCAACA
[] 3 <b>0</b>	101	TCACAGACAA	CGTCATGAAG	G CACCTGCTCA	GTCCTTTGTT	CCAGAGGAGC
TŲ.	151	AGCCTGGGT	G CACGGTACAC	AGGCTGCAGG	GTCATCGCA	TAAGGTCTGT
<b>5</b>	201	GAAGAACGG'	r gctgagaca	GGGTGGACCT	CCTCTGCAC	C TACCTGCAGC
35	251	CCCTCAGCG	G CCCAGGTCT	G CCTATCAAG	C AGGTGTTCC	A TGAGCTGAGC
	301	CAGCAGACC	C ATGGCATCA	C CCGGCTGGG	C CCCTACTCT	C TGGACAAAGA
40	351	CAGCCTCTA	C CTTAACGGT	T ACAATGAAC	C TGGTCTAGA	T GAGCCTCCTA
	401					C AGAAGCCACA
	451	ACA				

# CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 83 thru SEQ ID NO: 145)

	(SEQ	ID NO	GCCATGGGGT	ACCACCTGAA	GACCCTCACA	CTCAACTTCA	CCATCTCCAA
10		51	TCTCCAGTAT	TCACCAGATA	TGGGCAAGGG	CTCAGCTACA	TTCAACTCCA
		101	CCGAGGGGGT	CCTTCAGCAC	CTGCTCAGAC	CCTTGTTCCA	GAAGAGCAGC
15		151	ATGGGCCCCT	TCTACTTGGG	TTGCCAACTG	ATCTCCCTCA	GGCCTGAGAA
		201	GGATGGGGCA	GCCACTGGTG	TGGACACCAC	CTGCACCTAC	CACCCTGACC
		251	CTGTGGGCCC	CGGGCTGGAC	ATACAGCAGC	TTTACTGGGA	GCTGAGTCAG
20 \Ö			CTGACCCATG				
i I		351	CCTCTTCATC	AATGGCTATG	CACCCCAGAA	TTTATCAATC	CGGGGCGAGT
15 17 25 10		401				ACCTCAGTAA	
		451	ACATCCTCAG	AGTAC			
, i							

# 

# FABLE 16

# CA125 Repeat Domains (SEQ ID NO: 146)

ARSELVETIMETITINGYEERMENGERKENTTERVLOGILERPKRYTSTERGENGAATKVORICTREDENSTERGENTWEISOLTHEITERSVPTTSTERGESTVONGETHRESVPTTSTERGESTVONGETHRESVPTTSTERGESTVONGETHRESVPTTSTERGESTVONGETHRESVPTTSTERGESTVONGETHRESVPTTSTERGESTVONGETHRESSVPTTSTERSTVONGESTVONGETHRESSVPTTSTERSTVONGESTRESPPTTSTERSTVONGESTRESPPTTSTERSTVONGESTRESPPTTSTERSTVONGESTRESPPTTSTERSTVONGESTRESPPTTSTERSTVONGESTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRESPPTTSTRE 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AAGPLLMPFTINFTITNLØYEEDMGHPGSRKFNTTERVLØGLLGPIFKNTSVGPLYSG<u>CRLTSLRSEKDGAATGVDAIC</u>THHLDPKSPGLNRERLYWELSQLTNGIKELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHRTSVPTSTPGTSTVDLGTSGTPFSLPSPA APVPLLIPFTLNFTITDLHYEEDMGHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLKPLFKSTSVGRLTLLRPEKHGAATRVDAVCTHRPDFKSPGLDRERLYWKLSQLTHGITELGPYTLDRHSLYVNGFTHQSSMTTTRTPDTSTMHLATSRTPASLSGPT APQPLLIPFTLNFTITDLHYEEDMRHPGSRKFSTTERVLQGLLKPLFKNTSVSSLYSGCRLTLLRPEKDGAATRVDAVCTHRPDFKSPGLDRERLYWKLSQLTHGITELGPYTLDRHSLYVNGFTHQSSMTTTRTPDTSTMHLATSRTPASLSGPT APGPLLVPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDMRHPGSRKFSTTERVLQGLLKPLFKNTSVSSLYSGCRLTLLRPEKDGAATRVDAVCTHRPDFKSPGLDRERLYWKLSQLTHGITELGPYTLDRHSLYVNGFTHQSSMTTTRTPDTSTMHLATSRTPASLSGPT APGPLLVPFTLNFTITNLQYEVDMRHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLKPLFKSTSVGPLYSGCRLTLLRPEKRGRATGVDTICTHRLDPLNPGLDREQLYWELSKLTRGIIELGPYLLDRGSLYVNGFTHRNFVPITSTPGTSTVHLGTSETPSSLPRPI XXXPLLXPFTLNFTITNLXYEEXMXXPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLKPLFRNSSLEYLYSGCRLASLRPEKDSSAMAVDAICTHRPDPEDLGLDRERLYWELSNLTNGIQELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHRSSFLTTSTPWTSTVDLGTSGTPSPVPSPT TAGPLLVPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDMHRPGSRRFNTTERVLQGLLTPLFKNTSVGPLYSGCRLTLLRPEKQEAATGVDTICTHRVDPIGPGLDRERLYWELSQLTNSITELGPYTLDRDSLYVNGFNPWSSVPTTSTPGTSTVHLATSGTPSSLPGHT VPGPLLVPFTLNFT ITNLOYBEAMRHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLRPLFRNTSIGPLYSSCRLTLLRPBRDKAATRVDAICTHHPDPQSPGLNREQLYWELSQLTHGITELGPYTLDRDSLYVDGFTHWSPIPTTSTPGTSIVNLGTSGIPPSLPETT SAGPLLVPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDMIHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLGPMFKNTSVGLLYSG<u>CRLTLLRPEKNGAATGMDA</u>ICSHRLDPKSPGLYWEEJSOLTHGIKELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHRSSVAPTSTPGTSTVDLGTSGTPSSLPSPT TAVPLLVPFTLNFTITNLOYGEDMRHPGSRKFNTTERVLOGILGPLFKNSSVGPLYSGCRLISLESEKDGAATGVDAICTHHLNPQSPGLDREQLYWQLSOMTNGIKELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHRSSGLTTSTPWTSTVDLGTSGTPSPVPSPT EPGPLLI PPTENETI TNLHY EENMOHPGSRKENTTERVLOGLLKPLERONTSVGPLYSGCRLTLLRPEKHERATGVDTICTHRVDPI GPGLDRERLYWELSOLTNSI TELGPYTLDRDSLYVNGFNPRSSVPTT STPGT STVHLATSGTPSSLPGHT TAGPLLVPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDMHRPGSRKFNATERVLQGLLSPIFKNSSVGPLYSG<u>CRLTSLRPEKDGAATGMDAVC</u>LYHPNPKRPGLDREQLYWELSQLTHNITELGPYSLDRDSLYVNGFTHQNSVPTTSTPGTSTVYWATTGTPSSFPGHT EPGPLLI PFTENFT ITNLHYEENMOHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLKPLFKNTSVGPLYSGCRLTSLRPEKDGAATGMDAVCLYHPNPKRPGLDREQLYCELSQLTHN ITELGPYSLDRDSLYVNGFTHQNSVPTTSTPGTSTYYNATTGTPSSFPGHT SAGPLIVPTIANTITALOYEEDWRHPGSRKENTTERVLOGGLEKPLEKSTSVCPLYSGCRLTLLRSEKDGAATGVDALCTHRLDPKSPGVDREQLYWELSQLTNGIKELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGPTHQTSAPNTSTPGTSTVDLGTSGTPSSLPSPT TAGPLLVLFTLNFTITNLXYEEDMIRPGSRKFNTTERVLQTLLGPMFKNTSVGLLYSG<u>CRLTLLRSEKDGAATGVDAIC</u>THRLDPKSPGLDYBEQLYWELSQLTNGIKELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHQTSAPTSTPGTSTVDLG-SGTPSSLPSPT AAGPLLVPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDMIHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLGPMFKNTSVGLLYSG<u>CRLTLLRSEKDGAATGVDAIC</u>THRLDPKSPGVDREQLYWELSQLTNGIKELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHQTSAPNTSTPGTSTVDLGTSGTPSSLPSPT AAGPLLVPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDMIHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLGPMFKNTSVGLLYSGCRLTLLRSEKDGAATGVDAICTHRLDPKSPGVDREQLYWELSQLTNGIKELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHQTSAPNTSTPGTSTVDLGTSGTPSSLPSPT ATVPEMVPFTLNFTITNLQYEED**M**RHPGSRKFNATERELQGLLKPLFRNSSLEYLYSG<u>CRLASLRPEKDSSAMAVDAIC</u>THRPDPEDLGLDRERLYWELSNLTNGIQELGPYTLDRNSLYVNGFTHRSSMPTTSTPGTSTVDVGTSGTPSSSPSFT 35 30 25 20 15 10

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# TABLE 16 - continued

# CA125 Repeat Domains (SEQ ID NO: 146)

XXXPLLXPFTLMFTITNLXYBEXMXXPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLXPXFRXTSVGXLYGGRLTLLRXEKXXAATXVDXXCXXXXDPXXPGLDREXLYWBLSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYNGFTFWSGLTTSTPWTSTVDLGTPSTPSPVPSPT TAGPLLYPFTLMFTITNLQYBEDMIRPGSRKFNATERVLQGLLXPIFKYTSVGPLYSGCRLTLLRXEKXXAATXVDXXCXXXXDPXXPGLDREXLYWBLSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYNGFTHRSFGLTTSTPWTSTVDLGTSGTPSPVPSPT XXXPLLXPFTLMFTITNLXYBEXMXXPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLXPXFRXTSVGXLYSGCRLTLLRXEKXXAATXVDXXCXXXXDPXXPGLDREXLYWELSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYNGFTHRSFGLTTSTPWTSTVDLGTSGTPSPVPSPT TAGPLINPTINITITILQYEEDMHRPGSRKFNTTERVLÖGLLTPLFRNTSVSSLYSGCRLTLLRPEKDGAATRVDAVCTHRPDPKSPGLDREXLYWELSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYVNGFXXXXXXXXXXXTSTPGTSXVXLXTSGTPXXXDXXT XXXPLLXPFTLNFTITNLXYEEXMXXPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLXPXFKXTSVGXLYSGCRLTLLRXEKXXAATXVDXXCXXXXDPXXPGLDREXLYWELSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYVNGFTHRTSVPTTSTPGTSTVHLATSGTPSSLPGHT APVPILI PFTINFTITNLQYEEDMHRPGSRKFNTTERVLÖGILSPIFKNSSVGPLYSGCRLTSLRPEKDGAATGMDAVCLYHPNPKRPGLDREXLYWELSKLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYVNGFXXXXXXXXXXTSTPGTSXVXLXTSGTPXXXDXXT APGPLLVPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDWRHPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLKPLFKSTSVGPLYSGCRLTLLRPEKRGAATGVDTICTHRLDPLNPGLDREXLYWELSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYVNGFXXXXXXXXXTSTPGTSXVXLXTSGTPXXXXXX XXXPLLXPFTLMFTITNLXYEEX#XXPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLXPXFKXTSVGXLYSG<u>CRLJTLRXEKXXAATXVDXXC</u>XXXXDPXXPGLDREXLYWELSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYVNGFHPRSSVPTTSTPGTSTVHLATSGTPSSLPGHT XXXPLLXPFTLNFTITNLXYEEXMXXPGSRKFNTTERVLQGLLXPXFKXTSVGXLYSGCRLTLLRXEKXXAATXVDXXCXXXXDPXXPGLDREXLYWELSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYVNGFTHQNSVPTTSTPGTSTVYWATTGTPSSFPGHT EPGPLLIPFTENFIITNLHYEENMOHPGSRKFNTTERVLOGLLTPLFKNTSVGPLYSGCRLTLLRPEKQEAATGVDTICTHRVDPIGPGLDREXLYWELSXLTXXIXELGPYXLDRXSLYVNGFXXXXXXXXXXXTSTPGTSXVXLXTSGTPXXXDXXT 09 55 20 45 40

#### TABLE 17

Carboxy Terminal Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 147) 5 GCCATGGGGT ACCACCTGAA GACCCTCACA CTCAACTTCA CCATCTCCAA TCTCCAGTAT TCACCAGATA TGGGCAAGGG CTCAGCTACA TTCAACTCCA 10 51 CCGAGGGGGT CCTTCAGCAC CTGCTCAGAC CCTTGTTCCA GAAGAGCAGC 101 ATGGGCCCCT TCTACTTGGG TTGCCAACTG ATCTCCCTCA GGCCTGAGAA 151 15 GGATGGGGCA GCCACTGGTG TGGACACCAC CTGCACCTAC CACCCTGACC 201 CTGTGGGCCC CGGGCTGGAC ATACAGCAGC TTTACTGGGA GCTGAGTCAG 251 Ų CTGACCCATG GTGTCACCCA ACTGGGCTTC TATGTCCTGG ACAGGGATAG 20 301 ζħ CCTCTTCATC AATGGCTATG CACCCCAGAA TTTATCAATC CGGGGCGAGT L 351 ACCAGATAAA TTTCCACATT GTCAACTGGA ACCTCAGTAA TCCAGACCCC Ų 401 25 00 ACATCCTCAG AGTACATCAC CCTGCTGAGG GACATCCAGG ACAAGGTCAC 451 CACACTCTAC AAAGGCAGTC AACTACATGA CACATTCCGC TTCTGCCTGG 501 TCACCAACTT GACGATGGAC TCCGTGTTGG TCACTGTCAA GGCATTGTTC 30 551 TCCTCCAATT TGGACCCCAG CCTGGTGGAG CAAGTCTTTC TAGATAAGAC 601 CCTGAATGCC TCATTCCATT GGCTGGGCTC CACCTACCAG TTGGTGGACA 651 35 TCCATGTGAC AGAAATGGAG TCATCAGTTT ATCAACCAAC AAGCAGCTCC 701 AGCACCCAGC ACTTCTACCT GAATTTCACC ATCACCAACC TACCATATTC 751 CCAGGACAAA GCCCAGCCAG GCACCACCAA TTACCAGAGG AACAAAAGGA 801 40 ATATTGAGGA TGCGCTCAAC CAACTCTTCC GAAACAGCAG CATCAAGAGT 851 TATTTTCTG ACTGTCAAGT TTCAACATTC AGGTCTGTCC CCAACAGGCA 901

	Carboxy Terminal Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 147)
	951 CCACACCGGG GTGGACTCCC TGTGTAACTT CTCGCCACTG GCTCGGAGAG *
	951 CCACACCGGG GTGGACTCCC TO  1001 TAGACAGAGT TGCCATCTAT GAGGAATTTC TGCGGATGAC CCGGAATGGT
	1001 TAGACAGAGT TGCCATCTAT GAGGAATITO
	1001 TAGACAGAGT IGCCATOLO  1051 ACCCAGCTGC AGAACTTCAC CCTGGACAGG AGCAGTGTCC TTGTGGATGG  1051 ACCCAGCTGC AGAACTTCAC CCTGGACAGG AGCAGTGTCC TTGTGGATGG
5	1051 ACCCAGCTGC AGAACTTCAG  1051 ACCCAGCTGC AGAACTTCAG  1101 GTATTCTCCC AACAGAAATG AGCCCTTAAC TGGGAATTCT GACCTTCACA
0	CATCCTCATC GGCTTGGCAG GACTCCTGGG ACTOM
	GCCCTGTCCT GGTGACCACC CGCCGGCGA AGAILTO
.0 2 <b>⊙</b>	G GEGCAGCAAC AGTGCCCAGG CTACTACCAG TOTAL
10 10 10 10 10 25	1251 AGAATACAAC GICCAGGITT  1301 ACCTGGAGGA TCTGCAATGA CTGGAACTTG CCGGTGCCTG GGGTGCCTT
\	1301 ACCTGGAGGA TCTGCAATGA OF  1351 CCCCCAGCCA GGGTCCAAAG AAGCTTGGCT GGGGCAGAAA TAAACCATA
[0 25	
	1401 TGGTCGGAAA AAAAAAAAA AA
j L	

#### TABLE 18

		Carboxy Terminal Amino Acid Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 148)
5		AMGYHLKTLT LNFTISNLQY SPDMGKGSAT FNSTEGVLQH LLRPLFQKSS
	1	MGPFYLGCQL ISLRPEKDGA ATGVDTTCTY HPDPVGPGLD IQQLYWELSQ
10	51	TRUCYTOLGF YVLDRDSLFI NGYAPQNLSI RGEYQINFHI VNWNLSNPDF
		* ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** *
	151	CONTRIBUTE OVELOKTINA SFHWLGSTYQ LVDIHVTEME SSVYQP1555
15	201 251	CENOUEVINET ITNLPYSQDK AQPGTTNYQR NKRNIEDALN QLFRNSSIKS
# 12 m	301	WESDCOVSTE RSVPNRHHTG VDSLCNFSPL ARRVDRVAIY EEFLRMIKNG
19 29 11 11 25	351	TQLQNFTLDR SSVLVDGYSP NRNEPLTGNS DLPFWAVILI GLAGLLGLIT
tall made in	401	CLICGVLVTT RRRKKEGEYN VQQQCPGYYQ SHLDLEDLQ
25		
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#### TABLE 19A

#### Serine/Threonine O-glycosylation Pattern Predicted for the Amino Terminal End of the CA125 Molecule (SEQ ID NO: 149)

80

160

240

320

400

480

560

640

720

800

880

960

1040

1120

1200

1280

1360

1440

1520

1600

1680

1760

 ${\tt RTDGIMEHITKIPNEAAHRGTIRPVKGPQTSTSPASPKGLHTGGTKRMETTTTALKTTTALKTTSRATLTTSVYTPTLG}$ TLTPLNASROMASTILTEMMITTPYVFPDVPETTSSLATSLGAETSTALPRTTPSVLNRESETTASLVSRSGAERSPVIQ TLDVSSSEPDTTASWVIHPAETIPTVSKTTPNFFHSELDTVSSTATSHGADVSSAIPTNISPSELDALTPLVTISGTDTS TTFPTLTKSPHETETRTTWLTHPAETSSTIPRTIPNFSHHESDATPSIATSPGAETSSAIPIMTVSPGAEDLVTSQVTSS  ${\tt GTDRNMTIPTLTLSPGEPKTIASLVTHPEAQTSSAIPTSTISPAVSRLVTSMVTSLAAKTSTTNRALTNSPGEPATTVSL}$ VTHPAQTSPTVPWTTSIFFHSKSDTTPSMTTSHGAESSSAVPTPTVSTEVPGVVTPLVTSSRAVISTTIPILTLSPGEPE  $\tt TTPSMATSHGEEASSAIPTPTVSPGVPGVVTSLVTSSRAVTSTTIPILTFSLGEPETTPSMATSHGTEAGSAVPTVLPEV$ GELETTPSMATSHGAEASSAVPTPTVSPGVSGVVTPLVTSSRAVTSTTIPILTLSSSEPETTPSMATSHGVEASSAVLTV  ${\tt SPEVPGMVTSLVTSSRAVTSTTIPTLTISSDEPETTTSLVTHSEAKMISAIPTLAVSPTVQGLVTSLVTSSGSETSAFSN}$  ${\tt LTVASSQPETIDSWVAHPGTEASSVVPTLTVSTGEPFTNISLVTHPAESSSTLPRTTSRFSHSELDTMPSTVTSPEAESS}$ SAISTTISPGIPGVLTSLVTSSGRDISATFPTVPESPHESEATASWVTHPAVTSTTVPRTTPNYSHSEPDTTPSIATSPG AEATSDFPTITVSPDVPDMVTSQVTSSGTDTSITIPTLTLSSGEPETTTSFITYSETHTSSAIPTLPVSPGASKMLTSLV 20 ISSGTDSTTTFPTLTETPYEPETTAIQLIHPAETNTMVPRTTPKFSHSKSDTTLPVAITSPGPEASSAVSTTTISPDMSD Ü  ${\tt LVTSLVPSSGTDTSTTFPTLSETPYEPETTATWLTHPAETSTTVSGTIPNFSHRGSDTAPSMVTSPGVDTRSGVPTTTIP}$ Q  ${\tt PSIPGVVTSQVTSSATDTSTAIPTLTPSPGEPETTASSATHPGTQTGFTVPIRTVPSSEPDTMASWVTHPPQTSTPVSRT}$ M TSSFSHSSPDATPVMATSPRTEASSAVLTTISPGAPEMVTSQITSSGAATSTTVPTLTHSPGMPETTALLSTHPRTETSK  ${\tt TFPASTVFPQVSETTASLTIRPGAETSTALPTQTTSSLFTLLVTGTSRVDLSPTASPGVSAKTAPLSTHPGTETSTMIPT}$ 25  ${\tt STLSLGLLETTGLLATSSSAETSTSTLTLTVSPAVSGLSSASITTDKPQTVTSWNTETSPSVTSVGPPEFSRTVTGTTMT}$ LIPSEMPTPPKTSHGEGVSPTTILRTTMVEATNLATTGSSPTVAKTTTTFNTLAGSLFTPLTTPGMSTLASESVTSRTSY Ų  ${\tt NHRSWISTTSSYNRRYWTPATSTPVTSTFSPGISTSSIPSSTAATVPFMVPFTLNFTITNLQYEEDMRHPGSRKFNATER}$ to  ${\tt ELQGLLKPLFRNSSLEYLYSGCRLASLRPEKDSSAMAVDAICTHRPDPEDLGLDRERLYWELSNLTNGIQELGPYTLDRN}$ 30 SLYVNGFTHRSSMPTTSTPGTSTVDVGTSGTPSSSPSPT Ų fi.

	Shive in the second sec	
	TABLE 19B	
:4	mm T	80
5	TTTTTTTTTTTTT	160
2	TSTSTTTT	240
1	TTTTTTTT1	320
	TTS.	400
	ST.ST.S.	
	mag TST mg T.S	480
40	T.S T.S MRG SSST.T.ST MRG ST	560
TU	TTS.TT mc c T	640
	mm g TSSSTT.S m g TgSS	720
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	TABLE 170	
5	Serine/Threonine O-glycosylation Pattern Predicted for the Amino Terminal End of the CA125 Molecule	
10	sTsTssTss	1600 1680 1760

#### TABLE 20

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#### TABLE 20 (continued)

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36. Li	(SEQ ID Peptide	NO: 154)	R	ΓА	w E	L :	s Q	L												
35	(SEQ ID Peptide	NO: 155	Т	ΓD	R D	S	ΓХ	V												
40	(SEQ II Peptide	) NO: 156 = 3	) V	LQ	G I	ĿĿ	K P	, L												
4:		D NO: 157	7)	Įгл	N	s I	т	E L												

TABLE 21

	(SEQ ID NO: 102)	
5 _	WEGGT KRMETTTTAL	
10	1 MEHITKIPNE AAHRGTIRPV KGPQTSTSPA SPKGLHTGGT KRMETTTTAL  51 KTTTTALKTT SRATLTTSVY TPTLGTLTPL NASRQMASTI LTEMMITTPY  52 VFPDVPETTS SLATSLGAET STALPRTTPS VLNRESETTA SLVSRSGAER  53 SPVIQTLDVS SSEPDTTASW VIHPAETIPT VSKTTPNFFH SELDTVSSTA  54 TSHGADVSSA IPTNISPSEL DALTPLVTIS GTDTSTTFPT LTKSPHETET  55 TSTIPRTIP NFSHHESDAT PSIATSPGAE TSSAIPIMTV  56 PGAEDLVTS QVTSSGTDRN MTIPTLTLSP GEPKTIASLV THPEAQTSSA  57 GEPKTIASLV TYPEAQTSSA  58 TOTAL TOTA	m i n
15	1915 IPTSTISPAV SRLVITING ESSSAVFIFT  401 QTSPTVPWTT SIFFHSKSDT TPSMTTSHGA ESSSAVFIFT  401 QTSPTVPWTT SIFFHSKSDT TPSMTTSHGA ESSSAVFIFT  401 QTSPTVPWTT SIFFHSKSDT TPSMTTSHGA ESSSAVFIFT  451 PLVTSSRAVI STTIPILTLS PGEPETTPSM ATSHGAEASS  501 VPGVVTSLVT SSRAVTSTTI PILTFSLGEP ETTPSMATSHGA  551 VLPEVPGMVT SLVASSRAVT STTLPTLTLS SGVNSTSIPT LILSPGELET TPSMATSHGA  551 SFEPTTPSM	T . e . r . m
201 100 25 100 30 101 35 110	VLPEVPGMVT SLVASSRAVT  TVPTVSPEVP GVVTSLVTSS SGVNSTSIPT LILSPGELET TVPTVSPEVP GVVTSLVTSS SGVNSTSIPT LILSPGELET TVPTVSPEVP GVVTSLVTSS STTIPILTLS SSEPETTPSM SAFSNLTVAS SAFSNLT SAFSNLTVAS SAFSNLT SAFSNLT SAFSNLTAS SAFSNLT SAFSNLTVAS SAFSNLT SA	i n a l D O m a i n
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TABLE 21 - continued

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	THE TWO PRINCES FYLYSGCRLA	
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10	1701 SLRPEKDSSA MAVDAICTHR PDFEDGEDAN TOTAL TRANSPORT TSTPGTSTVD VGTSGTPSSS PSPTAAGPLL 1751 TLDRNSLYVN GFTHRSSMPT TSTPGTSTVD VGTSGTPSSS PSPTAAGPLL 2017 SULPGENTME SWLOGLIKEL FKNTSVGPLY	
10	1751 TLDRNSLYVN GFTHRSSMPT TSTEGISIVD VGISCHER FKNTSVGPLY 1801 MPFTLNFTIT NLQYEEDMR TGSRKFNTME SVLQGLLKPL FKNTSVGPLY 1801 MPFTLNFTIT NLQYEEDMR TGSRKFNTME SVLQGLKEOLY WELSKLTNDI	
	1801 MPFTLNFTIT NLQYEEDMRR TGSRAFNINE 1851 SGCRLTLLRP EKDGAATGVO AICTHRLDPK SPGLNREQLY WELSKLTNDI 1851 SGCRLTLLRP EKDGAATGVO AICTHRLDPK GTSTVDLRTS GTPSSLSSPT	
	1851 SGCRLTLLRP EKDGAATGVD ALCTHREDFK SFUTULRTS GTPSSLSSPT 1901 EELGPYTLDR NSLYVNGFTH QSSVSTTSTP GTSTVDLRTS GTPSSLSSPT 1901 EELGPYTLDR NSLYVNGFTH QSSVSTTSTP GTSTVDLRTS GTPSSLSSPT	
	1901 EELGPYTLDR NSLYVNGFTH QSSVSTTSIP GISTVOLKT 1951 IMAAGPLLVP FTLNFTITNL QYGEDMGHPG SRKFNTTERV LQGLLGPIFK	
15	1951 IMAAGPLLVP FTLNFTITNL QYGEDMGHFG SICHHLDPKSP GLNRERLYWE 2001 NTSVGPLYSG CRLTSLRSEK DGAATGVDAI CIHHLDPKSP GLNRERLYWE SVPTSSTPGT STVDLGTSGT	
13	2001 NTSVGPLYSG CRLTSLRSEK DGAALGVDAT 2051 LSQLTNGIKE LGPYTLDRNS LYVNGFTHRT SVPTSSTPGT STVDLGTSGT 2051 LSQLTNGIKE LGPYTLDRNS LYVNGFTHRT SVPTSSTPGT STVDLGTSGT 2051 LSQLTNGIKE LGPYTLDRNS LYVNGFTHRT SVPTSSTPGT STVDLGTSGT	
	2051 LSQLTNGIKE LGPYTLDRNS LYVNGFTHRI SVFINGERKF NTTERVLQTL 2101 PFSLPSPATA GPLLVLFTLN FTITNLKYEE DMHRPGSRKF NTTERVLQTL 2101 PFSLPSPATA GPLLVLFTLN FTITNLKYEE DMHRPGSRKF NTTERVLQTL	
	2101 PFSLPSPATA GPLLVLFTLN FTTTNLKIEL ENGLYTH LDPKSPGLDR 2151 LGPMFKNTSV GLLYSGCRLT LLRSEKDGAA TGVDAICTHR LDPKSPGLDR 2151 LGPMFKNTSV GLLYSGCRLT LLRSEKDGAA TGVDAICTHR LDPKSPGLDR	
	2151 LGPMFKNTSV GLLYSGCRLT LERSENDGAA ISVSTATION STPGTSTVD 2201 EQLYWELSQL TNGIKELGPY TLDRNSLYVN GFTHWIPVPT SSTPGTSTVD 2201 EQLYWELSQL TNGIKELGPY TLDRNSLYVN GFTHWIPVFT SSTPGTSTVD	
20	2201 EQLYWELSQL TNGIKELGPY TLDRNSLIVN GFTLMHPH GSRKFNTTER 2251 LGSGTPSSLP SPTAAGPLLV PFTLNFTITN LQYEEDMHP GSRKFNTTER 2251 LGSGTPSSLP SPTAAGPLLV PFTLNFTITN LQYEEDMHP GSRKFNTTER	
	2251 LGSGTPSSLP SPTAAGPLLV PFILMFITH KDGAATGVDA ICTHRLDPKS 2301 VLQGLLGPMF KNTSVGLLYS GCRLTLLRSE KDGAATGVDA ICTHRLDPKS	
۱Ď	2301 VLQGLLGPMF KNTSVGLLYS GCRETTLERSE REGARTIONS 2351 PGVDREQLYW ELSQLTNGIK ELGPYTLDRN SLYVNGFTHQ TSAPNTSTPG 2351 PGVDREQLYW ELSQLTNGIK ELGPYTLDRN SLYVNGFTHQ TSAPNTSTPG 2361 PGVDREQLYW ELSQLTNGIK ELGPYTLDRN SLYVNGFTHQ TSAPNTSTPG 2371 PGVDREQLYW ELSQLTNGIK ELGPYTLDRN SLYVNGFTHQ TSAPNTSTPG 2371 PGVDREQLYW ELSQLTNGIK ELGPYTLDRN SLYVNGFTHQ TSAPNTSTPG	
Į.	2351 PGVDREQLYW ELSQLTNGIK ELGPYILDAN SHIVNOV 2401 TSTVDLGTSG TPSSLPSPTS AGPLLVPFTL NFTITNLQYE EDMRHPGSRK 2401 TSTVDLGTSG TPSSLPSPTS AGPLLVPFTL NFTITNLQYE EDMRHPGSRK	n
£.	2401 TSTVDLGTSG TPSSLPSPTS AGPLLYFFTH TLLRSEKDGA ATGVDALCTH 2451 FNTTERVLQG LLKPLFKSTS VGPLYSGCRL TLLRSEKDGA ATGVDALCTH 2451 TSTVDLGTSG TPSSLPSPTS AGPLLYFTH TLLRSEKDGA ATGVDALCTH 2451 TSTVDLGTSG TPSSLPSPTS AGPLLYFTH TLLRSEKDGA ATGVDALCTH	R
25	2451 FNTTERVLQG LLKPLFKSTS VGPLYSGCRI INDICATION NGFTHQTSAP 2501 RLDPKSPGVD REQLYWELSQ LTNGIKELGP YTLDRNSLYV NGFTHQTSAP LTNGIKELGP YTLDRNSLYV NGFTHQTSAP LTNGIKELGP YTLDRNSLYV NGFTHQTSAP	е
4,4	2501 RLDPKSPGVD REQLYWELSQ LINGIRELGP TILBRUTT TNLQYEEDMH 2551 NTSTPGTSTV DLGTSGTPSS LPSPTSAGPL LVPFTLNFTI TNLQYEEDMH 2551 NTSTPGTSTV DLGTSGTPSS LPSPTSAGPL LVSGCRLTLLR PEKNGAATGM	р
F # 1	2551 NTSTPGTSTV DLGTSGTPSS LPSPTSAGPL LVTTTLLR PEKNGAATGM 2601 HPGSRKFNTT ERVLQGLLGP MFKNTSVGLL YSGCRLTLLR PEKNGAATGM WELSOLTHG IKELGPYTLD RNSLYVNGFT	
ĻIJ	2601 HPGSRKFNTT ERVLQGLLGP MFKNTSVGLL ISGKLTD RNSLYVNGFT 2651 DAICSHRLDP KSPGLNREQL YWELSQLTHG IKELGPYTLD RNSLYVNGFT TTAVPLLVPF TLNFTITNLQ	е
įį	2651 DAICSHRLDP KSPGLNREQL YWELSQLING TRESULTYPE TLNFTITNLQ 2701 HRSSVAPTST PGTSTVDLGT SGTPSSLPSP TTAVPLLVPF TLNFTITNLQ SCHUGDLFKN SSVGPLYSGC RLISLRSEKD	a
30	2701 HRSSVAPTST PGTSTVDLGT SGTPSSLPSF TAKULER SVGPLYSGC RLISLRSEKD 2751 YGEDMRHPGS RKFNTTERVL QGLLGPLFKN SSVGPLYSGC RLISLRSEKD 2751 YGEDMRHPGS RKFNTTERVL QGLLGPLFKN SSVGPLYSGC RLISLRSEKD	t
	2751 YGEDMRHPGS RKFNTTERVL QGLLGPLFAN SOMTNGIKEL GPYTLDRNSL 2801 GAATGVDAIC THHLNPQSPG LDREQLYWQL SQMTNGIKEL GPYTLDRNSL	
	2801 GAATGVDAIC THHLNPQSPG LDREQLINGS SQUITTERS PLLVPFTLNF 2851 YVNGFTHRSS GLTTSTPWTS TVDLGTSGTP SPVPSPTTAG PLLVPFTLNF	ļ
Į.	2851 YVNGFTHRSS GLTTSTPWTS TVDLGTSGIP SPVFSTTM 2901 TITNLQYEED MHRPGSRKFN ATERVLQGLL SPIFKNSSVG PLYSGCRLTS 2901 TITNLQYEED MHRPGSRKFN ATERVLQGLDPF OLYWELSOLT HNITELGPYS	D
ſIJ	2901 TITNLQYEED MHRPGSRKFN ATERVLOGED SFITALIST 2951 LRPEKDGAAT GMDAVCLYHP NPKRPGLDRE QLYWELSQLT HNITELGPYS 2951 LRPEKDGAAT GMDAVCLYHP NPKRPGLTSTYYW ATTGTPSSFP GHTEPGPLLI	0
35	2951 LRPEKDGAAT GMDAVCLYHP NPKRPGLDKE QHTMETERSFP GHTEPGPLLI 3001 LDRDSLYVNG FTHQNSVPTT STPGTSTVYW ATTGTPSSFP GHTEPGPLLI	1
	3001 LDRDSLYVNG FTHQNSVPTT STPGISTVIW ATTOMOTICS 3001 LDRDSLYVNG FTHQNSVPTT STPGISTVIW 3001 LDRDSLYVNG FTHQNSVPT STPGISTVIW 3001 LDRDSLYNG FTHQNSVPT STPGISTVIW 3	m
Į)	3051 PFTFNFTITN LHYEENMQHP GSRAFNITER VEGENERALS ELSQLTHNIT 3101 GCRLTSLRPE KDGAATGMDA VCLYHPTNFKR PGLDREQLYC ELSQLTHNIT 3101 GCRLTSLRPE KDGAATGMDA VCLYHPTNFKR PGLDREQLYC ELSQLTHNIT	a
ļ. d	3101 GCRLTSLRPE KDGAATGMDA VCLYHPNPKR FGLLXWATTG TPSSFPGHTE 3151 ELGPYSLDRD SLYVNGFTHQ NSVPTTSTPG TSTVYWATTG TPSSFPGHTE 3101 GCRLTSLRPE KDGAATGMDA VCLYHPNPKR FGLLXWATTG TPSSFPGHTE 3151 ELGPYSLDRD SLYVNGFTHQ NSVPTISTPG TSTVYWATTG TPSSFPGHTE	i
	3151 ELGPYSLDRD SLYVNGFTHQ NSVPITSIFG TOTTERVLQG LLKPLFKNTS 3201 PGPLLIPFTF NFTITNLHYE ENMQHPGSRK FNTTERVLQG LLKPLFKNTS	1
40		n
70	3251 VGPLYSGCRL TLLRPEKHEA ATGUDITETH KANTAGARAN HLATSGTPSS 3301 LTNSITELGP YTLDRDSLYV NGFNPRSSVP TTSTPGTSTV HLATSGTPSS HAND HDGSRKFNTT ERVLQGLLKP	
	3301 LTNSITELGP YTLDRDSLYV NGFNFRSSVP TIST 3351 LPGHTAPVPL LIPFTLNFTI TNLHYEENMQ HPGSRKFNTT ERVLQGLLKP	1
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	3401 LFKNTSVGPL YSGCRLTLLR PEKHEARIGY DITTORN GRANN GR	
45	3451 YWELSXLTXX IXELGPYXLD RXSLYVNGFA AAAAMHADA AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	
-15	3501 SGTPXXXPXX TSAGPLLVPF TLNFITTNED THAT SHRLDPKSPG 3551 QGLLGPMFKN TSVGLLYSGC RLTLLRPEKN GAATGMDAIC SHRLDPKSPG 3551 VNGFTHRSS VAPTSTPGTS	
	3551 QGLLGPMFKN TSVGLLYSGC RETELEPBEN GARLES VAPTSTPGTS 3601 LDREQLYWEL SQLTHGIKEL GPYTLDRNSL YVNGFTHRSS VAPTSTPGTS 3601 LDREQLYWEL SQLTHGIKEL GPYTLDRNSL TITNLOYGED MRHPGSRKFN	1
	3601 LDREQLYWEL SQLTHGIKEL GPYTLDRNSL TVNGT TIMOS 3651 TVDLGTSGTP SSLPSPTTAV PLLVPFTLNF TITNLQYGED MRHPGSRKFN 3651 TVDLGTSGTP SSLPSPTTAV PLLVSGCPLIS LRSEKDGAAT GVDALCTHHL	
	3651 TVDLGTSGTP SSLPSPTTAV PLLVPFILMF TITMAGYOUNG 3701 TTERVLQGLL GPLFKNSSVG PLYSGCRLIS LRSEKDGAAT GVDAICTHHL 3701 TTERVLQGLL GPLFKNSSVG PLYSGCRLIS LRSEKDGAAT GVDAICTHHL	
50	3701 TTERVLQGLL GPLFKNSSVG PLYSGCREIS EROBYNG FTHRSSGLTT 3751 NPQSPGLDRE QLYWQLSQMT NGIKELGPYT LDRNSLYVNG FTHRSSGLTT APPENDED NOT BETTER FOR THE PROPERTY OF T	
50	3751 NPQSPGLDRE QLYWQLSQMT NGIKELGPII LDRADITUR LQYEEDMHRP 3801 STPWTSTVDL GTSGTPSPVP SPTTAGPLLV PFTLNFTITN LQYEEDMHRP 3801 STPWTSTVDL GTSGTPSPVP SPTTAGPLLV GCRLTSLRPE KDGAATGMDA	ŀ
	3801 STPWTSTVDL GTSGTPSPVP SPITAGPLLV FFILMVISLERPE KDGAATGMDA 3851 GSRKFNATER VLQGLLSPIF KNSSVGPLYS GCRLTSLRPE KDGAATGMDA 3851 GSRKFNATER VLQGLLSPIF KNSSVGPLYS GCRLTSLRPE KDGAATGMDA	
	3851 GSRKFNATER VLQGLLSPIF KNSSVGPHIS GCKETSLORD SLYVNGFTHQ 3901 VCLYHPNPKR PGLDREQLYW ELSQLTHNIT ELGPYSLDRD SLYVNGFTHQ TRNGLSGRT ASPLLVLFTI NCTITNLQYE	
	3901 VCLYHPNPKR PGLDREQLYW ELSQLTHNII ELGFIOLDKO 3951 SSMTTTRTPD TSTMHLATSR TPASLSGPTT ASPLLVLFTI NCTITNLQYE	1
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TABLE 21 - continued

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	4201 LRPEKUGAAI AVULUSUU STPGTSTVHL ATSGTPSSUP GRNSSLEYLY 4251 LDRVSLYVNG FNPRSSVPTT STPGTSTVHL ATSGTPSSUP GRNSSLEYLY 4301 XPFTLNFTIT NLXYEEXMXX PGSRKFNTTE RVLQGLLKPL FRNSSLEYLY 4301 XPFTLNFTIT NLXYEEXMAYD ALCTHRPDPE DLGLDRERLY WELSNLTNGI	
	4251 LDRVSLYVNG TALEYMXX PGSRKFNTTE RVLQGLERFE WELSNLTNGI 4301 XPFTLNFTIT NLXYEEXMXX PGSRKFNTTE RVLQGLERFE WELSNLTNGI 4351 SGCRLASLRP EKDSSAMAVD AICTHRPDPE DLGLDRERLY WELSNLTNGI 4351 SGCRLASLRP EKDSSAMAVD RICHTREFE WITSTVDLGTS GTPSPVPSPT	
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TABLE 21 - continued

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	5801 PTSAGPLLVP FTLNFITTING CHATGMDAI CTHRLDPRSP GDD-T	
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TABLE 21 - continued

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	8351 GXLYSGCRLT BERGETSLEP EKDGAATGMD AVCLYHPNPK RPGLDREQLY 8401 TXXIXELGPY XLDRXSLYVN GFTHRTSVPT TSTPGTSIV RVLQGLLSPI 8451 PGHTAPVPLL IPFTLNFTIT NLQYEEDMHR PGSRKFNTTE RVLQGLLSPI 8451 CCCPLTSLEP EKDGAATGMD AVCLYHPNPK RPGLDREQLY 8551 CTSTYYWATT	
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e 117	8901 TPGTSXVXLX 13G1LXPXFK XTSVGXLYSG CRLTLLRXEX AMBURGATION SKFNTTERV LQGLLXPXFK XTSVGXLYSG CRLTLLRXEX LYVNGFTHRS 9001 CXXXXDPXXP GLDREXLYWE LSXLTXXIXE LGPYXLDRXS LYVNGFTHRS CXXXXDPXXP GTWDLGTSGT PSPVPSPTTA GPLLVPFTLN FTITNLQYEE	
20	9001 CXXXXDPXXP GLDREXLYWE LSXLTXXIXE LGPYXLDRXS 9001 CXXXXDPXXP GLDREXLYWE LSXLTXXIXE LGPYXLDRXS 9001 FGLTTSTPWT STVDLGTSGT PSPVPSPTTA GPLLVPFTLN FTITNLQYEE 9001 FGLTTSTPWT STVDLGTSGT PSPVPSPTTA GPLLVPFTLN FTITNLQYEE 9101 DMHRPGSRKF NTTERVLQGL LTPLFRNTSV SSLYSGCRLT LLRPEKDGAA 9101 TXXIXELGPY XLDRXSLYVN PDPKSPGLDR EXLYWELSXL TXXIXELGPY XLDRXSLYVN	
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	10701 TITNLRYEEN MAINT 10751 LRPKKDGAAT KVDAICTYRP DPKSPGLDRE QLYWELSQLT MST1 10751 LRPKKDGAAT KVDAICTYRP SVPGTPTVDL GTSGTPVSKP GPSAASPLLV 5 10801 QDRDSLYNVG FTQRSSVPTT SVPGTPTVDL KSTSVGPLYS 5 10801 QDRDSLYNVG FTQRSSVPTT SVPGTPTMOHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KSTSVGPLYS	
5	10751 LRPKKDGAAT KVDATE  5 10801 QDRDSLYNVG FTQRSSVPTT SVPGTPTVDL GTSGTPVSKP GFOTNUM  10851 LFTLNGTITN LRYEENMQHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KSTSVGPLYS  10861 LFTLNGTTT LRYEENMQHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KSTSVGPLYS  10861 LFTLNGTTT LRYEENMQHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KSTSVGPLYS  10861 LFTLNGTT LRYEENMQHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KSTSVGPLYS  10861 LFTLNGTT LRYEENMQHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KSTSVGPLYS  10861 LFTLNGTT LRYEENMQHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KSTSVGPLYS  10861 LFTLNGT LRYEENMQHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KSTSVGPLYS  10861 LFTLNGT LRYEENMQHP GSRKFNTTER VLQGLLRSLF KS	
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	10901 GCRLTLLRPE REGIATEVE	
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TABLE 21 - continued

#### CA125 Protein Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 162) 10951 ELGHYALDND SLFVNGFTHR SSVSTTSTPG TPTVYLGASK TPASIFGPSA 5 11001 ASHLLILFTL NFTITNLRYE ENMWPGSRKF NTTERVLQGL LRPLFKNTSV 11051 GPLYSGSRLT LLRPEKDGEA TGVDAICTHR PDPTGPGLDR EQLYLELSQL 11101 THSITELGPY TLDRDSLYVN GFTHRSSVPT TSTGVVSEEP FTLNFTINNL 11151 RYMADMGQPG SLKFNITDNV MKHLLSPLFQ RSSLGARYTG CRVIALRSVK 11201 NGAETRVDLL CTYLQPLSGP GLPIKQVFHE LSQQTHGITR LGPYSLDKDS 10 11251 LYLNGYNEPG LDEPPTTPKP ATTFLPPLSE ATTAMGYHLK TLTLNFTISN 11301 LQYSPDMGKG SATFNSTEGV LQHLLRPLFQ KSSMGPFYLG CQLISLRPEK 11351 DGAATGVDTT CTYHPDPVGP GLDIQQLYWE LSQLTHGVTQ LGFYVLDRDS CTD LFINGYAPON LSIRGEYOIN FHIVNWNLSN PDPTSSEY a e o 15 IT LLRDIQDKVT 11401 rrm 11451 TLYKGSQLHD TFRFCLVTNL TMDSVLVTVK ALFSSNLDPS LVEQVFLDKT 11501 LNASFHWLGS TYQLVDIHVT EMESSVYQPT SSSSTQHFYL NFTITNLPYS b m a 11551 QDKAQPGTTN YQRNKRNIED ALNQLFRNSS IKSYFSDCQV STFRSVPNRH o i i 11601 HTGVDSLCNF SPLARRVDRV AIYEEFLRMT RNGTQLQNFT LDRSSVLVDG x n n 20 11651 YSPNRNEPLT GNSDLPFWAV ILIGLAGLIG LITCLICGVL VTTRRKKEG 11701 EYNVQQQCPG YYQSHLDLED LQ У а T. 1 Ö

#### TABLE 22

### CA125 Repeat Nucleotide Sequence (SEQ ID NO: 307)

5 1 ACTGCTGGCC CTCTCCTGGT GCCATTCACC CTCAACTTCA CCATCACCAA CCTGCAGTAT GAGGAGGACA TGCATCGCCC TGGATCTAGG AAGTTCAACA CCACAGAGAG GGTCCTGCAG GGTCTGCTTA GTCCCATATT CAAGAACACC 51 10 AGTGTTGGCC CTCTGTACTC TGGCTGCAGA CTGACCTCTC TCAGGTCTGA 101 201 GAAGGATGGA GCAGCCACTG GAGTGGATGC CATCTGCATC CATCATCTTG 15 ACCCCAAAAG CCCTGGACTC AACAGAGAGC GGCTGTACTG GGAGCTGAGC IJ ĘĴ 301 CGACTGACCA ATGGCATCAA AGAGCTGGGC CCCTACACCC TGGACAGGAA Ō 251 351 CAGTCTCTAT GTCAATGGTT TCACCCATCG GACCTCTGTG CCCACCACCA 20 U 401 GCACTCCTGG GACCTCCACA GTGGACCTTG GAACCTCAGG GACTCCATTC 25 25 451 TCCCTCCCAA GCCCCGCA TABLE 23 4 CA125 Repeat Amino Acid Sequence 30 (SEQ ID NO: 308)

- TAGPLLVPFT LNFTITNLQY EEDMHRPGSR KFNTTERVLQ GLLSPIFKNT 35
  - SVGPLYSGCR LTSLRSEKDG AATGVDAICI HHLDPKSPGL NRERLYWELS
  - 101 RLTNGIKELG PYTLDRNSLY VNGFTHRTSV PTTSTPGTST VDLGTSGTPF
- 40 SLPSPA 151